LAST EDITION.

"A Page of Presidential Year Politics."

All the latest developments in the political situation now daily increasing in interest. The men, methods and issues most closely associated with the welfare of the Great Southwest especially treated of

In To-Morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

LAST EDITION.

"George Gould, Fearless Fox-Hunter."

How he follows the hounds; his prowess in the field; graphic account of a spirited hunt in which he recently took part, with a big illustration, showing him speeding across country on his thoroughbred hunter.

In To-Morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch.

VOL. 47. NO. 182. SATURDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—FEBRUARY 8, 1896. PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT. OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Post-Dispatch, by Carrier, in St. Louis, Only 10 Cents a Week.

COCAINE GIVEN TO MISS BRYAN.

Jackson Says He Bought It and Turned It Over to Walling.

EFFECTS HARD TO TRACE.

Latest Link Added to the Chain of Evidence Marks Walling as the Actual Murderer.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 8.—The slow process of solution of the Pearl Bryan murder mystery now points to Thursday night as the night of the murder, and to the use of cocaine as a means to the vile deed.

Druggist Ulen on West Sixth street has notified the police that on Wednesday before the murder Jackson called at his place and asked for a drachm of cocaine. The druggist had not so large a quantity on hand, but told Jackson that if he would call later he could supply him. Jackson said he wanted it for a patient. He did return later, but not having money enough to pay for a drachm, took a less quantity.

Ulen fully identified the prisoner as the man who bought cocaine. Jackson himself admits the purchase, but says he gave it to Walling. This is in harmony with his story to Secretary Tibbetts of the Y. M. C. A. that Walling was to be the active party in producing a criminal operation.

Jackson persistently says he did not see Pearl after Wednesday, although the saloon-keeper, Wallingford, says Jackson and a woman corresponding in appearance to the description of Pearl Bryan were at his saloon together on Friday night.

Walling finds it difficult to tell clearly where he spent Thursday night. He spoke with regret last night of his inability to remember how he spent Thursday night, though he could tell clearly about where he was on both Wednesday and Friday nights. Later he said it had come to him through dreams. He went on to tell of having written a letter at the Dennison House and of playing pool at the Atlantic Garden and going to a saloon about 11:30, but he could not tell anything further. The landlady where he roomed accounts for him up to about 10:30, when he went up to his room, but she cannot tell whether he remained in the house after that time or not.

There is no trace yet found of a stopping place for Pearl Bryan after she left the Indiana House on Wednesday. Somebody must know beside the murderers, but so far no one has volunteered to give the information to the police.

Death by cocaine, it is said, is more difficult to trace than by any other drug, and hence the continued mystery in the case.

Both the prisoners having now been provided with counsel, the probability of further statements is lessened.

Since the friends of Jackson and Walling have retained a number of prominent lawyers, the prisoners are no longer keeping up their confessions against each other. Walling to-day repeated his statements about Jackson securing the cocaine and the cab, and these points are confirmed by the druggist and others.

Since Jackson confessed yesterday to the clergy, he has become very zealous in his devotions. He is reading the Bible to-day and wrote his mother at Greencastle, Ind., a letter which was intended to cheer her up.

The officers ascertained that this letter agreed with the confession made last night in which he said he advised Wood to send Pearl Bryan here and then secured Walling for the operation.

In addition to the large number of friends of the different families that arrived from Greencastle, Ind., yesterday, there are others to-day. Mrs. Stanley, a sister of Pearl Bryan, arrived, and after viewing the body, identified it in many respects, although no further identification was needed.

Mrs. Stanley insisted on the remains being delivered to the undertaker who was with her. The officers refused to give the body to the family until next Monday. Meantime, the search will be kept up for the head and if it is not found by Monday, then an inquest will be held and the body turned over to the family.

The officers are continuing their search for the head to-day, in the sewers at the Dayton sandbar and elsewhere, and have a large number of working men employed.

WITH BIBLE IN HAND.

Scott Jackson Stated His Connection With the Bryan Case.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 8.—Scott Jackson, the dental student who, with Alonzo M. Walling, is accused of murdering Miss Pearl Bryan of Greencastle, Ind., called Secretary Tibbetts of the Y. M. C. A. to his cell yesterday afternoon.

Jackson has been a regular attendant of the association meetings and he asked Mr. Tibbetts to pray for him. He did so, and meanwhile Jackson cried out, "O Lord, forgive; O Lord, have mercy upon me."

After the prayer Jackson dictated the following, which he called a confession:

"Here, with the Bible in my hand, on my knees before God, I was not guilty of murdering that poor girl. I did get her to come to Cincinnati to undergo a criminal operation. Walling was to get $50 for performing it. I was guilty of getting him to do it, but not of murdering that poor girl. I don't know where he killed her, or how he killed her, or what he did with her after he killed her. I did not kill the poor girl. He is the guilty man. Will Woods was to send $50 to him through me for performing the criminal operation. This is the truth, so help me God."

While a search was being made yesterday for the dead girl's head in the Ohio river sandbar, where Walling said Jackson buried it after he killed her, Jackson was telling how Walling had disposed of it after he (Walling) had killed her.

Jackson said Walling carried it in a valise to the Covington suspension bridge and he thought Walling threw it in the river, or he might have carried it with him to his home at Hamilton and thrown it from the Miami bridge at that place. Jackson said he did not go with his roommate on these trips and could not tell just where he left the head.

Ed Black, an undertaker of Greencastle, was sent by the parents of the girl to bring home the body. The mother had told him to look at a mole on the body and a wart on the left hand and other marks. He found them just as [illegible]s. Bryan had indicated. As there [illegible]een no inquest, Coroner Tingley, [illegible] would not give up the body. He [illegible]ers wanted to find the head an[illegible] another postmortem examin[illegible]t he would desire the bod[illegible]ally if the head did not be[illegible] that time.

After a p[illegible] examination yesterday the pr[illegible] that the head of Pearl Bryan [illegible] cut off while she was alive. They [illegible]nd no trace of any drug. The lawyers [illegible] anxious for positive evidence on this point in order to establish b[illegible] yond doubt the charge of murder against the two suspects. If the girl was chloroformed or killed by a hypodermic injection or otherwise before the body was taken to Fort Thomas it is believed that Jackson and Walling will get off with the light sentence for a criminal operation. Some doctors contend that she was killed with drugs and then beheaded.

NEW YORK SKY-SCRAPERS.

Opposition to the Agitation Against Them Has Developed.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Although the big speculators and real estate owners in downtown districts, where land is almost infinitely precious, seem unconcerned over Louis Windmuller's resolutions against sky-scraping buildings, submitted to the Chamber of Commerce, they are at least a little nervous as to the future. A few of them have already secured permits two years ahead, so that if a bill be passed in the present or the next Legislature, they will go scathless.

Jefferson M. Levy, the proprietor of Monticello, Thomas Jefferson's mansion, is at present engaged in erecting a twenty-three story structure on Broad, running through to New street, and he is leading the opposition to the agitation begun by Mr. Windmuller. The opposition declare the sky-scraper is infinitely better than the old style of building, is demanded by modern requirements, and has come to stay. Meantime the property, No. 21 Park row, opposite the Post-office, 25.6 by about 143 feet to Theater alley, has been sold by the estate of Demas S. Barnes to a syndicate represented by W. M. Ivins, for about $500,000. The purchaser, it is said, will erect a twenty-five story office building on the site. Mr. Barnes bought the property in 1863 for $75,000.

REPUBLICANS DESPERATE.

They Are Counting on the Death or Disability of Ogilvie.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 8.—Senator Ogilvie was worse this morning, and the Democrats were arranging to pair with Senator Clark, so that the sick Democrat should not have to run the risk of venturing out, when Dr. James, Hunter's chief lieutenant, broke into the arrangement and refused to allow it.

When asked if the Republicans were counting on the death of Ogilvie or his inability to atten the sessions until Worthington's return, as a chance of electing Hunter, he replied frankly that they were. "We will not allow a pair with Ogilvie," said Dr. James. "That is politics. Religion has gone as far as we can stand. We paired with a dead man, and now they have brought a sick man here at the risk of his life, and we are not going to pair with him."

The Legislature is awfully tired of the fight. A resolution was adopted unanimously in the House calling on Congress to make the election of senators by the people direct. In the Senate a joint resolution was introduced to adjourn sine die Feb. 17, since there was no money in the streasury, no chance to elect a Senator and legislation was blocked.

COAL BARONS' GRAB.

It May Be Prevented in New York by the Attorney General.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—There is now a possibility that the coal barons will not be permitted to mulct the public, as they expected to do when they agreed the other day to put up the price of coal. The efforts to show the coal-using public the enormity of the proposed "grab" have stirred the members of the Legislature to action, and the heavy hand of the Attorney General of the State soon may be laid upon the shoulders of the New York members of the combine.

Lacking a quorum, the meeting of the Retail Coal Dealers' Exchange last evening was postponed for two weeks without raising the retail price of coal, as was expected, to correspond with the rise in the wholesale price.

JILTED GIRL GETS $12,500.

Jury Assesses Heavy Damages in a Breach-of-Promise Suit.

METROPOLIS, Ill., Feb. 8.—Dora Tindall, who sued Tyra S. Vickers for breach of promise, got a verdict for $12,500 damages yesterday. The jury was out five hours, and the only question was the amount of the damages. On the first ballot the amount ranged from $2,000 to $25,000, the sum sued for.

The evidence showed that Vickers had broken his engagement on the strength of which he had taken advantages. The trial began Monday.

ROW IN THE A. P. A.

Secession and an Independent Order Threatened at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 8.—The local organization of the A. P. A. is disintegrating and bids fair to die an early death, says the Star in a leader last evening. With a united front it was an invincible factor in the spring elections two years ago, but there have been several quarrels since then over candidates for the coming election and two factions have arisen. The split has started a movement for an entirely new order, to be known as the Independent A. P. A. This new order, it is stated, is to be formed along broader lines than the old A. P. A. The meeting of the members of the old order who are ready to secede had been held and a committee appointed, which is working on a constitution and by-laws.

THE WEATHER.

It Will Be Generally Fair Saturday Night and Sunday.

Weather Bureau forecast:

For St. Louis and vicinity—Generally fair to-night and Sunday; little change in temperature.

For Missouri—Snow flurries this afternoon and to-night; fair Sunday; stationary temperature.

For Illinois—Rain or snow in central and southern portions to-night; Sunday rain or snow; stationary temperature.

For Arkansas—Fair to-night and Sunday; colder to-night; Sunday warmer in northwest portion; northerly winds, becoming variable.

The "low" in the Northwest has moved eastward to Manitoba, with decreased energy, and another is central in Alabama. The storm in the East has passed off.

"DEATH TO THE KING."

A Mob in Madrid Defies the Royal Government.

THE POLICE WERE COWED.

Thousands of Discontented Spaniards Make a Hostile Demonstration at the Very Doors of the Palace.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: This city was the scene of a demonstration that would have required but very little to have turned it into a serious riot. As told on Tuesday last, a number of men hooted Gen. Campos as he was driving to his residence from the railway station on his return from Cuba. Several of them were arrested and one of them broke away from the gendarmes who had him in custody and made his escape. The gendarmes fired and killed him. The shooting was bitterly condemned by the republicans.

The funeral of the victim took place and was attended by great crowds. Fully 12,000 men, most of whom were republicans, marched to the cemetery shouting, "Down with the police! Down with Campos! Long live the Republic!" The Government anticipated trouble and there was a strong display of gendarmes, who, however, appeared to be afraid to interfere with the procession lest they provoke a riot. Consequently the crowd shouted itself hoarse until the cemetery was reached, when the great assemblage stood with bared heads until the funeral rites had been completed. The greater part of the crowd then dispersed, but 2,000 of its number again formed in line and marched unmolested back to the Royal Palace, from the vicinity of which they gathered unmolested and shouted, "Death to the King! Death to the Queen Regent! Long live the Republic."

Even the palace guards seemed to be intimidated by the sullen temper of the mob, and made no attempt to drive them away. After partly venting their anger against the King and his mother, the crowds marched to the residence of Gen. Campos, where a similar demonstration of disapproval was made. The apathy of the police, which was unquestionably due to fear, was significant. So far as is known, the civil authorities made no request on the military for aid in dispersing the crowd. The crowd committed no overt acts, however, contenting themselves with shouting and hooting, but they were very evidently in a humor to fight had they been interfered with.

After darkness had set it was proposed to gather under the windows of the hotel, at which were staying a number of republican delegates who had come to Madrid especially to attend the funeral of the victim of the gendarmes, and serenade them. The police had in the meantime mustered their courage and told the leaders the serenade would not be allowed. The crowd, after insisting upon carrying out the plan, finally listened to the leaders and dispersed.

OF NO IMPORTANCE.

How the Spanish Press Regards the Senate Resolutions.

MADRID, Feb. 8.—The Government organs regard the resolution of the United States Senate Committee on Foreign Relations in favor of the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents as being of no importance. They declare that relations between the Spanish and the American Governments are very friendly, that the campaign in Cuba has not changed them.

Marshal Martines de Campos dined last evening with the Queen Regent.

Campos Drew the Line.

HAVANA, Feb. 8.—A dispatch cabled to Madrid by Gen. Campos before he left Cuba is made public for the first time. It is addressed to the Duke of Tetuan, who was Minister of Foreign Affairs at the time, but who resigned when Gen. Campos was recalled. The dispatch reads:

"That I am recalled on account of my health is only an excuse that I shall not admit. The true cause of my retirement should be set forth. I give warning that I shall not alter my policy. The rebel leaders who were captured I have shot, the others I put in prison. The insurgents return our prisoners and care for our wounded. I have ordered that the plateados (camp followers) and incendiaries shall be shot on the spot. Further than this I can not and shall not go. CAMPOS."

Weyler Nearing Havana.

HAVANA, Feb. 8.—The agents of the Spanish Mail Line say the steamer Alfonso XIII. left Porto Rico at 11 a. m., so that Gen. Weyler will be in Havana on the morning of the 10th.

SIR HENRY'S BOW WOW.

Nat Childs Overlooked Something Important in Hotel Arrangements.

Sir Henry Irving has a dog. It isn't a "pug" or a "Scotch collie." In fact, Sir Henry doesn't know what kind of a dog it is. It is simply a medium-sized, dirt-colored shaggy-haired doggy, and is distinguished from other bow-wows by his name, "Sir George," and a blue ribbon attached to his tail.

The distinguished actor thinks a great deal of "Sir George," and thereby hangs another dog story.

A week ago Nat Childs, Sir Henry's advance representative, contracted with the Planters' Hotel for a suite of rooms. The hotel management placed the best rooms in the house at his disposal and a contract was drawn up.

Mr. Childs telegraphed to Sir Henry, detailing the arrangements, and left the city. Whether through oversight or not, he wired nothing about the arrangements for doggy.

So a telegram was sent to the Planters', signed by Charles E. Houseman, traveling manager, as follows:

"Will you arrange to have Sir Henry's dog housed in his room. He is old and clean."

The hotel management wired in return that they would be pleased to accommodate the dog in the baggage room, and furnish a special attendant, etc.

Now Sir Henry has changed his mind. He will not stop at the Planters'. The contract for rooms contained no clause regarding accommodations of bow-wows, and there was nothing else to do, as the actor insists upon having his dog in his room.

He telegraphed to the Planters' Saturday that he had made arrangements elsewhere and a little later he closed a deal for quarters at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

The Planters' Hotel management have little to say about Sir Henry's dog, but they say the best feeling prevails and also that other members of the company will be allowed there.

HARRISON'S ANSWERS TO TWO LEAP YEAR PROPOSALS.
—From the Chicago Chronicle.

SLEEPING ON THE STONES.

Terrible Sufferings of the Armenian Refugees.

AT THE MERCY OF TURKS.

Hundreds of Women in Arabkir Are Violated, and Some Have Given Up Their Daughters.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 8.—The pressing need of relief for the destitute in the disturbed regions of Turkey is illustrated by a letter from Arabkir, received here to-day, in which it is said:

"The refugees wander about from morning till evening, begging, and are obliged to return empty-handed, hungry, weary, cold and almost dead, to sleep on the stones.

"Hundreds of women are violated in Turkish houses. Some have embraced Islamism because of their wretchedness and some have given their daughters to Turks. At this place 1,800 houses have been burned and 3,000 persons have been sacrificed. The remainder are terrified by an awful threat of the Turks, who say: 'Your turn is coming, we will massacre you later.'"

A letter from Keghi says that more than 5,000 plundered people are in extreme destitution in that vicinity. The Government has begun to collect taxes in the plundered villages, it is said, and up to the present the great. Besides being hungry, many are naked and have neither bedding nor fuel. At present we can give them only bread."

A letter from Kranoos says the local government gives no permission for relief and does not look on it with favor. In fact, without a positive and direct order from the Vali Pasha, which it is impossible to obtain, this work is exceedingly dangerous.

THAT ZINC TRUST.

Representatives of the New Concern in St. Louis Arranging Details.

Representatives of the newly-formed Zinc Trust are in the city and it is said for the purpose of investigating report regarding the establishment of an anti-trust concern to have an office in St. Louis.

The trust representatives are Adolph Lewishon of New York and W. P. Coleman of Rich Hill, Mo. They are domiciled at the St. Nicholas and for two days have been conferring with a number of visiting gentlemen in the hotel.

They have little to say, except that they are here on business. J. H. Owings of Carthage, Mo., is responsible for the statement that they are trying to make arrangements to buy in or discourage the anti-trust concern.

Mr. Owings said that the owners of zinc land and the producers of zinc ore at Carthage, Webb City and Joplin are interested in opposing the trust. These gentlemen have been in consultation with capitalists at Carthage to sell the output of their land to the proposed new company at a price regulated by the St. Louis market.

It is reported further that the Missouri Pacific Railway Co. is assisting in the matter and has offered to donate twenty acres of land as a site for the furnace and will also close the gap in its road from Orongo, Mo., to Pittsburg, Kan. The line for a new road has already been surveyed from Joplin to Galena, Kan., where extensive zinc fields are located.

"This project, if consummated, will thoroughly checkmate the combine," said Mr. Owings, "and will give employment for thousands of miners."

VERIFIED CIRCULATION.

FROM A LETTER TO CHAS. H. JONES, EDITOR AND MANAGER.

We find the books and records of the Post-Dispatch are kept in such a business-like way that it was an easy matter for us to obtain quickly any information that was called for. We first investigated the six months' circulation statement which you have published from April to September inclusive, and find the same verified by your books and records.

The average per day for the six months was daily and Sunday, 79,020 copies; daily, week days only, 78,759; Sunday only, 80,598.

We then investigated the circulation for the six months, ending December 31st, showing an average for six months, daily and Sunday, 79,858; daily, week days only, 79,236; Sunday only, 83,642. We investigated likewise the circulation figures for the month of December, which shows a circulation of 83,502 daily and Sunday; daily, week days only, 83,034; Sunday only, 85,989, a steady increase over previous months.

Jos. K. Stephens, Treasurer State of Missouri.

Alfred E. Rode, President of the H.-O. Co. Advertising Manager Scott & Bowne.

A. M. Scruggs, President Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co.

B. Hellman, of Siegel, Hillman & Co.

John A. H. Ferguson, Comptroller of the City of St. Louis.

plunder is of little value. The Kurds, who did the plundering, threaten to massacre the Armenians again if the plunder is taken back.

A letter from Erzingan refers to the work of relief which has already been begun there, saying there are 35,000 persons who need help. "For four days," says a correspondent, "we have been giving bread to 50 persons. We examine the applicants carefully and get the certificates from the leading Armenians of the district whence the paupers come, before bestowing them. Even with these restrictions the number is very

COL. KEATON ACQUITTED.

After the Trial He Sued for an Absolute Divorce.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

DEXTER, Mo., Feb. 8.—Col. C. L. Keaton was arraigned for the second time yesterday on the charge of attempting to commit an assault upon Lena Wilson, a 7-year-old child. The case was submitted. The trial has led to the filing of a suit for an absolute divorce

TRAGIC END OF A CAROUSE.

Wm. Tell Arrested for Injuring a Colored Cyprian.

BROKE HER BACK IN A ROMP.

Hilarious Members of the Missouri Rifle and Pistol Club Pay a Costly Visit to the "Bad Lands."

Saturday a warrant charging assault to do great bodily harm was issued against William Tell, an oil merchant, residing at 3126½ Hickory street.

The Police Department supplied the information. The person injured was Ada Steele, piano player in the disorderly resort of Ocsie Woods. Ada is now at the hospital with a broken back.

Details leading up to the warrant involve some prominent and wealthy members of German society.

Friday night the Missouri Rifle and Pistol Club gave a "lustig and fidel," or, in fin de siecle English, "a jolly old banquet," at their rooms, 212 North Fourth street.

It was a sure enough jolly old time. Speaking, singing, Rhine wine and lager were on tap.

Merriment ran high, and at midnight, when the entertainment broke up, all were in exuberant spirits. Some felt so good they said it would be a shame to carry such a beautiful load home without improving it. Some one then suggested to take in the town, and the motion was quickly acted upon. All those voting in the affirmative moved on towards the "bad lands" while others went home. Some of the crowd landed in Cecil Woods' resort.

They bought beer, sang and danced. In the height of his enthusiasm one of the men, it is said, grabbed Ada Steele, the colored piano player, about the waist, picked her up and hurled her across the room.

She fell on her back across a burning hard-coal stove, then, rolling onto the floor, fainted.

The now terror-stricken inmates fled from the room, shrieking at the top of their voices: "He's killed Ada! He's killed Ada!"

The man who threw the girl turned asby pale. Then he and one of his companions, jumping through a window, escaped from the house.

The third man turned his attention to the unconscious girl. He opened her dress, cut her corsets, then, feeling her pulse, exclaimed: "My God, she's dead." Just as he was about to leave the room Police Officers Maher, Madden and Delaney rushed in and arrested every one in the house.

All the inmates and the man were taken to the Central District Station and locked up. The man gave the name of William Roesler.

He cried bitterly when placed in a cell.

Ada Steele was taken to the City Hospital, where Dr. Otto Sutter examined her.

When she regained consciousness she raved like a maniac. She screamed and kicked about until Dr. Sutter ordered her strapped to a cot.

Opiates were administered and a minute examination proved the girl's spine was badly injured. She was also hurt internally.

Saturday morning two men, in company with Robert Bethmann of the Wainwright Brewery, called at the Four Courts to bail out Roesler.

They admitted being his companions of the early morning carousal and were held pending investigation.

One of the men gave his name as William Tell. His companion was a South Broadway jeweler.

Roesler's eyes looked like a pair of flaming pine torches. He had spent the night in tears, fearing the young lady he is soon to wed would hear about the escapade.

Capt. O'Malley refused bail for the men until Dr. Sutter could be communicated with, so Bethmann posted off to the City Hospital.

Later Tell was sent to the Hospital in company with a policeman and Ada Steele identified him as the man who hurled her across the room. Then the warrant was issued against him and his companions released.

Tell denies throwing the girl. He says the whole party were playing "Ring-around-the-rosey."

Ada's grip broke and she fell into a corner.

The women were sent to the Police Court, charged with being inmates.

About Champagne.

It may not be generally known that of the 58,561 cases of champagne brought to this country in the two months were imported by four houses and the property of Count Mumm's Extra Dry went to the front, being followed closely by that of Heidsieck & Co. Monopole. Both of these wines are handled in this city.

MRS. HOFMEISTER'S AMENDED BILL.

Charges Her Husband With Having Been a Defaulter.

MONEY WENT FOR DIAMONDS

The Plaintiff Says She Sold Her Jewels and Furniture to Save Her Recreant Spouse From Disgrace.

Mrs. Carrie Hofmeister, whose sensational suit for divorce set the tongues of the West End gossips wagging recently, has taken another whack at the festive "Hof" by filing an amended petition in her suit. She has decided to carry the war into the territory of the enemy with a vengeance.

This new bill was a direct response to Hofmeister's cross-bill, which was filed last Thursday. The filing of that cross-bill destroyed all hope of preventing a bitter legal fight in the courts. Realizing that she must fight fire with fire, Mrs. Hofmeister resolved to tell a few things about her husband that she withheld when her first petition was filed.

The new bill recites all the old allegations, with fresh trimmings, and adds a number of new allegations of a far more serious nature.

One of them brings to light for the first time an incident in Hofmeister's career which will startle his business acquaintances. In her petition Mrs. Hofmeister alleges that prior to 1894 he held a responsible position with the Bellefontaine Cemetery Association. Early in 1894 the President of the association, Mr. Copp, discovered that Hofmeister was short in his accounts, and without taking anyone into his confidence, investigated and fixed the deficit at $1,900, taken during a long period. Hofmeister, when asked to explain, so his wife alleges, confessed and offered to make reparation.

In this extremity he came to her and told all. At that time they were living in a nice home at 4107 Delmar avenue, thoroughly fitted with all conveniences. To raise the money to make good his defalcation, she alleges that she sold all of her furniture on Feb. 22, 1894, and moved into two small rooms in the rear of a house at 2728 Olive street. For her furniture, jewelry, wedding presents and all she possessed of value they got $1,100. This was paid over to Copp, but left a balance of $800. For this John McCarthy, his brother-in-law, stood good, and Hofmeister was allowed to work it out at his regular salary of $100 a month. Then he was discharged and the matter hushed up.

Mrs. Hofmeister alleges that this defalcation is known to only four persons—Hofmeister, McCarthy, herself and George S. Drake, Vice-President of the Boatmen's Bank.

Mr. Copp is alleged to have confided the secret on his death bed to Mr. Drake, who has been subpoenaed as a witness in the case.

Mr. Copp died soon after this happened.

He had great liking for Hofmeister, and on account of that kept the matter quiet.

Mrs. Hofmeister goes on to allege that even after she had made such sacrifices for him Hofmeister, within a short time, began running around with other women and spending his money on them, leaving her destitute. She also recites numerous occasions when he struck her.

Once when they were preparing to go to the theater he became angry and knocked her down. On another occasion when she was ill he put on his dress suit to go to a party and when she begged him to stay at home and take care of the children, as she was too ill to do so, he again knocked her down, and, leaving her there, went to the party.

She alleges that for the past eight or nine years he has been guilty of immoral conduct and has habitually associated with disorderly women; that he has frequently engaged in drunken debauches and spent his money on other women, to her neglect. She recites again the incident of Hofmeister's trip to the World's Fair with May Adams Peters and reiterates her charges against that woman.

She alleges that he cursed her frequently and openly avowed that he no longer loved her, taunting her with her careworn and sickly appearance and comparing her unfavorably with other women. Frequently he would come home in the middle of the night so drunk that she would have to undress him and put him to bed.

On Nov. 1, 1895, after they had separated, she alleges that he professed to be embarrassed financially and no longer able to give her any money to help support the children, yet about that time he bought May Adams Peters a handsome cluster diamond ring. Mrs. Hofmeister declares that she is without means and wants alimony and maintenance.

Saturday morning Mr. Miles served notice upon R. J. Delano and Frank M. Estes, Mr. Hofmeister's attorneys, that he would file the amended bill. Mr. Estes was at the same time furnished with a copy of the petition, and after reading it he notified Mr. Miles that he would demur to the petition on the ground that it introduced scandalous matter. Judge Wood was engaged in the trial of a case and announced that he would hear the argument on this point Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Hofmeister's motion for alimony pending litigation, and also her motion to strike Hofmeister's cross-bill from the record, were on Judge Woods' law docket set for Saturday, but the entire docket went over for a week.

OYSTERS AND WINE.

They Are What Mrs. Butler and Her Dogs Pine For.

The police were notified Saturday morning by neighbors of Mrs. Maggie Butler that the woman, who is 72 years old, was sick in bed and starving in a little hovel in the rear of 2331 Randolph street.

Two fierce dogs that were also starving, according to the scrupathizing neighbors, stood guard at the door and prevented assistance being rendered the woman.

A Post-Dispatch reporter's knock at the door Saturday morning was greeted by fierce howls from the dogs, followed by the sound of shambling steps.

The door was thrown open by Mrs. Butler, who, with gray hair dishevelled and face covered with dirt, told the reporter that she had succeeded in getting several weeks past she would get a pension of $8 a month, but she feared her pension would reach Saint Louis too late to be of any benefit to her.

WHAT CYRUS HAS TO FEAR.

Leaders of His Party Anxious to Put Out His Light.

COMPARED TO CLEVELAND.

Mayor Walbridge's Political Peril Outlined by a Man Who Knows Missouri Republican Methods.

As told by the Post-Dispatch yesterday the greatest danger Mayor Walbridge has to fear in his gubernatorial race is concealed in the probability that the Filleyites will call but one State convention, which will elect the four delegates-at-large to the National Convention and nominate the State ticket.

Necessarily such a double-headed convention would occur at a date so early—certainly not later than June 1—that the Mayor could make no progress in the rural districts and would consequently appear in the convention with a following so small and uninfluential that he could not hope to win against such a trained and disciplined army as Boss Filley would be sure to have at his back. For this reason, if for none other, the probabilities of early negotiations on the part of Walbridge for a truce with Filley are apparent.

In fact, one of the best posted Republicans in the State declares that the Mayor, viewing the matter in the light here presented, has already begun to feel his way to neutral ground on which he can meet Filley and treat with him for peace on most any terms. Undoubtedly, the policy of the local Republican press has influenced Walbridge to thus proceed.

Editor McCullagh's course has shown so unmistakably his desire to do Filley's bidding, according to the consensus of opinion of those who have watched and studied Republican politics carefully, that the Mayor has lost all hope of securing encouragement from that source except he apply through Boss Filley, and the evening Republican organ, while not so pronounced in its allegiance to Filley, greeted Walbridge's announcement for Governor in a spirit only a little less chilly than did the Globe-Democrat. With such discouragement at the very start, the Mayor, it is stated on excellent authority, has made up his mind to extend the olive branch to the Filleyites and beg for peace.

The same authority discoursed thus interestingly with a Post-Dispatch reporter about the history of Walbridge's announcement for Governor and the attitude of the old line leaders toward the Mayor:

"Walbridge," said he, "in some respects is a dangerous man from the standpoint of those who have controlled Missouri Republican politics for the past quarter century, and in other respects he is a very weak brother. His strength consists in the fact that he has demonstrated that he has the hardihood to ignore the bosses after he gets in office, however much he may cringe at their feet before he gets in.

"Defiance of bossism is attractive to the masses, as shown by the marvelous career of Grover Cleveland, after whom Walbridge in a measure appears to have patterned his official course. Otherwise he is utterly unattractive and is not made of the stuff that would excite that enthusiasm among the rank and file of the people, which will be absolutely necessary for Republican success in Missouri this year. This unattractiveness is his weakness. The old line leaders—those who have shaped the party policies and conducted the fights in city and State all these years while the Republican has been the minority party in Missouri—have compared carefully Walbridge's strength and weakness and have concluded that his weakness outweighs his strength. Yet he is a distinct entity that they will have to deal with cautiously lest they mar him, thereby adding to his strength, and make him all the more dangerous. For this reason there is no systematized opposition to his candidacy for Governor. The old leaders realize that even with the most compact and best possible regulated organization at his back Walbridge cannot be elected Governor of Missouri this year or any other year for that matter.

"As I before stated, he is utterly devoid of those qualities which cannot be defined and yet which a man must possess if he hopes to arouse enthusiasm among the great masses of the people, like Blaine and leaders of that sort used to do.

"But still the Mayor occupies such a peculiarly advantageous position in his party in St. Louis that the greatest care must be exercised in dealing with him, lest those who are determined to retain their hold on the organization do not undo themselves. Therefore, after calmly weighing all these considerations, they have concluded to give him at least negative support in his race for the gubernatorial nomination, confident that he will lose the election if nominated, and then will be forced into retirement, for he possesses none of the recuperative qualities of the average politician who aspires to leadership. He will thus be eliminated as a factor in city politics, and that, after all, is what his enemies are now secretly conspiring to accomplish.

"This may sound a little far-fetched to those who are not on the inside of Republican politics, but those who are will realize the truth of what I have stated. To all those who doubt that the game I describe is now going on I will say, 'keep your eye on the gun and see if it doesn't go off just as I say it will.'"

GETTING IN SHAPE.

The Outlook for the Widening of Eighteenth Street Is Bright.

After months of wrangling and hesitation the Eighteenth street widening begins to assume tangible form. In the Council Friday evening the bill to repeal the widening ordinance was filed and this means that the work will proceed.

The only argument against it heretofore has been the cost to the city, which, it was claimed, could not be borne at this time on account of the depleted condition of the City Treasury. Since then it has been discovered that St. Louis has money to burn, or will have when the new fiscal year begins, and so the improvement will be made.

It is hoped by those who are anxious to beautify the city that this will be the opening wedge for a system of boulevards around the Union Station. When Eighteenth street is widened an effort will be made to open Market street from Twelfth street to Jefferson avenue in conformity with the plans proposed a year ago.

A number of prominent men, including ex-Gov. Stanard, Sir Charles Gibson, Edwards Whittaker, Charles H. Turner, Julius Pitzmann and P. C. Maffitt, are back of the scheme, and they hope to be able to push it through.

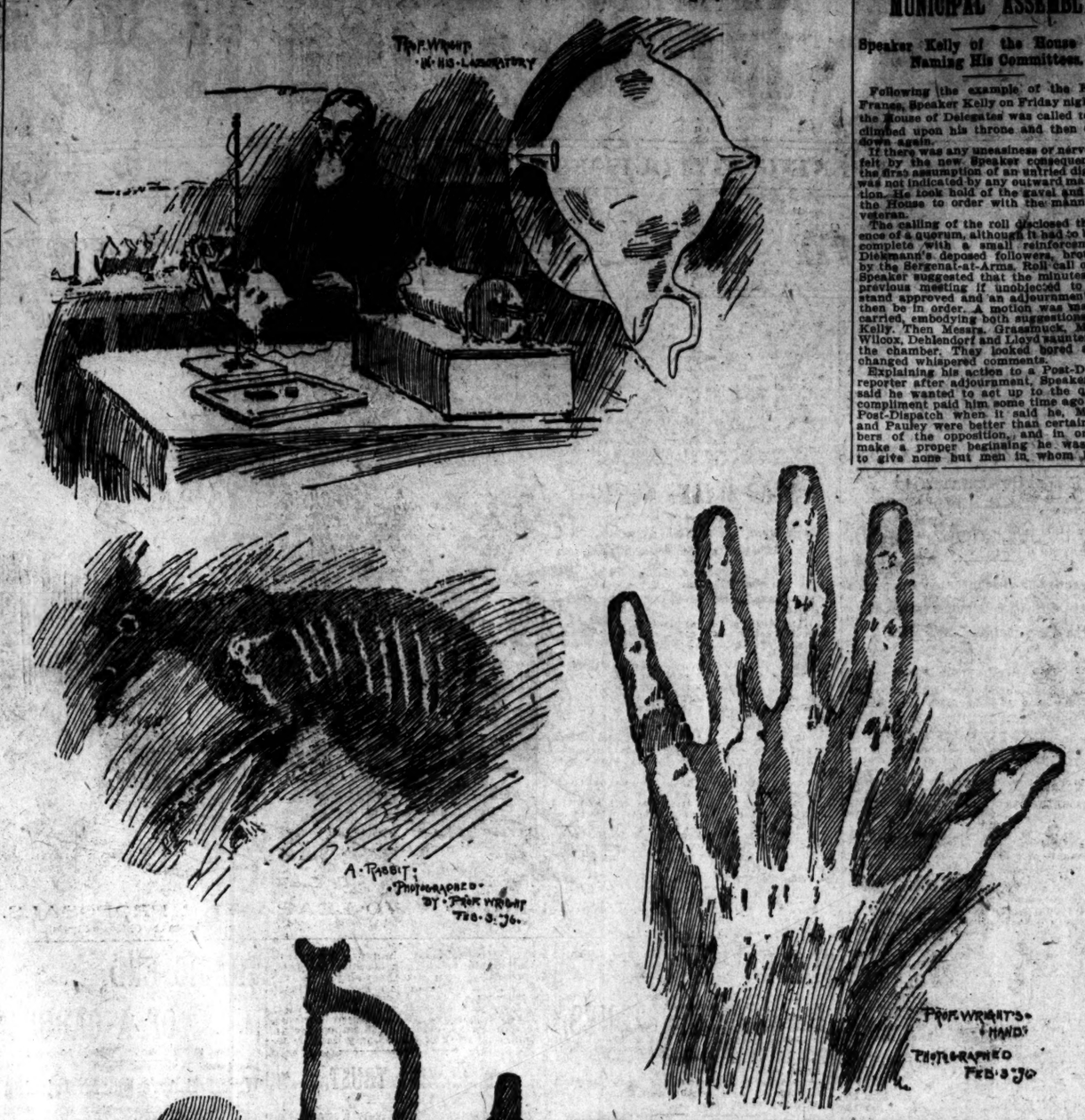
Silver Wedding Celebrated.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Michael Burnham celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage Friday. A reception was tendered them at night in the parlors of the Pilgrim Congregational Church by the congregation and their friends. Rev. Dr. Fairbanks acted as spokesman and in a neat address offered the congratulations of the congregation and a large number of handsome presents. The evening was devoted to refreshments and amusements.

Single Tax League Meeting.

There will be an open public meeting under the auspices of the St. Louis Single Tax League Monday evening, Feb. 10, in Hall 3, Odd Fellows' Building, corner of Olive and Ninth streets. "The Delaware Campaign" will be explained and progress noted. The general principles of the single tax will also be discussed by capable speakers and questions answered. The league extends a cordial invitation to all, especially the ladies.

Prof. A. W. Wright, His Apparatus and Some of His Odd Cathode Photographs.



SAID HE WAS DEAD.

The Painful Experience of An Enterprising Morgan Street Merchant.

Jake Blumenfield, a clothing merchant at 624 Morgan street, believes in advertising of a purely personal character.

Instead of exploiting the merits of his wares in the newspapers or on the signboards he stands in front of his store and personally informs every passer-by of the bargains to be had at his establishment.

Friday afternoon Robert Davenport was hurrying down Morgan street and the enterprising Jacob tried to stop him and make a sale. Davenport was in a hurry. He dashed his fist against Blumenfield's face and went on his way.

Blumenfield lay down on the pavement and cried out in a loud voice that he was dead. This caused great excitement among the neighboring storekeepers, and it is said that a rival merchant went to the supposed widow and proposed marriage with a view to combining the two firms.

When Blumenfield was persuaded that the extent of his injuries was only a pair of black eyes he got out a summons against Davenport and the case came up in the Second District Police Court Saturday morning. Judge Stevenson fined Davenport $5.

DOESN'T LIKE BULLDOGS,

But Statesman Grassmuck Admits That He Has a Weakness for Game Cocks.

George Grassmuck, the deposed Chairman of the Railroad Committee of the House of Delegates, was in a ruminative mood Saturday.

"It is really too bad," he said, "that the memories of a man's shortcomings will cling to him. Just because I used to fight chickens in my younger days the newspapers insist on referring to me as a chicken-fighter. They even go so far as to charge me with being a bulldog fancier. The truth is that I never owned a bulldog in my life. I don't like 'em.

"Next to a cigarette smoker I detest a bulldog. There is nothing noble about such an animal. Now, there is something elevating and inspiring about a chicken fight. It reminds you of a battle royal in the House of Delegates with Speaker Kelley in the chair. There is a good deal of the chicken about Kelly, except that he has a strain of bantam in him."

THE UTHOFF BILL.

Mr. Ferriss Thinks It Unconstitutional and Otherwise Objectionable.

The suspicion is growing that the Uthoff bill to place the street railroads on a percentage is a scheme of the corporations to beat the city.

This idea is outlined in the view taken of the bill by Councilman Ferriss, who has given the matter a great deal of close study.

"In the first place," said Mr. Ferriss, "I do not believe that the bill would hold in any court if it should become a law. Soon after the ordinance was drafted I was asked to introduce it, and after going over it carefully I declined to have anything to do with it on the ground that I could not stand sponsor for a bill which my judgment as a lawyer told me was not constitutional.

"The relations of government to corporations was settled by John Marshall when he was Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. The case was that in which it was attempted to annul the charter of Dartmouth College. Daniel Webster argued the case for the college and Marshall decided that favor. He held that a franchise granted an individual or a corporation was in the nature of a solemn contract, and that the government had no right to set a contract aside arbitrarily.

"To get around this several States have reserved in their constitutions the right to amend or repeal charters and franchises whenever deemed advisable. Missouri failed to do this, but the reservation was made in the city charter.

"Just here, however, is the peculiar point. The franchises of the Lindell, Missouri and Citizens' roads were granted by the Legislature prior to the adoption of the charter. It seems to me that no one will question that the Municipal Assembly has no right to meddle now with their charters.

"As a consequence they would be exempt from the provisions of the Uthoff bill, and I am doubtful if we can legislate against one corporation in a way that will not apply to the others.

"The result, it seems to me, would be to tie the whole thing up in litigation for years, and in the meantime the roads would escape the payments which they are compelled to make at present. The situation is unfortunate, but I do not think it can be avoided."

Lost His Little Finger.

The little finger of James McCloskey's right hand was caught between two pipes and crushed while he was laying a water main at Winnebago and Grand avenues Friday. McCloskey went to his home, 207 Cass avenue, where the finger was amputated.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Speaker Kelly of the House Defers Naming His Committees.

Following the example of the King of France, Speaker Kelly on Friday night, when the House of Delegates was called to order, climbed upon his throne and then climbed down again.

If there was any uneasiness or nervousness felt by the new Speaker consequent upon the first assumption of an untried dignity, it was not indicated by any outward manifestation. He took hold of the gavel and rapped the House to order with the manner of a veteran.

The calling of the roll disclosed the presence of a quorum, although it had to be made complete with a small reinforcement of Diekmann's deposed followers, brought in by the Sergeant-at-Arms. Roll call over the Speaker suggested that the minutes of the previous meeting if unobjected to should stand approved and an adjournment would then be in order. A motion was made and carried, embodying both suggestions of Mr. Kelly. Then Messrs. Grassmuck, Mepham, Wilcox, Dehlendorf and Lloyd sauntered into the chamber. They looked bored and exchanged whispered comments.

Explaining his action to a Post-Dispatch reporter after adjournment, Speaker Kelly said he wanted to act up to the qualified compliment paid him some time ago by the Post-Dispatch when it said he, Marshall and Pauley were better than certain members of the opposition, and in order to make a proper beginning he was going to give none but men in whom he had confidence the balance of power on all the important committees.

"To do this," said Mr. Kelly, "will require till next Tuesday night. I want men on the committees who will give the city's business close attention and honesty."

Messrs. Wilcox and Buecknor refused to ascribe motives to the new Speaker's failure to announce his committees, but shook their heads ominously and remarked that things looked foggy and mysterious.

Among the matters under consideration at the session of the Council was the report of the Railroad Committee on the amended bill granting the People's Railway Co. the right to operate its cars by electricity, supplied in various ways. The amendments were adopted and the bill ordered to engrossment.

After some debate the ordinance to repeal the ordinance widening Eighteenth street from Clark avenue to Pine street was filed.

A bill to create the position of Supervisor of Nurses at the Female Hospital was introduced by Mr. Ives.

Bills were passed making an additional appropriation of $5,800 to the Coroner's office and authorizing the Consolidated Coal Co. to erect and maintain a scale on Hempstead street.

MONEY BY THE TON.

Laborers Checking Sacks of Coin Around Like So Much Coal.

A force of laborers are engaged in moving standard silver dollars from one vault to another at the United States Sub-Treasury to-day. They handle it with as much unconcern as if it were coal.

The occasion for the shift is the fact that the accumulation of silver dollars has reached such a state that the capacity of the enormous vaults are taxed to contain the money. The lower vault is filled and in the upper vault there is room for $1,250,000. This amount will be taken from the lower vault and placed above, and thus some room in the lower vault will be made.

Saturday morning there were in the two vaults in the sub-treasury 18,000,000 standard silver dollars. They are put up in sacks, 1,000 to a sack, each package weighing sixty pounds. There are 18,000 such packages. The total weight of the $18,000,000 in silver is 1,080,000 pounds, or 540 tons.

This, if placed in freight cars, would load a large train. Estimating twenty tons to be the limit per car, the $18,000,000 would load twenty-seven cars, all any of the large engines would care to draw on an ordinary railroad track.

While the amount of silver on hand is larger than ever before, there is no shortage in other kinds of money in Uncle Sam's St. Louis treasure house. There are $2,000,000 in the precious yellow metal and double that amount in currency. Beside this there is nearly another $1,000,000 in fractional silver coin, nickels and pennies.

Maj. Small says the pension checks are now beginning to arrive, and for the next eight days the St. Louis sub-treasury will pay out on an average $300,000 per day on this account.

APPOINTED A RECEIVER.

The Heckel Hardware Company Revived by Judge Klein.

After hearing testimony for nearly five days Judge Jacob Klein appointed a receiver for the defunct Heckel Hardware Co. This action of the court revived the old firm and made necessary the immediate assignment of the Randolph-Heckel Hardware Co. Charles A. M. Schlierholz was appointed receiver, with full power to conduct the business and bring suits.

Late in the afternoon the Randolph-Heckel Hardware Co. assigned to Virgil M. Harris and gave the Chemical National Bank a chattel mortgage for $19,000. Messrs. Geo. P. Heckel and P. J. Randolph were removed from their positions as officers and directors of the Heckel Hardware Co.

The receiver will have a complex situation to unravel, as the affairs of the two fiascoes are so closely interwoven that the nicest distinctions will have to be made. The Randolph-Heckel Co. was simply a new name given the Heckel Hardware Co. when it was reorganized. At the time of the reorganization the stockholders differed about methods and legal proceedings followed.

WAGNER UNDECIDED.

He Doesn't Know Whether He Will Discharge Miss Warne.

Jailer Wagner declared Friday that Miss Mary Warne would have to give up her position as matron in the City Jail Saturday at noon. Unless she resigned, he said, he would order her out of the jail.

Saturday morning Wagner said: "Oh, I'll let her work out a full day's time to-day, and then discharge her at 6 o'clock."

Later in the day Mr. Wagner wasn't sure he would discharge the matron and finally he declare that he didn't "want to meddle with her."

"Will you state positively what you are going to do in Miss Warne's case?" said a Post-Dispatch reporter.

"Well, I may discharge her to-night. I have the authority to do it, and again I might say that the matron is not under my supervision."

Miss Warne testified in the Dusetrow case that she had given wine to Arthur Dusetrow in the City Jail. Her testimony displeased Mr. Wagner.

FERRISS GOT FUNNY.

One Councilman Who Sees the Humor in the City Hall Report.

Councilman Ferriss is inclined to have fun with the report of the Heckel Investigating Committee. When it was presented to the Council Friday evening Mr. Ferriss arose to ask what all the talk about defective work amounted to.

Mr. Heckel, who is defender in chief of the contractors, replied that that had all been covered in the report.

Mr. Ives supplemented this with the statement that the city had, in his opinion, as good a building as could be erected for the money. More than that he considered it superior to nine-tenths of the buildings erected by private persons.

Growing facetious, Mr. Ferriss stated that he had inferred from the report and the statements of individual members that there was nothing wrong with the building, and he wished to know if his understanding was correct.

There was a titter of laughter when Mr. Ives replied that the only actual defects discovered were the blowholes in thirteen of the iron columns.

"Then," said Mr. Ferriss, with mock solemnity, "we have to thank fortune for the best set of officials that ever blessed a city. This being true, I see no cause to censure any one."

There was more laughter and the report was laid over.

To Secure Creditors.

Albert H. Roehling, dealer in dry goods at 2215-2220 Victor street, filed a chattel deed of trust Friday to secure creditors to the amount of $4,062. Roehling has five days in which to satisfy the claims, and if he fails the trustee can take possession and sell out the goods until the demands are paid.

Cripple Creek

Is the largest Gold Camp in the world. Wabash is the shortest line.

Marriage Licenses.

Frank X. Hauspergor ..... 3369 Hartmer av
Ella A. Loebken ..... 3629 St. Louis av
Josef Gielmski ..... 1338 N. 8th st
Barbara Polaneska ..... 1338 N. 8th st
Edward A. Knorr ..... Festus, Mo
Cecelia F. Moldenhauer ..... 3611 S. Jefferson av
Harry Walker ..... Alton, Ill
Amelia Lindig ..... Alton, Ill
James E. Gedlove ..... 3816 Julian av
Martha V. King ..... 7113 Old Manchester rd
John Oden ..... 6716 Park av
Hattie Wallace ..... 3781 S. Jefferson av
Louis Steusmann ..... 3508 Kossuth av
Ida Schultz ..... 3010 Branch st
Arthur B. Summers ..... 4347A Kossuth av
May V. Croft ..... 1713 Soulard av
John H. Stevinson ..... 4138 North Market st
Henrietta Redman ..... 3139 Cass av
James B. Sheldon ..... Macon, Mo
Lola F. Moore ..... Macon, Mo
Morris H. Smit ..... 1338 Carr st
Mollie Ellman ..... 1338 Carr st

WEDDING RINGS Quite called Gold, 18kt. KERKOFF & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST. Wedding Invitations, Street Stationery.

THREE THEATERS OF HIGH CLASS.

St. Louis Will Have Many Good Shows Next Season.

THE CENTURY IN THE GAME.

Will Compete With the Olympic and Grand, and Hopkins Will Have Another House.

St. Louis is to have three high-class theaters next season.

The managers of the prospective Century Theater, which is to be situated in the new Century Building on the site of the old Pope's play-house at Ninth and Olive streets, have determined to enter into a competition with the Grand and Olympic and they are now booking attractions for the season of 1896-1897.

When the plans for the theater were first broached, and for a long time thereafter, the idea was to make the new house a home for a 10, 20 and 30 cent continuous show, but as the backers began to realize the magnificent scale upon which the theater was to be constructed and the advantages of the location, they concluded that it would be a desecration of so fine a temple of Thespis to dedicate it to so tawdry a form of amusement as the continuous show, and the change was the result.

This step was not taken until after mature deliberation. Men who build theaters may be ever so fond of art for art's sake, but they are fonder of their dollars, and not until they were assured of financial success were they content to give up the original plan.

There was no doubt about the money-making powers of the 10, 20 and 30-cent form of amusement. Col. John D. Hopkins had come into St. Louis the year before, established his pet scheme in a dingy old play-house, which was all but condemned by the building department, and turned it into a mint.

It made as much if not more money than any theater in town and it was Col. Hopkins' boast that under the new arrangement with the most elaborately equipped theater in the city, with a stock company of a higher order than before producing standard dramas, he would double the receipts of the first year.

Col. Hopkins has not been favorably disposed to the change, but this will not mean that he will be out of it. The Tri-State Amusement Company, of which he is a stockholder, and for which he is manager, both here and in Chicago, has a lease on the Century Theater, and will see to it that the Colonel has a continuous house. The field has been cultivated here and the advantage gained will not be lost.

Negotiations are now pending for a new theater to be built by the opening of next season which will be dedicated exclusively to the "continuous."

This will be known as Hopkins' Theater. Col. Hopkins, if he desires, will be the manager, in name at least, of the Century, but it is not probable that he will actively control its affairs.

As an indication that this matter is definitely settled, advertisements have been inserted in the dramatic papers of the East asking for propositions from theatrical managers.

It is specifically stated that only high-class combinations will be booked. Much of the time has already been engaged and some of the best attractions in the country have time reserved for them. Negotiations are pending with other managers and the outlook is favorable for the new house.

The struggle for public favor, however, is not going to be an easy one. The Grand and Olympic have the prestige of years behind them and many of their attractions have been playing with them so long that it will be difficult to get them to sever their relations.

There are many who do not believe that three first-class theaters can be supported in St. Louis and argue that one of the three will have to eventually make a cut in prices.

Whether this be so or not, under the present system of booking it is certain that all of them cannot fill their season's time with first-class shows.

It is a hard task now, and naturally, with a third contestant in the field, it will be more difficult.

If they all stand the strain for a year or two this difficulty might be obviated by lengthening the engagements of the stronger attractions to seasons of two or three weeks instead of one week, as is now almost invariably the rule. St. Louis is large enough to have graduated from the week-stand category.

The site of the new theater is strongly in its favor, as every car line in the city passes within from one to four blocks of it, but, in favor of the other houses, there is the habit of the public combined with great reputation, so that the struggle will be a pretty one for outsiders to watch, even though it be disastrous to box-office receipts.

Opposed to Balconies.

The Imperial Building Co., owners of the Union Trust Building, brought suit Friday to restrain the Chemical Building Co. from erecting balconies on the east side of its building. It is claimed that the Union Trust Building is an office structure, and the erection of the balconies on the east side of the Chemical Building would cut off light and air from the west side of the Union Trust Building. It is also claimed the balconies overhang the alley, which is a public one, and are therefore illegal.

Burial Permits.

John T. Bernhester, 20, 2013 N. 11th; consumption.
Chas. B. Drew, 19 days, 1830 North Broadway; congenital debility.
Rene J. Lindhorst, 1, 2337 Dozier; bronchitis.
Harriet Jones, 76, Poor-house; asthma.
Matilda Gertrude Steinmets, 8, 1735 Elliot; heart trouble.
Annie Cappel, 23, 3027 S. 18th; heart disease.
Sister Bridget O'Connor, 60, Sacred Heart Convent; inanition.
Clara Schuster, 4 month, 1601 N. 14th; spinal tumor.
John M. W. Donner, 1, 730 Howell; brain fever.
Charles Mueller, 50, 3212 S. Broadway; apoplexy.
Mildred Esther Robinson, 1, 4214 Kennerly; bronchitis.
Carmine A. Pellis, 2, 1110 N. 13th; measles.
John Chas. Egrtail, 50, E. Bremer; accident.
Frederic W. Young, 18, 4062 N. Broadway; appendicitis.
Mary Meder, 74, 2412 Salina; heart failure.
Franz Blank, 57, 2436 Menard; cancer.
Carrie Elizabeth Milhott, 79, 309 N. 6th st.; peritonitis.
Nancy J. Bruffee, 69, 740 Aubert; hepatitis.
Emma Schweibel, 23, Poor-house; consumption.
Mary E. Edwards, 43, 3840 Page av.; neurasthenia.

DEATHS.

CORBET—On Thursday, Feb. 6, at 12:30 p. m., Nellie Corbet, aged 23 years, beloved daughter of Michael and Ellen Corbet, nee Brad, and sister of Lizzie, Patrick and James Corbet. Funeral from family residence, No. 1322 North Sixth street, on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

DEWHURST—On Friday night, Feb. 7, at 12 p. m., after a brief illness, Thomas Dewhurst, beloved husband of M. Agnes Dewhurst, nee Collier, aged 29 years, 3 months. Funeral will take place from the family residence, 2205 Olive street, Sunday, 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

McAVOY—On Thursday, Feb. 6, at 7:40 p. m., Patrick McAvoy, beloved son of Margaret and the late Patrick McAvoy. Funeral from the family residence, 1926 Biddle street, Monday, Feb. 10, at 7:30 a. m., to Union Station, thence to Alton, Ill. Friends are invited to attend.

MORGAN—Ella V. Morgan (nee Ulrich), on Friday, Feb. 7, at 6 p. m. Funeral from the family residence, 3008 Eighteenth street, Sunday, Feb. 9, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

RILEY—Walter Paul Riley, aged 21 years, son of John and the late Catherine Riley, brother of Katie, Wm. B., Robert and Joseph Riley, Friday, at 3:30 p. m. Funeral Sunday at 1 p. m., from family residence, 5710 Cote Brilliante avenue, to St. Theresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

SCHAEBERG—On Saturday, Feb. 8, at 12:30 a. m., of membranous croup, Alma Schaberg, beloved daughter of Harry and Mary Schaberg, nee Nollman, aged 3 years. Funeral private on Sunday, Feb. 9, at 1:30 p. m., from residence, 4342 College avenue.

STEINMETS—On Friday, Feb. 7, at 8:45 a. m., after a short illness, Mathilda Gertrud Steinmets, beloved daughter of Christian and Gertrud Steinmets (nee Ludwig), aged 8 years 6 months 11 days. Funeral from family residence, 1735 Elliot avenue, Sunday, Feb. 9, at 1:30 p. m. Friends of the family invited to attend.

YOUNG—On Tuesday, Feb. 4, 1896, at 7:30 p. m., Fred W. Young, beloved son of Fred and Kate Young, aged 18 years, 6 months and 1 day. The funeral will take place Sunday, Feb. 9, at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 4062 North Broadway, to St. Paul Lutheran Church, thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

POISON IN THE BLOOD

Which Is the Direct Cause of Rheumatism, and in Fact of Most Physical Troubles.

"These are trying times."

The speaker was a middle-aged man and father of quite a family.

"I don't refer to business," he continued, "but to the trying weather. I have a severe attack of rheumatism, my wife has a bad cold and the rest of the family are not well."

"I know it is a common thing to lay all these troubles to the weather, but I have come to the conclusion that the condition of the system has much to do with it. If the man who has rheumatism and the woman who has a cold, will trace back for the cause, it will be found in some weakness of the body."

"And do you know what I think the greatest weakness in the body is? I will tell you. I believe it is due to uric acid, which is in the blood, keeping it fermented all the time. I know that it causes rheumatism and I believe most colds."

"You naturally ask how does this uric acid get into the blood. The answer is very simple. The kidneys do not do their duty and throw it from the system as they should, and therefore, it remains in the blood, and I believe that if uric acid were removed from the blood, most rheumatism and colds would disappear."

The gentleman was right, and he might have added that Bright's disease of the kidneys is also brought about by this same cause. Is it not plain to be seen that if the kidneys are strong and healthy and throw the uric acid out of the system, it will not get into the blood and so poison the muscles and joints and cause rheumatism, or decay the kidneys and cause Bright's disease.

There has never been but one known remedy for all troubles of the kidneys, and that is Warner's Safe Cure. It has been found by the medical profession to be possessed of properties unknown to any discovery of modern or ancient times. It has taken men and women too, who were in the last stages, and restored them to perfect health and strength. It is endorsed by physicians, approved by scientists, and used by the best people in the land. It is a scientific preparation and owes its popularity wholly to its power.

It should be borne in mind, however, that where there are such serious troubles as those above mentioned, only a strictly reliable preparation can be used with hope or safety.

It will pay you to bear these things in mind.

Now Fat! Soon Thin!

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills, Fruit Salt and Bands Will Make You Thin and More Comely.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The popularity of Dr. Edison's Pills, Salt and Bands for fat people has for its basis the excellence of these remedies, which reduce fat people safely, rapidly and permanently. A prominent physician pronounces this "a sure cure that cures, and cures for life."

Dr. Edison's Obesity and Supporting Bands.

Mary Allyn Barton, from the St. Louis Woman's Club, writes: "Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills have in two months given me a reduction of 50 pounds. My fat was mostly on abdomen and hips, and I am looking and feeling better than for years."

Mrs. Sara Dammrosch Stinson, Laclede av., a popular society lady, writes: "For too much fat on neck and face, I took three bottles of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and some of his Fruit Salt, and in a month they reduced me 22 pounds and gave me health and added comeliness."

Martha Williams Germaine, Chouteau avenue, writes: "My shoulders, neck and abdomen grew too fleshy, and Dr. Truman prescribed Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt. In six weeks three bottles of Pills and one of Salt reduced me 26 pounds, gave me a graceful figure and improved my general health."

Writing from Springfield, Hon. William H. Deane says: "Dr. Edison's Obesity Band reduced my abdominal measurement 10 inches in four weeks."

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used, for Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt will reduce your fat and cure your chronic diseases at the same time. Obesity Fruit Salt, $1 a bottle. Obesity Pills, $1.50 a bottle. Obesity Bands, $2.50 and up. WRITTEN GUARANTEE to refund price if Pills and Salt are taken as directed without good results, is given at Loring & Co.'s stores.

ST. LOUIS DRUGGISTS:

Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., southeast corner Sixth and Washington avenue.
Leland, Miller, Equitable building, Locust and Sixth streets.
Raboteau & Co., 114 North Broadway.
Anti-Monopoly Drug Store, Sixth and Market streets, St. Louis.

Wholesale Agents:
MEYER BROS. DRUG CO.

Send for "HOW TO CURE OBESITY," 24 columns, 200 testimonials. We mail it free and postpaid.

Send all mail, express and C. O. D. orders to us as below:

Loring & Co., General Agents,

Chicago, Department 35, No. 113 State st. New York, Department 46, No. 42 W. 22d st.

TOOK DOWN HIS OWN EVIDENCE.

Dual Role of a Court Reporter in the Dreher Case.

DOCTOR'S CHANGE OF MIND.

According to Dr. Bauduy Bertha Hunicke's Slayer Simulated Insanity Till He Lost His Mind.

Court Reporter Oliver Taylor was on the witness stand for more than half an hour in the Dreher murder case Saturday morning, testifying and reporting the proceedings at the same time. Mr. Taylor was put on by the State, which began with rebuttal testimony Friday evening, the defense having no witnesses on hand.

Mr. Taylor was the first witness called, when at 10 o'clock court convened. He read the testimony of Dr. Keating Bauduy given at the former trial of Dreher, then the doctor's statements made at this trial. At the former trial Dr. Bauduy gave it as his opinion that Dreher was simulating insanity. Dr. Bauduy said at this trial that Dreher's constant simulation had brought on an attack of dementia. Mr. Taylor swore that both statements were made by Dr. Bauduy. Mr. Bishop examined him at some length on trivial points and Taylor took the questions down, gave an answer, which he noted, and altogether was about as busy during the time he was testifying as it was possible for a man to be.

Dr. L. J. Oatman, assistant physician at the Insane Asylum, was then called by the State. He qualified as an expert from his observations at the Insane Asylum. Witness told of Dreher's escape from the Insane Asylum last year, and of his conversation with the defendant after he had been captured and brought back to the asylum. Dreher said another patient and himself had formed the plot to escape. They tore up a lot of bedding, which was converted into a rope, then let themselves down from an upper window. Dreher told Dr. Oatman that he had been shamming insanity and had succeeded in fooling a jury.

"If Duestrow takes my advice," Dreher said, "he will be cleared." Attorney Adams sailed into the witness without gloves on the cross-examination. He brought out that the doctor had been appointed assistant physician at the Insane Asylum nine months after he had graduated. He dwelt most disagreeably on the fact that Dr. Oatman is only 24 years old. The State's hypothesis was put to the doctor and he replied "sane." Witness thought that Dreher was simulating insanity.

Supt. Wm. C. Runge of the Insane Asylum qualified as an expert and then gave it as his opinion that Dreher was a simulator. He said that Dreher once petitioned him to send him back to the City Jail, saying that his mind was perfectly sound. At this juncture Mr. Bishop introduced a letter written by Dreher to Judge Henry L. Edmunds of Criminal Court No. 1. He requested the Court to appoint a lawyer for him. Dr. Runge then continued the narration of his conversation with Dreher. The latter said, concerning the killing of Bertha Hunicke, that he did not know why he had committed the deed.

Cross-examination brought out that Dr. Runge was born and educated in St. Petersburg, Russia. He attended the Washington University here for some time. He claimed to be only a beginner as an expert on mental diseases.

Dr. Joseph L. Bauer, the neurologist, was then called. He thought that the defendant was simulating insanity. Mr. Adams attacked the doctor viciously from the start. "Doctor, aren't you the same Dr. Bauer that was referred to in the Duestrow case as a Judas Iscariot?"

"I was."

"Well, wasn't that assertion almost correct?" This was a question that would have furried the average individual, but it didn't even cause Dr. Bauer to wince. He simply replied: "Well, I hardly think that the term fitted me."

When court convened at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon Dr. A. S. Barnes was called. He had treated Dreher since the latter's infancy and thought him insane.

James Pourrie, a newspaper man; Attorney James M. Rollins, Joseph Membrink, Andrew Loechel, Robert Ballinger and Jail Guard Theodore Vogt, all lay witnesses, testified that Dreher was mentally unbalanced.

Court adjourned at 3:30 o'clock until 7:30 p. m.

John Arnold, a United States prisoner confined in the City Jail awaiting trial for a charge of counterfeiting, was called when the night session began. He corroborated the statements of preceding witnesses for the defense. Arnold had a lively tilt with Mr. Bishop, because he refused at first to tell what his occupation had been before he was arrested. The question was finally withdrawn.

Dreher's leading counsel, Percival Adams, testified to his conversation with his client when he first visited him in jail.

"Dreher cursed me and said that I had rats in my head," said Adams.

After Mr. Adams had finished the defense closed. The State began its rebuttal with Officer Ritger of the Fifth District, who thought the defendant sane. Emil Schirmer, a reporter, told of a conversation with Dreher, in which the latter said at the former trial that he thought one of the jurors had a soft spot in his heart for him—the defendant—and would cause a mistrial.

VALUE OF GAS ENGINES.

The Fuel Much Cheaper Than Coal or Coke for Power.

During the past two weeks the Backus Gas Heater and Fixture Co., at 1012 Olive street, has been sending thousands upon thousands of little pamphlets through the mails, and those who receive them would do well to examine the contents. The subject matter deals with the merits of the various power gas and gasoline engines of the White & Middleton Co. of Baltimore, Md.

Every testimonial, of which there are 200 or more, calls attention to the cheapness of gas as a fuel in comparison to coal, and the facility with which the heat can be regulated. The engines may be used in printing, pumping, furnishing current for electric fans and telegraphing and all kinds of manufacturing. One purchaser writes that with a 25 horse-power engine his average fuel bill did not exceed $47.85 a month.

WILL BUILD A HOUSE.

St. Louis Cricket Club Will Have Its Own Home.

The St. Louis Cricket Club has decided to build a handsome club-house. It will be located on the cricket green in Forest Park, on the side nearest the Lindell Railway pavilion.

A meeting was held at the office of Wayman McCreery, President of the club, at which this measure, which has been for some time a pet project of Mr. McCreery, was decided on. Mr. McCreery and E. C. Simmons each subscribed $100 and the balance of the $500 necessary was guaranteed before the meeting adjourned. Work will be begun as soon as a permit can be secured.

Last season the club had about sixty members. There will be more next season, and the members are looking forward to the best season's sport on record. The club will be stronger, and matches have been arranged with the leading clubs of the country. St. Louis claims to have the strongest eleven in the West, and will contend for the Western championship.

Wine Company Assigns.

The legal troubles between the stockholders of the Charles P. Brown Wine Co. culminated Saturday in an assignment to Abraham M. Hellman for the benefit of creditors. The assets are valued at $4,500; liabilities not given.

Cripple Creek the New Mecca.
Wabash beats all competitors.

AN INVESTIGATION ASKED.

Dentist Lange's Relatives Want to Know How He Died.

The widow of Dr. William G. Lange, who dropped dead Thursday night at his home, 2835 Washington avenue, is greatly distressed over a telegram to Chief of Police Harrigan from the Chief of Police at Victoria, British Columbia, asking him to investigate the cause of death.

The telegram was instigated by Dr. Lange's father, who lives at Victoria, and had no knowledge of the facts. The cause for the message is not apparent.

All of Dr. Lange's friends know that he has been suffering from heart disease for a number of years, and both Dr. Senseney of 2833 Washington avenue and Dr. Clarence Nicholson, who were called to attend the stricken dentist, declare that death was due to heart trouble.

Within an hour after Dr. Lange's death, Mrs. Lange wired his father that her husband had died suddenly, but did not give the cause of death. This is supposed to have aroused the old gentleman's suspicions.

Dr. Lange had not been home in years, and his widow, whom he married seven years ago in Texas, has never seen his parents.

The dead man had not been on good terms with his father recently. They had not corresponded in five years, although he wrote to other members of the family in Victoria.

Deputy Coroner Lloyd went out to the residence Saturday morning to hold an inquest.

From the testimony of Mrs. Lange the presumption arose that while heart disease was the cause of death, the attack was precipitated by the deceased giving way to a fit of anger, of which the family servant, Kellie Niemann, was the object.

Mrs. Lange testified that the girl was escorted home by a man on Thursday evening. She had complained to Dr. Lange that she had lost the key to her room. He discovered by some means that the girl's escort had the key to her room. He suspected that he visited her in the room, and later in the evening he went to the room to investigate. The door was bolted and the servant refused to open it. Dr. Lange decided to wait for the arrival of a boarder named Bartholomew to assist him in forcing the door. While awaiting him he went down to attend to the furnace, and his wife heard him fall. Two doctors were called in, but he was dead when they arrived. Mrs. Lange testified that the deceased had been subject to attacks of heart disease. He was thrown from a buggy some years ago and his system was badly shaken by the fall.

After hearing the testimony Deputy Coroner Lloyd decided to hold a post-mortem before rendering a verdict. The post-mortem will be held Saturday afternoon.

WANTS TO BE A DELEGATE.

Col. Nick Bell Would Go to Chicago Even Though Instructed.

Col. Nick Bell has declared himself a candidate for delegate to the Democratic National Convention from the Eleventh District.

The Colonel acknowledges that he is still bound to the gold idol, but thinks that should not interfere with his prospects to go to Chicago as a delegate from Missouri, since the delegation will be instructed for a 16 to 1 plank anyhow, and he was never known to go back on instructions.

"But I am not a gold-bug in the common acceptation of that term," Col. Bell protested to a Post-Dispatch reporter. "I defined my views on the currency question at the Pertle Springs Convention in an amendment I offered to the coinage plank of the platform. In that amendment, which, of course, was lost, I wanted the Missouri Democracy to commit itself to the coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, provided the Government would pledge its credit, its power and its faith to maintain that ratio. That is my platform to-day."

TOO MUCH CURIOSITY.

Adolphus Busch Wanted to Know What Was in a Mule's Hoof.

Adolphus Busch, colored, employed by Alderman Jim Cronin, was kicked in the right thigh by a vicious mule Friday afternoon.

Busch was trying to see what was the matter with the mule's foot. At the City Dispensary Dr. Newcomb tried to discover what was the matter with Adolphus. When Adolphus had recovered consciousness under Dr. Newcomb's treatment the physician gravely informed him that had the mule been a white one the kick would have proved fatal, as the hoof of a white mule contains poison.

DUNRAVEN'S APOLOGY.

A Letter From the Earl on the Way to New York.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Saturday Review to-day mentions a rumor to the effect that a fitting and ample apology from Lord Dunraven to the New York Yacht Club is already on its way to the United States.

SEARCHING FOR HER HUSBAND.

Young Mrs. McGlade and Her Two Children Deserted.

Mrs. Mamie McGlade, 21 years old, called on Chief Harrigan Saturday and asked him to help her find her husband, John McGlade, who came here about two months ago. The McGlades lived at Cedar Rapids, Io. McGlade, who is a bricklayer, left his wife with their two children and promised to send for them as soon as he secured work. He came to St. Louis. Mrs. McGlade waited until last Monday, but up to that time she received no word from him. Then she left her children in care of friends and came here.

Mrs. McGlade says she will get employment and remain here until she finds her husband. McGlade is 30 years old.

ROPE MILL TO RESUME.

A Galveston Firm Gets Out of a Trust's Clutches.

GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 8.—The owners of the Galveston rope mill, which has been idle over two years, will reopen it Feb. 21. Orders have been placed for 1,000 bales of sisal per month from Progreso, Mexico. The mill was bought up by the trust three years ago, was saved from a receivership by the local owners and is now out of debt, with an increased capital stock.

VISITORS IN THE CITY.

L. T. Vance of Akron, O., is at the Planters'.
Samuel Rust of Springfield, Mo., is at the Southern.
Capt. R. H. Keith, a capitalist of Kansas City, is at the Southern.
Joseph D. Lucas has returned to the city from Hot Springs. He is at the St. Nicholas.
A. Hirsch of Leeds, England, is at the St. Nicholas.
W. P. Coleman of Rich Hill, Mo., is at the St. Nicholas.
M. Ribard of Paris, France, is at the Planters'.
M. T. Powell, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Railway Telegraphers of Peoria, Ill., is at the Laclede Hotel, en route to Kansas City, where he will lecture. J. R. T. Austin accompanies him.
C. B. Halbert, a merchant of Sheridan, N. Y., is at the Laclede, en route to Florida.
L. B. Rich, a real estate man of Chicago, is at the Laclede.
E. T. Patt of Kansas City and his bride, formerly Miss Annette Perrin, are at the Planters'.
T. E. Peters, a wholesaler of fish at Baltimore, is at the Southern.
L. B. Simmons, a banker of New York City, is at the Planters'.

Ryan Wants 10,000 Damages.

Frank K. Ryan brought suit in the United States Circuit Court for $10,000 damages against the Edward Heitzberg Packing and Provision Co. Saturday. Plaintiff alleges that the defendant has since 1891 been manufacturing and selling certain gas pumps, the letters patent of which are vested in him. He alleges he has lost $10,000 in royalties that would have been paid to him.

A WIFE'S PROPERTY.

Judge Klein Decides the Husband's Common Law Title Prevails.

Judge Jacob Klein handed down a decision Saturday morning which is important because it involves the question of whether the act of March 25, 1875, creating a separate estate in a wife's personal property, inclusive of her rights of action, and providing that the same shall not be deemed to have been reduced to the possession of the husband by his use, but only by her express consent in writing—applied to marriages contracted prior to the passage of the act, with regard to personal property coming to the wife after its passage; or conversely, whether the husband's common law right to become the absolute owner of the wife's personal property is a vested right, which cannot be abridged by subsequent legislation, even as to property coming to her after the passage of such legislation.

The case in point was the suit of Cordelia H. Leete, wife of Dr. James M. Leete, to recover four St. Charles Bridge bonds, which the State Bank of St. Louis had held to secure an indebtedness of her husband.

Mrs. Leete contended that these bonds had been purchased by her with money that was left to her after her marriage. The bank's defense was that her property had been always in her husband's care and identified with his and was practically his.

The suit was filed in 1889 and has been in litigation ever since.

It was tried once before Judge Klein, who, following a decision of the Supreme Court, held that the law did apply to protect a wife's property acquired after its passage. The bank carried the case to the Supreme Court, where Division No. 2 reversed the decision of the First Division and remanded the cause with instructions.

The case was tried again before Judge Klein and his decision Saturday is the result of this second trial.

Judge Klein holds that the instructions of the Supreme Court leave him no other course than to decide in favor of the defendant, and hold that a husband's common law vested rights cannot be taken away by any law passed after his marriage, even as to property acquired by his wife after the passage of the law.

The point is a complicated one, and lawyers have long wished to see it definitely settled; which, however, Judge Klein's opinion does not do, as there still remains the apparent conflict between the two divisions of the Supreme Court. An appeal may now be taken by the plaintiff in order to get another ruling of the higher tribunal.

LOUDEN'S DEATH.

The Coroner Declares it Due to an "Accidental Overdose of Morphine."

Deputy Coroner Lloyd Saturday concluded the inquest over D. M. Louden's remains and returned a verdict that the deceased had come to his death from an accidental overdose of laudanum.

The testimony of Mrs. Annie Furth, who lives at 2650 Pine street, wound up the inquest Saturday. Deputy Lloyd had been looking for Mrs. Furth for two days, and on this account had to delay the inquest. Friday he called at 2650 Pine street and was told that Mrs. Furth was out nursing a sick woman. He called at the sick woman's house, but Mrs. Furth was not there. Then he returned to the Coroner's office and issued an attachment for Mrs. Furth. She was brought to the Four Courts Saturday by the police.

Mrs. Furth explained that she had not been told that a Coroner's subpoena was out for her. Dr. Lloyd then took her testimony. She said that last Sunday, while she was laying in bed about 5 o'clock in the morning at 2650 Pine street, she heard the door of the room occupied by Louden or "Norris" open. Then she saw from her room, the door of which was pen, a woman dressed in black appear. A black shawl was thrown over her head and shoulders. Mrs. Furth could not see the woman's face. This was all she knew about the Louden case.

TWO YEARS IN PRISON.

The Sentence Imposed Upon Editor Dunlop of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Joseph R. Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dispatch, was to-day sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and a fine of $2,000 for circulating through the mails indecent matter contained in the daily issues of his newspaper.

TO RAISE EXCHANGE FEES.

Proposition Submitted to Chicago Live Stock Men.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 8.—A proposition to increase the membership fee in the Chicago Live Stock Exchange from $500 to $2,500 is to be submitted to members. The fee has long been considered too low for the advantages accruing to active members in the Exchange.

The proposition also includes authority to the Board of Directors upon the death of any member to pay his estate $1,000 providing the membership held by his heirs be surrendered and cancelled. For this purpose an assessment will be levied pro rata among members. It is thought that the demand for new memberships will be sufficient to absorb all memberships so surrendered at full value.

Kansas City has increased her membership to $1,000 without any provision for taking up and cancelling memberships upon the death of a member. Her memberships are to-day selling at about $800.

St. Louis has increased her membership fee during the last year to $1,000. This has increased the selling prices from $250 to $700.

Bank Clearings.

The total bank clearings for the week just closed, together with the percentage of increase or decrease over the corresponding week of last year, follow:

		Inc.	Dec.
New York	$560,862,298	2.3	....
Chicago	84,865,451	....	4.7
Boston	81,951,417	....	7.9
Philadelphia	67,852,386	4.3	....
St. Louis	23,803,609	2.1	....
San Francisco	11,627,295	....	0.8
Baltimore	14,340,056	10.8	....
Pittsburg	13,923,437	9.4	....
Cincinnati	10,843,050	....	13.6
Kansas City	9,604,965	8.17	....
New Orleans	7,623,288	10.5	....
Buffalo	4,006,480	4.9	....
Milwaukee	5,056,486	....	0.7
Detroit	6,019,296	18.3	....
Louisville	7,135,675	....	4.5
Minneapolis	8,433,398	100.7	....
Omaha	4,417,494	24.2	....
Providence	5,307,500	14.2	....
Cleveland	5,945,286	20.0	....
Houston	5,229,233	....	10.8
St. Paul	4,966,843	28.8	....
Denver	2,825,713	....	....
Indianapolis	4,075,114	10.0	....
Columbus, O	3,426,300	11.4	....
Hartford	2,660,056	8.9	....
Richmond	2,232,120	....	12.2
Washington	1,930,122	9.6	....
Salt Lake	1,108,806	16.1	....
Dallas	2,326,704	2.1	....
St. Joseph	1,262,900	....	8.6
Peoria	1,826,816	....	12.9
Memphis	2,700,805	27.9	....

Must Not Insult Tenants.

Judge Thomas Peabody impressed upon Edward P. Welty Saturday that a landlord has no right to insult his tenants. Peabody fined him $10 for disturbing the peace and $5 for carrying concealed weapons.

Friday night Welty and his wife, who had driven to town from 4970 Columbia avenue, stopped at Twenty-second street and Clark avenue to collect rent along a row of houses belonging to them. In one of these houses, No. 2228 Clark avenue, was a negro named Bristol Bowen, who was allowed to live on Welty's premises without paying rent, but under the stipulation that he was to carry away ashes and keep the row of houses neat generally. Welty notified Bowen that he would have to move out, as he was not satisfied with the manner in which he performed his duties.

Bowen claimed in the Police Court Saturday that Welty had used bad language, flourished a revolver and threatened to shoot him.

LATEST FROM EL PASO.

Govs. Thornton and Ahumada Sizing Up the Situation.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 8.—After a stay here over night, Gov. Thornton left this morning for Santa Fe. The Governor got in from Las Cruces on the train that brought Peter Maher to town last night, and curiously enough the pair took the same train out of here this morning. Sheriff Ascasate, who accompanied the fighters to El Paso, returned with him to Las Cruces this morning and was advised by the Governor that his vigilance was unnecessary, as the Federal Government has relieved him of all responsibility in the matter. Just where the Governor obtains this interpretation of the law is not known here, lawyers arguing that under the new Federal act the Government must be called upon by the local Territorial Governors for assistance in suppressing fights before the troops can be ordered out.

Horace Leeds, the Atlantic City man, who is to meet Jack Everhardt, got in this morning with Capt. Glori, and with his arrival every fighter who is to take part in the six battles is on the ground. Sam Austin of New York, temporary stakeholder, now en route, wires that he will turn over the money, insuring the purses to the stakeholder, Lawler, at Houston to-morrow morning and continue on here.

George Siler, the referee, arrives in the morning from Chicago. Gov. Ahumada of Chihuahua is expected at Juarez to-day. The quaint town is in holiday attire to receive him. His Excellency's arrival, it is understood, is to look over the Mexican border lines with a view to protecting Mexican territory against invasion by the pugilists.

BOND SCHEME NIPPED.

An Alleged Mr. O'Neil Arrested Whil Attempting to Raise $200.

A young man styling himself Dave O'Neil now occupies a prison cell because of his desire to raise money without doing manual labor.

Last week an advertisement appeared in the Globe-Democrat for a collector. William Hewitt, living at 4163 Wyoming street, answered it.

Friday morning a young man called at Hewitt's house and said he was collector for the O'Neil Lumber Co. on Clark avenue. He was going to resign his position and the firm wanted to get a good man in his place. He asked Hewitt if he could put up $200 cash as security. Hewitt said he could.

"Well, meet me in front of the O'Neil Lumber Co. at 2 o'clock this afternoon and I'll fix it for you," said the nice young man as he left.

At the appointed hour Hewitt called at the company's office and was met in front of the place by his friend of the morning and a stranger. The stranger was introduced as Dave O'Neil, manager of the lumber company. O'Neil was a pleasant gentleman and took Hewitt to a restaurant nearby for dinner. Then they went to the Southern Hotel.

Here the pseudo O'Neil asked Hewitt if he had the required $200 deposit. He replied in the negative, but promised to be at the Southern Saturday morning with the money.

In the meantime Hewitt went to the O'Neil Lumber Co. and learned that they did not want a collector. He then informed the police. Saturday morning Hewitt, accompanied by Detective Gocking, called on O'Neil at the Southern Hotel.

Arrangements were perfected, but when it came to writing a receipt for the money O'Neil said his right arm was injured and asked Hewitt to draw up the form, saying he would sign it. Hewitt wrote the receipt and when O'Neil affixed his signature Detective Gocking stepped forward and arrested him.

A warrant for attempted grand larceny was issued against the self-styled O'Neil Saturday morning.

BEATEN BY BANK BURGLARS.

Watchman Knocked Unconscious and Safe Robbed of $300.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 8.—Bank robbers made a bold raid on the State National Bank at Savannah, Mo., sixteen miles from here, last night. They beat the night watchman into insensibility and then effected an entrance to the vault. Here they secured about $300 worth of stamps belonging to the Postoffice, but were unable to open the safe containing the funds of the bank. Three characters who have been hanging around the town are suspected.

MISFORTUNE FOLLOWS HER.

Hilda Blais of Red Bud, Ill., Now Has Diphtheria.

Misfortune follows Hilda Blais, the Red Bud (Ill.) girl who attempted to commit suicide at Cook's Hotel, a few days ago.

Saturday morning, her father, Charles Blais, called at the City Hospital to take her home, but Dr. Sutter would not let Hilda go. She now has diphtheria. The girl is being treated with the City Health Department's anti-toxin.

Dr. Sutter says that out of fifty-four cases of diphtheria he has treated all but four recovered. He believes this to be the best record of any hospital in the United States.

PRICE OF CHARGERS.

Ninety Cost the Government Between $150 and $175 a Head.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

DANVILLE, Ky., Feb. 8.—Capt. J. B. Aleshire of the United States Army Quartermaster's Department, St. Louis, accompanied by Dr. Farrel, veterinary, is in Danville receiving ninety head of cavalry horses furnished on contract by L. H. Hudson. Hudson is believed to have furnished the horses at between $150 and $175 per head.

MRS. MINER CONVICTED.

One Son Was Also Found Guilty, But the Other Was Acquitted.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 8.—The jury in the sensational murder trial of Mrs. Mary Miner and her sons, Simon and William, at Kenton, has returned a verdict of manslaughter against the mother and Simon. William was acquitted. They were charged with the murder of William Rumbaugh, a wealthy citizen of McGuffey.

Wann Wreck Suits Compromised.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

EDWARDSVILLE, Ill., Feb. 8.—Two more suits resulting from the famous Wann railroad disaster have just been compromised. Thomas Philbrick, who almost died from his injuries, and is fearfully disfigured, receives $2,750, and the administrator of Chas. Hennan gets $1,500. The cases of John Lillerell and John and William Ballentyne remain to be tried.

Normal School Building Burned.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 8.—One of the main buildings of the State Normal School at West Liberty burned this morning, loss $30,000.

Keep
Your blood pure, your appetite vigorous, your digestion good, your liver and bowels in a healthy condition and you need not fear pneumonia, grip, colds or fevers. Take
Hood's
Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

A THOROUGH WHITEWASH.

The City Hall Investigating Committee Did Just What Was Expected.

As was predicted from the start by the Post-Dispatch the Heckel committee has whitewashed the builders of the new City Hall. The bucket was capacious and the brush was wide, and they laid the whitewash on with a vigorous hand. Noonan was overlooked, O'Meara was forgotten, the iron work went unnoticed and Mayor Walbridge was not mentioned. Pat Clarke, who was put on the committee to protect the Mayor and the Noonan push, did his work so well as to have deserved their everlasting gratitude.

The solitary piece of censure in the whole thing was directed against President McMath of the Board of Public Improvements. It is the same old attack which was originated by City Counselor Marshall to protect the man who appointed him to office and to cover up his own part in the scandal which grew out of his ruling.

Attention is called to the fact that he testified that he was not an architect by profession and that he had not given the building his constant personal inspection. Upon this the committee adds:

"Your committee regrets to announce that the testimony plainly shows throughout that the President of the Board of Public Improvements, Mr. McMath, is mainly responsible for whatever complications have arisen since the passage of ordinance 17,218, where, by reason of insufficient inspection or inefficient inspection, the blunderings and unwarrantable delays were caused."

And that is all. After months of mysterious investigation with ample proof before them of crooked work of the worst character the great and good gentlemen of the committee failed to discover anything radically wrong. Knowing to a certainty that the iron work had been "skimmed," that the brick work had been juggled with and iron linings of the chimneys left out, they forgot to mention it. After being shown that the cut-stone work was let three times in order to give the contract to the Pickel Stone Co. they failed to look into it or to say anything in their report.

On the contrary, they insist that the building is the best that could have been constructed for the money.

As Prof. Ives tersely put it a short time ago: "Suppose someone did steal a few dollars? What does it amount to so long as we have a good building for the money?"

This seems to have been the policy of the committee throughout. They avoided hurting the feelings of anyone in order to protect their friends who are in politics and who may some day arise again to the surface of the pool.

ACCUSES A DEAD MAN.

Murphy, Alleged Embezzler, Says a Self-Slain Man Is Guilty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 8.—Clarence Murphy, who was arrested about a week ago by Detective F. S. Chappelle and charged with being the person who robbed the Salem (Mass.) Savings Bank, professes to have no fear of the consequences. He denies that he admitted to Marshal Hart, who has arrived from Salem, that he is the man wanted.

"But," he continued, "the person who robbed the bank need have no fear that he will be prosecuted. The fact of the matter is that Treasurer Simon, who afterwards committed suicide, is the guilty party and his friends have arranged the matter satisfactorily. The reward which was at first offered has been allowed to stand good; hence my arrest."

Murphy's attorney has gone to Sacramento in the hope of controverting the requisition papers signed by the Governor.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 8.—Gov. Budd issued a warrant yesterday on a requisition from Gov. Greenhalge of Massachusetts for the arrest of Clarence Murphy, a former bank clerk in Massachusetts, charged with embezzling $40,000 of bank funds.

KIRKWOOD ELECTRIC ROAD.

It Was Turned Over to the Company by Contractor Baumhoff To-Day.

The Kirkwood and St. Louis Electric road was turned over to the company this afternoon by George W. Baumhoff, the contractor.

J. D. Houseman, Jr., general manager of the road, accepted the property on behalf of the company. There are several minor disagreements between the contractor and the company that remain to be adjusted, but these were waived for future settlement and the company took possession of the road.

Manager Houseman took a party of friends, among them several ladies, over the new line to-day. He expects to have it opened for the public within the next few days.

There remains a few days work to be done on the roadbed. This will be done by the contractor, but need in no way interfere with the operation of the road if the company gets ready before it is completed.

SOUTH BROADWAY MERCHANTS.

They Will Send a South End Bridge Committee to Washington.

At a special meeting of the South Broadway Merchants' Association Friday night it was unanimously decided to send a committee of three to Washington, D. C., to work for Congressman Bartholdt's amendment to the third bridge bill, requiring the bridge to be located in South St. Louis.

The committee consists of President Chas. H. Thuner, Ben Westhus and L. F. Hammer. In response to a communication from the North St. Louis Improvement Association for a conference, an invitation was extended a committee from that association to attend the committee.

A committee of five was appointed to distribute circulars asking for contributions to defray the expenses incident to the agitation. The petition forwarded Dr. Bartholdt contained 10,000 signatures and was 567 feet in length.

The Market Committee reported that it had secured from Mayor Walbridge a permit for farmers and gardeners to stand on the east side of Broadway, south of Hickory street.

BURIED IN A SEWER.

Two Workmen Badly Hurt by the Overturning of a Bucket.

Dan Rogers and Dan Keating were working in the big sewer on Finney avenue, near Clarendon. Friday, when they were caught under a bucketful of earth and seriously injured.

The earth was being hoisted in a large bucket, and when it reached the top the engine rope slipped and the contents fell to the sewer below. Both men were buried beneath it.

An ambulance was called and the men sent home. Rogers lives at 5317 North Broadway. He was taken to the City Hospital. He received internal injuries and may die. Keating was conveyed to his home at 2116½ O'Fallon street. He received serious internal injuries and bruises.

DR. CORNWALL'S SUIT.

A Case That Contributed to the Nation's Gayety Comes to Trial.

The trial of the suit of Dr. John Cornwall against the McFarland Real Estate Co. was begun before Judge Valliant Saturday morning.

This suit is the one out of which Dr. Cornwall's differences with Notary Julia Carroll grew which resulted in his being committed for contempt. He managed to squirm out of the punishment on a technicality. During the taking of the depositions Attorneys E. A. B. Garesche and Fisse came near having a personal difficulty.

Suit Against a Book Concern.

J. B. De Shazo of Fort Worth, Tex., has sued The National Company, a book concern, with headquarters in St. Louis, for $439.50, on an account. The plaintiff conducted the agency at Fort Worth and the account is for rent, salary and commissions.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA.

Physicians Urgently Advise Use of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

Well-Known Physicians Enthusiastic in Their Statements of the Wonderful Curative Powers of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

DR. JOB SWEET.

One of the most noted physicians and surgeons is Dr. Job Sweet of New Bedford, Mass. He makes the public statement that he has often recommended the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to his patients who have been suffering from nervous troubles and he has learned that in a large number of these cases it has proven efficacious.

Dr. Willard H. Morse, F. B. S. Sc., of Westfield, N. J., the great expert on medicine, says of this grand discovery of Dr. Greene:

"The true remedy for nervous disease is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It acts by affecting the organs of nutrition, and entering into the formation of new nerve tissue, which generates nerve force. This means the making of new nerves."

The well-known Dr. Emil Neumer, superintending physician of the N. Y. Lodge and Association Hospital, says:

"We are using Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy at this hospital for our patients with good success."

Dr. B. D. Bickford of Wolcott, Va., states: "I have used Dr. Greene's Nerwura blood and nerve remedy for some time, first trying it on myself, and I found it did me so much good that I now recommend it to my patients. The fact that I have used it in my own case shows that I know what I am talking about. As a tonic and invigorant it is the best of all to build up a person."

Dr. Robert W. Lance of So. Woodbury, Vt., says:

"I have known about Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and the good results in cases, as a tonic, after hard sickness, and the cure of nervous females. They have received great good from its use. I do not hesitate to recommend it."

Dr. C. W. Cook of Carmel, Ind., says:—"I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for my patients and have found the remedy all that was claimed for it. The results have been entirely satisfactory. I think it is worthy and I recommend its use."

Such enthusiastic endorsement by physicians stamps this remarkable medical discovery as the greatest restorer of health and strength. It certainly cures more cases of disease than any other known remedy. It makes all who take it strong and well. It is the prescription and discovery of a well-known physician, Dr. Greene of 35 West 14th st., New York City, who can be consulted without charge, personally or by letter.

THE CAN EXPLODED.

Fatal Result of Mrs. Mescke's Use of Kerosene as Tinder.

Mrs. Annie Mescke was so frightfully burned Friday afternoon that she lived little more than an hour.

While she was preparing the evening meal the fire in the kitchen stove did not burn so briskly as she desired and she started to hasten it by the use of kerosene. She poured the oil on the fire, it ignited and followed the stream to the can. An explosion followed. The burning fluid covered her dress. With presence of mind she ran and jumped into bed and drew the blankets around her, but the flames had gained such headway that they could not be smothered. A neighbor rushed in, but it was ten minutes before the blaze about Mrs. Mescke's body could be extinguished, and by that time the house was afire.

The unfortunate woman, suffering untold agonies, was taken to the City Hospital, where remedies were applied to ease the pain. In half an hour she lapsed into unconsciousness and in another half hour she was dead.

Mrs. Mescke lived at 2312 Menard street and was only recently married. She was 21 years old. Her husband is employed by the Laclede Gas Co.

Two Unwelcome Visitors.

Charleston Rivers, colored, and a dusky companion entered Charles Holiner's tailor shop at 1517 Franklin avenue Friday evening and asked to be shown some goods. Rivers' partner snatched a bolt of cloth valued at $6 and fled. A clerk pursued him and succeeded in forcing him to drop the cloth, but he escaped. Rivers was captured by Holiner and locked up.

Destitute Widows and Children.

Poverty and sickness have forced Mrs. Amanda Williams, a widow, to ask the police to assist her and her eight children. The family lives at 117 East Stein street. Four of Mrs. Williams' children, including two of the oldest, are confined with the measles. Mrs. Williams is hardly able to procure enough food for her family, and the children need medical attendance.

Struck by a Street Car.

A Citizens' Railway car struck a vehicle belonging to the Sprague Building Co. and driven by William Stafford, at Union and Easton avenues, Friday. Stafford was thrown into the street and sustained a painful injury to his right leg. He was taken to his home at 1367 Temple place.

DISCHARGED WITHOUT TRIAL.

Albert Zender Got the Benefit of Chandler's Good Luck.

Albert Zender was discharged Friday in the Court of Criminal Correction by Judge Murphy without trial. He was arraigned on a charge of immoral conduct with Mrs. Paul Marty, with whom he boarded.

Attorney Dierkes, who represented the injured husband, informed the Court that Marty had taken Zender in when he was homeless and penniless and had provided for him. He said he was prepared to prove by reputable witnesses that Zender had repaid him by repeatedly defiling his home.

Attorney Fitzgerald defended Zender. He relied on the recent decision of the Supreme Court on the Chandler-Coyle liaison to clear his client and he was not disappointed.

In dismissing the case Judge Murphy said he sympathized with Marty, but in view of the recent ruling of the Supreme Court there was nothing left for him to do.

Mr. Dierkes thought that according to the decision of the Supreme Court there could be no violation of the Seventh Commandment, no matter how plain the facts might be presented, to which opinion the Court assented.

The Diagram Plan.

The plan of using diagrams to illustrate relative size or value of things and amounts makes the pages of the Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1896 interesting reading. Five hundred pages, 1,000 topics, 10,000 facts. Thirty ages are devoted especially to St. Louis. Price 25 cents.

Kirkwood Sunday School Rally.

St. Louis County Sunday-school workers held a rally in the M. E. Church at Kirkwood Friday afternoon and night. A number of entertaining papers were read. The delegates were entertained by the Kirkwood ladies. The rally was the first of a series to be held at various points in the county this season.

Plumber Painfully Burned.

A plumber's gasoline lamp which John Schultz was using on the new building at 2308 Michigan avenue was accidentally knocked over Friday, and in attempting to extinguish the flames Schultz was painfully burned about the face and hands. He was taken to his home at 2308 Michigan avenue.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.

CHARLES H. JONES,
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Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

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Entitled to the Fullest Confidence.

From a letter to Chas. H. Jones, Editor and Manager.

It is the opinion of your Committee, after as careful and thorough an examination as has ever been given to any newspaper, that the Post-Dispatch is entitled to the fullest confidence of the community, and so far as we can learn, no misstatement or over statements have been made in regard to circulation or advertising patronage, and that the entire manner in which the business end of the paper is conducted is highly creditable to yourself and your associates.

LON V. STEPHENS,
State Treasurer of Missouri.

ISAAC H. STURGEON,
Comptroller of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

R. M. SCRUGGS,
Pres't Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co.

B. HILLMAN,
of Siegel, Hillman & Co.

ALFRED B. ROSE,
Pres't of the H.-O. Co., Advertising Manager Scott & Bowne.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"The Span of Life."
OLYMPIC—Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew.
HAMLIN'S—"The Struggle of Life."
STANDARD—Rents-Santley Co.

CLUMSY WHITEWASHING.

Citizens who take the trouble to read the report of the City Hall Investigating Committee will find in it cause for special wonder and much rubbing of eyes and wrinkling of brows.

The committee finds no proper record of the adoption of plans and no set of complete plans adopted. It finds irregularities and confusion, bad material and bad workmanship. It finds that there has been no proper supervision of the work, but contractors have been allowed to do what they please. It finds that the cost of the building is $500,000 in excess of the original estimate.

On the other hand, the committee finds that the contracts have been let at prices under the original estimate; that the work has been well done; that the errors can be corrected without cost to the city, and that the city has a better building than it ought to expect for the money. In short, the work has been well and ill done, the building cost more and cost less than it ought, there has been no supervision, yet the work has had the benefit of supervision.

As to blame, the committee finds no fault with any one except President McMath, who frankly confessed that he had not inspected the work done when he took charge nor supervised the work done under him. Mr. McMath committed the fatal blunder of telling the truth. If he had kept silent we presume he would have received high commendation for his conscientious and capable supervision.

The committee probably deserves commendation for the labor expended in its job of whitewashing, but the work is clumsy—exceedingly clumsy and inartistic.

"A PATRIOTIC FINANCIER."

A weekly publication, which is never suspected of humor, publishes a photograph of J. Pierpont Morgan with the title, "A Patriotic Financier."

When the Government fell into difficulties over the gold reserve and Mr. Morgan's counsel was asked he advised the President to sell him and his friends 4 per cent thirty-year bonds at 104½, 10 or 12 per cent below their market value. Mr. Morgan and his friends made about $11,000,000 on Mr. Morgan's patriotic advice.

When the Government again got into difficulties Mr. Morgan at once formed a syndicate to corner the gold market so that he could again sell gold to the Government on the same profitable terms.

But when the President was forced by public opinion to decline Mr. Morgan's patriotic help and to make a popular loan, Mr. Morgan put in a bid for the same kind of bonds he had bought before 6 per cent above the price at which he had advised the President to sell. His bid was as low as he could make it and cut off his biggest competitors. It was far below the market price and will gain for Mr. Morgan $35,000,000 of the bonds at a handsome profit.

By taking Mr. Morgan's advice Mr. Cleveland caused the people to lose many millions. By rejecting his proffered help he has saved them many millions. By selling one-half the bonds to Mr. Morgan at a price much better than the price he advised the President to take the Government will lose several millions.

This is patriotism according to Wall Street. If the weekly publication referred to had accompanied its picture of Mr. Morgan with its definition of patriotism it would have won at a stroke a high place among the humorous periodicals.

WHAT IT MEANS.

In the midst of the rejoicings over the success of the popular loan—rejoicings which are quite proper and legitimate—we should not lose sight of what it means for the people of the United States who have to pay the taxes.

The new bonds bear 4 per cent interest and run for thirty years. The annual interest on them is $4,000,000, and when they mature thirty years hence, there will have been paid upon them in interest the sum total of $120,000,000. In addition to this, the principal of $100,000,000 must be repaid.

This means that in return for the use of $112,000,000 the taxpayers of the United States must pay $220,000,000.

And for what?

President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle and their apologists and defenders deny that one dollar of it is to be used to pay the current expenses of the Government. Not one dollar of it can be lawfully used for such a purpose. Why, then, has this burden of $220,000,000 been imposed upon the tax-payers?

For the sole purpose of placing gold in the United States Treasury for the convenience of the shylocks and "financiers" of America and Europe, who find it cheaper to drain the Treasury when they want gold in conducting their transactions than to keep it on hand in their own banks and places of deposit. They cannot drain the Bank of England or the Bank of France, because the governors of those banks would immediately raise the price of gold on them if they tried it. The United States is the only country in the world that imposes new burdens upon its tax-payers in order to provide a supply of gold which the shylocks can draw upon at will and without cost to themselves.

A RELIEF AND A WARNING.

The Post-Dispatch does not share the general hope that Senator Vest's excoriation of Secretary Morton will have a beneficial effect on that gentleman.

It requires some degree of wisdom to profit by rebuke and Secretary Morton has never shown that he possessed a spark of wisdom. He is a Smart Aleck, a species of humankind impervious to rebuke, counsel or satire.

But Senator Vest is to be congratulated upon his happy effort to depict Secretary Morton as he is. It may not enable the Secretary to see himself as others see him, but it will give deep satisfaction to the millions of Americans who lacked the requisite vocabulary with which to express their opinion of Morton and whose unuttered sentiments the Missouri Senator has so aptly and wittily expressed. The plain people will be happier for the relief the Senator's speech gives them.

But the speech may do good in another way. It may be the means of saving the people from another Morton infliction. It is a warning to future Presidents that freaks are not eligible to the Cabinet.

TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

To-morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch will contain the best and most striking features, the handsomest illustrations, the brightest and most graphically told news of any Sunday newspaper in the West or South. The Post-Dispatch's facilities in the news, literary and artistic field make this possible; its determination to be the leading Sunday journal outside of New York City makes it certain. Week after week passes by with its confident promises of entertainment and timely instruction more than fulfilled.

Here are some of the features for to-morrow:

Society's Buds Among Those of Nature's Own Gardens—A dainty half-page drawing by Russell, showing a morning gathering of beautiful St. Louis girls in a West End florist's establishment. Every sweet feminine face in the picture will be a portrait of some St. Louis society debutante of this season.

George Gould, Fox Hunter and Cross-Country Rider—This young millionaire follows the hounds fearlessly, and this story tells of his prowess, with a big illustration showing him in the field, and an incidental account of a most spirited hunt in which he took part.

A Day With the St. Louis Mounted Police—Brilliantly illustrated story of the arduous work of the forty-five gallant cavalrymen who patrol the city's suburban districts day and night. How they are trained, disciplined and managed, and the territory they cover. A picturesque narrative.

A Page of Presidential Year Politics—It behooves every voter now to keep intelligently posted on the great and vital issues to be confronted by the parties seeking the people's support, and this page is established for that exact purpose. It will be especially devoted every Sunday to the political interests of the great Southwest.

A Hale and Stalwart Soldier-Priest—Striking and vivid half-page series of character drawings of Rev. Dr. P. G. Robert in the pulpit of the Episcopal Church of the Holy Communion; accompanied by a most interesting history of that church and its auxiliary organizations.

It Is a Great and Busy Place—Illustrated description of the new horse and mule markets just established in East St. Louis by the National Stock Yards; one of the vigorous enterprises that successfully keep this city in the front place as a live stock market.

This Man Died 1,817 Years Ago—Faithful account and striking picture of the Roman corpse unearthed the other day in the ruins of Pompeii. How a cast of the lava-encrusted body was taken by alert scientists.

It Is Better Than a Mouse-Trap—Here's the story of a grotesque invention recently patented—the lifelike statuette of a cat with gleaming, phosphorescent eyes. A New Yorker placed one in his cellar recently and a rat in a hole opposite died of starvation rather than come out within reach of such a monster. Illustrated.

Correct Garb for Cycling Women—This question of dress for the wheel has been the hardest problem womankind has ever had to solve. They will find its definite solution in this story.

Fighters and Fists at the Approaching El Paso Carnival—A big half-page series of cuts showing the faces of all the great pugilists who are billed to appear there; also the respective knuckles and "dukes" that will try and mar the beauty of these respective faces.

Space will not permit mention of further features of to-morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch, but there'll be lots of 'em, and all good. The two illustrated pages of fun will also be there, the great Seven-Story Page, the unequaled Woman's Page, the authoritative Sporting and Dramatic Pages, the Religious, Musical and Literary Pages, and all the other features and departments that have now so endeared the Sunday Post-Dispatch to its readers. You can't afford to miss the Sunday Post-Dispatch if you wish to live appreciatively in the vital present.

The great home paper's success in St. Louis has been marvelous, but its patronage is still growing. Whenever the people find a good thing they push it along, just as they have pushed the Post-Dispatch, the paper having the largest and best circulation in the city.

It is telegraphed to the Post-Dispatch that the heavy hand of the Attorney-General of the State of New York is to be laid upon the coal combine. The hands of most attorneys-general are so heavy that they hang limp and useless in the presence of a Trust.

Mayor Walbridge is making some progress out in the State, but he needs time. It is difficult for so vast a State as Missouri to all at once observe the virtues of a candidate who is lost, as it were, in the density of a metropolitan population.

After nullifying the concealed weapons law, Gov. Bradley now proposes to use the bayonet to intimidate the Legislature of Kentucky. Billy is getting on swimmingly, but if he doesn't watch out he will drown himself.

It is remarkable that the President and Mr. Carlisle are rejoicing over the success of the bond issue when it so clearly shows how they played into the hands of the unscrupulous syndicate with the previous issue.

There cannot be any good in delaying action upon the charges against Judge Scott of Oklahoma. If he is guilty he cannot be too soon punished; if he is innocent he cannot be too soon vindicated.

Haughty army officers are protesting against being required to do police duty at prize fights and chicken meetings, but in this peaceful country good soldiers soon rust if they have no object in life.

Issues of bonds have been the result of the maintenance of the gold standard. Uncle Samuel grows poorer under that standard every day. He is going further and further into debt.

Considering the number of people who have been hastening out of Havana since Weyler got his commission, the confidence he talks of restoring is not likely to come in a day.

Morton's organization is said to extend to all parts of the country. An enormous mail reaches his headquarters every day and his active friends propose to keep the bar'l rolling.

His sudden importance may so swell the head of the Indiana delegate that he will demand substantial reasons why he should vote for any particular candidate at St. Louis.

Pierpy Morgan may find that though Uncle Samuel has shown a great deal of financial timidity, our Uncle is a very rich man who doesn't need Pierpy a minute.

Gov. Morton was born in New England, and if New England shall find that she cannot nominate Reed, why should she not swing to the old Governor?

As the year goes on and the Presidential strife grows hotter, the Southern delegate to St. Louis becomes more and more important.

The fact that Mr. McKinley is only 51 could not secure him eight years of the Presidency. Mr. Harrison was only 55 when elected.

There is no reason why we should go to war so long as we have our gold standard to increase the national debt in peace.

Secretary Morton may find that there are still a great many seeds in the "view-less viscera of vacuity."

Possibly Tillman's style will improve as the abuses he has assailed shall diminish.

Filley harmony will come when there is nothing left for him to reach for.

Lowering the sky-scrapers will raise the price of ground.

Must Know Where He Stands.

From the Albany (Mo.) Advocate.

That Morrison boom seems to be afflicted with strabismus. It was reported a few days ago that Morrison had been talking gold standard doctrine to the Illinois Democratic leaders, but he denies the charge, though he fails to define his position. The West and South have no use for a man who is afraid to tell where he stands; and they want him to stand with the people.

Free Silver Predominant.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The House is having trouble over the District of Columbia bill, the first of the regular appropriation bills that has got as far as a vote. It is not worth while to worry about it. When it gets into the Senate it will probably come out, as a free silver bill, and the House can then take a fresh start at it.

A Chicago Idea.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Defeated candidates at St. Louis next June will find Pshaw's Garden a convenient spot in which to seclude themselves and swear.

Harrison's Listless Manager.

From the Washington Post.

There is some significance in the fact that Col. John C. New has not showed up at the recruiting stations of the other booms.

WELL-KNOWN ST. LOUISAN.

A. A. Selkirk.

Alexander A. Selkirk was born in St. Louis on Christmas Day, 1854. He received his education in the public schools and in 1868 began his business career as an employe in the auction firm of Murdock & Dixon. He continued with them until 1884, when he went into business for himself and founded the well-known auction firm of A. A. Selkirk & Co.

MEN OF MARK.

Gov. Morton was born on May 16, 1824, and will therefore be 72 years old this spring. The late George Bliss was 79 at the time of his death.

Gen. Lew Wallace and James Whitcomb Riley will speak at the dinner of the Loyal Legion in Indianapolis on Lincoln's birthday, February 12.

President Felix Faure always breaks up his dinner parties promptly at 10 in order to retire early, and for the same reason declines all invitations to dine out.

Arthur Balfour, the British Tory leader, is said to be the most versatile public speaker of the day. Recently he delivered six important speeches, each on a different subject, within twenty-four hours.

The late Dr. Furness' translation of Schiller's famous "Song of the Bell" is regarded by many critics as the best ever made. There have been few men with more charm of manner than the venerable divine, whose society was a pleasure to any one lucky enough to have it.

Quanah Parker, head chief of the Comanches, now in consultation with the Indian Commissioner at Washington, is said to be the richest Indian in the United States. He is 45 years old, owns land equivalent to an entire county in Oklahoma and lives in a $6,000 house, where he and his seven wives are delighted to entertain white visitors.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Madam Hatoyama, a Japanese lady, is up to date in politics. When her husband was a candidate for parliament, she made public speeches in his interest.

Mrs. Hinchliff of Rockford, Ill., has received two patents on improved methods of knitting hosiery and underwear. Her father has large knitting establishments in Rockford.

Mrs. Mandel of Chicago is known for her large benevolence to suffering Jews. She lately gave $10,000 to the Jewish Training School. This followed fast upon another gift of $10,000 for a new building for a dispensary.

Miss Caroline Rustard, a Scandinavian woman, now 65 years old, living in Whitehall, Wis., has turned over her savings for the last twelve years (amounting to $200) to the fund for relieving the Armenian sufferers in Turkey.

Mrs. Elizabeth Duane Gillespie of Philadelphia was 75 years old the other day and her friends marked the day by giving her $18,000. Mrs. Gillespie is a great-granddaughter of Benjamin Franklin, the celebrated philanthropist and patriot, and is the daughter of William J. Duane, for a time Secretary of the Treasury under Gen. Jackson.

SOME NEW JOKES.

"Yes, doctor, it still hurts me to breathe—in fact, the only trouble now seems to be my breath." "Oh, well, I'll give you something that will soon stop that."—Life.

Consoling Reflection.—Lot's wife had just looked back. "At any rate," panted Lot, dashing a tear from her eye and hurrying on, "it has cured her of being too fresh!"—Chicago Tribune.

"I say, Bellevue, lend me $10, will you?" "You have struck me at the most unfortunate time of the year, Manchester." "How so?" "February is the shortest month."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

"Well, of all the impudence! Asking me to help you because you have three wives to support!" "They don't belong to me, mister; nothin' of the sort. They belong to me son-in-laws."—Indianapolis Journal.

Might Be Worse.—The heroine tore her hair. "Oh, that I should come to this," she moaned. "Well, you didn't have to pay to come," hissed the villain, with a meaning glance in the direction of the audience.—Detroit Tribune.

"And the name is to be—?" asked the suave minister, as he approached the font with the precious armful of fat flounces. "Augustus Philip Ferdinand Codrinton Chesterfield Livingston Snooks." "Dear, dear!" (turning to the sexton): "A little more water, Mr. Perkins, if you please."—Tit-Bits.

Might Have to Surrrender.

From the Buffalo Express.

Shelby M. Cullom wants it understood that should the Presidential office seek him he would be unable to run away as fast as when he was a younger man.

What Does It Say?

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Gen. Harrison's letter of withdrawal "means what it says," of course; but what does it say? He has not said that he would leave the Republican party in the prostrated situation of having no candidate for the Presidency.

Tillman's Speech.

From the Jackson (Mo.) Cash-Book.

What do we think of Tillman's speech? We only wish the Cash-Book was big enough and able to publish in its columns just such a speech as that every week for the next twelve months.

A Proposed Straddle.

From the Omaha World-Herald.

At last the St. Louis Republic has agreed with itself upon a financial plank for the Democratic national platform of 1896. The Republic has been endeavoring to pull Dave Francis' chestnuts out of the fire and at the same time to pretend to be representing the sentiments of the Missouri Democrats. As a matter of fact, those Missouri Democrats who have not blushed for shame at the pitiful spectacle presented by the shadow of a once great newspaper have simply been laughing at the ludicrous efforts of a gold-bug sheet to masquerade as a champion of bimetallism and a representative of thinking Democrats.

The Republic asks itself: "What currency platform will be adopted by the National Democratic Convention?"

In reply to its own query the Republic drags from the tomb the amendment to the bill for the repeal of the Sherman purchase clause, to-wit:

It is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as a standard money, and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal and intrinsic and exchangeable value, such equality to be secured through international agreement, or by such safeguards of legislation as will maintain the parity in value of the coins of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts. And it is hereby further declared that the efforts of the Government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a safe system of bimetallism as will maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States in the markets and in the payment of debts.'

The Republic says: "Gold standard men will oppose such a plank. They will strenuously object to a declaration in favor of using both gold and silver as standard money. But the whole tone of the amendment speaks for sound and stable money.

"Senator Voorhees, a steady friend of silver, accepted the language of the amendment. The President was brought to approve it. It was added as a concession to the silver men, and it obtained the consent of the other side."

The Republic fails to observe that even Senator Voorhees would not to-day insult the intelligence of his constituents by suggesting such a financial plank. It means nothing whatever. Gold standard men would not oppose it, for they know it is even more meaningless than was the plank of 1892. Bimetallists would not listen to such a suggestion for a moment. The platform of 1896 must say what it means and must mean what it says. The time for straddles has gone by and the Democratic party must declare either for or against the people. The shadow of "old 1808" is to be pitied.

The Drainage Channel Danger.

From the Chicago Times-Herald.

At first sight the bill introduced by Congressman Bartholdt of St. Louis regarding the pollution of streams by sewage appeared to be an attack on the drainage channel. Mr. Bartholdt indignantly denies that this was the case, and on looking into the matter intelligent friends of the canal project are disposed rather to invite than discourage the investigation. If the drainage channel really does threaten to pollute the streams and endanger life in neighboring States we should be the first to know it and take steps to fend off the danger.

The Bible on Lost Creek.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

A very religious man lives on Lost Creek, in Greenup County. He is a close student of his Bible and doesn't propose to live on Lost Creek in the next world if he can help it. A few nights ago he was searching the Scriptures and ran across the admonition of Solomon: "Spare the rod and spoil the child." After studying the matter over he concluded that the rod had not been applied often enough to his own family of seven hopefuls and he yanked the entire seven out of bed and administered a sound whipping to every one of them.

Against His Wish.

From the Lagrange (Mo.) Indicator.

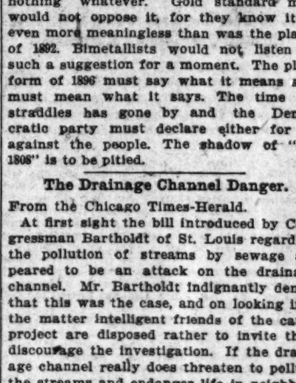
There is some talk of J. M. Selbert, our present State Auditor, being a candidate for Governor, and those pressing his claims are the Maffitt-Francis element, and they are doing that entirely against the wish of Mr. Selbert. While he is a bimetallist he has not been outspoken enough to satisfy the demands of Missouri Democracy and knows full well that he cannot expect to be put at the head of the State ticket.

Approves the Theory.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Salisbury's latest speech indicates that he is in favor of the Monroe doctrine, but against its enforcement.

A COUNTER IRRITANT.



Doctor: What you want is a counter irritant.

Patient (who is in a retail dry goods business): No, no, doctor! I have got enough of that.

Life.

From the Florida Times-Union.

A little time for labor,
A little time for play,
And then there comes eternal night
Or else eternal day!

A little time for joying,
A little time for grief,
And then we fall into the grave,
As falls the autumn leaf!

A little time for laughter,
A little time for tears,
And then an ocean gathers up
The measure of our years!

A little time for loving,
A little time for hate,
And then, with swift and shuddering feet,
We ope an unknown gate!

A little time for singing,
A little time for wail,
And then our nails are torn to shreds
Before an unknown gale!

A little time for meeting,
A little time to part,
And then a cruel hand tears away
The flowers born in the heart!

A little time to waken,
A little time to rest,
And then, in glee, worms feed upon
The image of the dead!

HAMILTON JAY.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

(The Post-Dispatch does not hold itself responsible for any opinions or statement of facts in these letters. It is a free parliament.)

Two Good Roasters.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Vest and Tillman make a fine pair of roasters. Vest's sarcasm is delightful, and Tillman's English is as direct and rugged as that of Dean Swift, and between them they are unmasking a fine lot of shams. One hundred thousand dollars spent for orchids, and $120,000 saved on garden seed, to be spent for orchids perhaps. The Nebraska drought sufferers should make a note of that.

And that statement in the agricultural report, that the larger the deposits in a bank, the more hopelessly in debt, the poorer the bank.

Of course you don't really mean that, Mr. Morton. Come shake your cap and ring your bells and give us a song and dance after such a whopper. You richly deserve Vest's sarcasms.

And the latest scandal. It really seems as if "sound money" people could not turn around without stirring up a scandal. A "popular" bond sale, in which Mr. Morgan gets the bonds after all. Why don't Col. Morrison just take a fall out of this man Morgan? This railroad coal combine comes within the Colonel's jurisdiction, does it not?

Downing Morgan would soon inflate the Morrison boom. Get into line with Vest and Tillman if you want to get a move on that boom, Colonel.

Morgan bought some of his gold at one-fourth of one per cent premium. The Government could have bought it at the same price. In counting up the cost of the gold bug "object lesson" one factor has been left out—blood! In counting up the cost add in the number of suicides on account of hunger and the people who have died of starvation for lack of work! We need more Vests and Tillmans. There is a lot of roasting still to be done. COSMOPOLITE.

Bartold, Mo., Feb. 3.

Will History Repeat Itself?

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

A certain morning paper is still censuring Senator Tillman on account of the great speech he made in the Senate last week. Mr. Editor, I really think the Senators of the two great political parties ought to be ashamed of the lack of courage they displayed when they sat in the Senate chambers like a lot of mummies, and when a man from a new party gets up and pronounces his views openly without fear, he is condemned by the two old parties.

It is no use of us ever looking for good times from either the Democratic or Republican parties. Thirty-five years ago the Republican party, then a new party, wrested the slavery question from the Democrats and Whigs, neither of which parties would touch it. So, with this financial question, it will never be solved until we put a new party in power. While we support the Democratic or Republican party we are lending a helping hand to Wall street manipulators. They are the same parties with only a different name. DISGUSTED DEMOCRAT.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.

Silver Forces, Unite!

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Once more, good Post-Dispatch, shake! Permit me again to congratulate. No good place handy or we might carry our exuberance so far as to smile. There are occasions, you know, when such an indulgence is permissible, and this is the time if ever there was one. We read, and we read it from good authority, that the People's party and the Silverites will lie down together on one broad, pure, white metal plank, and it is so broad, so firm and so liberal that all classes can lie upon it securely with the masses. Had the single broad silver plank been the only one in the Omaha platform four years ago, Mr. Weaver would have been safely carried through upon it to the Presidency. A good, safe General will not attack all his foes in a single day, especially if he has half a dozen powerful ones arrayed against him, even with right on his side and an army filled with enthusiasm he will not put his new recruits against numerous foes threatening him from every point, nor risk probable defeat by attempting to annihilate all his enemies in a single battle.

Of all the cunning, powerful, ever-wakeful, unscrupulous, hypocritical monsters that has ever threatened to overwhelm a too-trustful people, the single gold standard consolidation is most to be dreaded, and if our united forces can once be arrayed against this hydra-headed serpent, who may be seen on every hand, now smiling and fawning in the garb of an angel of light and now as a cloven-footed dictator, and we can by one tremendous union make him loose his rapacious grasp on the throat of the people; then we can, by the prestige thus gained, more easily overcome our many other, though less dangerous foes.

Long and patiently have I waited, Post-Dispatch, for this hour when fanaticism and personal aggrandizement would give way before reason and true patriotism. Welcome, thrice welcome, dawn of a new era! The only bar to the triumphant success of the people is their failure to unite. Petty contentions and too many planks in their platform have been kept stirred up and brought to the front, not by themselves, but by their enemies working in the dark as leaders and advisers. So thoroughly organized and so nearly impregnable is the armor of the goldites' battleships that it will require the united, concentrated strength of all the friends of silver to sink them to political oblivion in the coming campaign of '96.

Let the ball which is started be kept rolling and let union be our watchword and battle-cry. Let every dissenter, every disorganizing crank with every spy of the enemy be promptly squelched and we are positive that the elements are ready for one grand united charge against the host of Gog and Magog on that grandest, broadest platform of bimetallism and victory.

St. Louis, Jan. 31. FORESIGHT.

The Public Library Reading Room.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

I would like to use a few lines of your letter column to suggest some improvements in the newspaper reading-room of the Public Library. 1. There ought to be more of the leading journals of the country in it. 2. Sleepers and unemployed men should not be allowed to hold the papers all day when they don't read. The goldbugs, landlords and high tariff barons ought to at least furnish the victims of their oppression with shelter where they can pass the time away. B. MICHEL.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.

The Sunday Concerts.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Although I have no direct interest in the controversy which has been provoked by the fault-finding, not criticising, epistle of "An American" in the Post-Dispatch regarding the programmes of the Sunday concerts and Mr. Ernst's ability as a musical director, I cannot refrain from taking notice of some of his assertions which are untenable. If I understand "An American" correctly, he objects strongly to German composers and that the programmes are not popular enough. The latter is an individual question of taste, and it would be a difficult matter to suit everybody. "An American" possesses unquestionably a same-knowledge of composers, but how far his musical knowledge goes I leave others to judge.

Among the list of names of composers whose works should appear on the programme he mentions Palestrina. As that worthy master's memory is revered only for purifying the music of the Roman Catholic Church, of which his "Missa Papae Marcelli" is a lasting monument, and as instrumental, i. e., orchestral music, had not in Palestrina's time (he died in 1594) assumed any important part, I ask which of his works does "An American" desire to see on our Sunday programmes? As regards popular music, I would like to know if "An American" thinks that Berlioz or Cherubini's compositions would belong to that class?

It is self-evident that "An American" does not cherish a very friendly feeling toward Mr. Ernst, or he would not use expressions like "his ridiculous antics" or refer to "long hair," etc. Admitting the fact that Mr. Ernst uses his arms more than "An American" thinks proper, may there not be some mitigating circumstances which partly account for it? In the first place, Mr. Ernst is a young and enthusiastic man, whose heart and soul are in the music and who in his earnest endeavor to render the music as perfectly as possible forgets his personality in the excitement of conducting. While orchestras like those of Messrs. Thomas, Damrosch, Van der Stucken, etc., have at least three or four hour rehearsals a week, by means of which the musicians become more familiar with the compositions and more familiar with the music, and the slightest wish of the conductor is sufficient for them, our orchestra has but one rehearsal, otherwise the expenses of each concert would be too great, hence Mr. Ernst has often to use his hands to impress tone colors, changes in tempo, etc., where he dare not utter a word. Did "An American" observe Mr. Walter Damrosch's excited gesticulations, and also those of the assistant conductor at the last Wagner opera performances, turning often to the right and left as occasion required, and this, too, with his well-drilled orchestra that had played the same operas many times? Perhaps "An American" is one of the many who absorb music with their eyes. There are many people who are possessed of peculiar habits and mannerisms of which they are not personally aware, and I should not be the least surprised that the bump of combativeness is largely developed in "An American," causing him to be a chronic kicker.

The concluding sentence of the letter of "An American" reads thus: "If Mr. Ernst's musical knowledge is too narrowly German, as seems probable, somebody else ought to make up the programmes or supersede him altogether." From which one might almost conclude that the writer is some disappointed composer or competitor. If so, he should give us his real name, so that due credit may be given to his disinterested motives of writing, and by all means let him give us a specimen of a programme that he thinks will please everybody.

St. Louis, Feb. 7. A MUSICIAN.

A Matter of Local History.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Referring to the recent criticism by "Historian" of my statement that Mr. Francis Whittaker at one time resided on Carr street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, I base my assertion on the fact that in the year 1859, when I was an apprentice painter, I worked at the then residence of Mr. Francis Whittaker, on the north side of Carr street, and on the east side of the alley, the pork-house belonging to that gentleman being on the same side of the street on the west side of the alley. This location is now covered by the warehouse of Samuel C. Davis & Co., which was built and occupied for a time by Mr. Whittaker.

ONE OF THE OLD-TIMERS.

St. Louis, Feb. 3.

Enjoyed Tillman's Speech.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

I never read a patriotic—which, under existing circumstances, must of necessity be a bold—speech, that I do not feel inclined to give some expression of my approval. Patriotism is so swallowed up in partyism that when it does crop out it should receive the hearty approval and congratulations of the common people. Partyism has come to be only another name for plutocracy; as it can be plainly shown that both of the dominant parties are but agents and tools of the money power. It is a well-known fact that money has no patriotism, no humanity and nothing else but a superabundance of greed and avarice, and would not, even so much as with "the little finger" remove a burden from the oppressed and tax-ridden common people. Therefore, when a man like Gov. Tillman, filled as he is with the love of country and the courage of his convictions, takes the bold stand he did in the Senate the other day, he should know his utterances have the hearty approval of the people.

I have been a constant reader of the Post-Dispatch since the change of management, and have seen and read with pleasure many articles in it antagonistic to "the bosses," yet hopeful and cheering to the people, but Tillman's speech gave me more real enjoyment and real hope than anything I have seen for a long time. Not so much in what he said (which was only the truth) as the manner and place in which it was said. I have made it a point to discuss the speech with all whom I have met, and have met but one single man who failed to give it hearty approval. He had just read "old 1808's" editorial, and was silenced by a single question, viz., "Did Tillman make a single untruthful statement?"

We hope Tillman will meet with an opportunity to shy the "brick" he has in his "pocket" at Hill of New York, and continue as he has begun until he inspires patriotism in enough of the Senators and Congressmen to enact laws in the interest of the country and the common people for awhile at least. Congress has done enough for capital and monopoly in the last thirty years, and should give them a rest and look after the people awhile. If it doesn't the people are going to look after themselves. They are getting very tired of giving all the "turkey" and getting all the "buzzard" only. Hurrah for Tillman! JACK.

Nevada, Mo., Feb. 6.

Costume at the Apollo Club.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Having been present last Tuesday evening at the last Apollo concert and being one of its patrons and admirers, I feel in duty bound to make a few suggestions concerning the costuming of its audiences in the closing two concerts of the season.

I believe I saw the words, "Costume de Rigueur," printed over their last announcement cards, and could not but help rejoicing at the edict, knowing full well how perfect a picture could be presented in Germania Theater should such a request be honored. Tuesday evening seemed to me to have reached the summit of perfection, as the programme rendered from beginning to end was an artistic success, the Apollo Club itself rendering its numbers with a finish and elegance never equaled before. Mr. Alfred Robyn succeeded most beautifully in the delicate shading of the various selections, which proves conclusively the excellent control he has achieved through weeks and months of concentrated labor, and both of the visiting artists, Mme. Blauvelt and M. Sauret, gave us inexpressible delight. All that was lacking to stamp the evening as perfection was the profusion of shopping costumes and business suits.

It seems to me the least compliment we might pay in return to this delightful organization is to regard their request. We had a representative audience of the cultured people of our city, but the harmony of the scene was spoiled by the number of large hats, laden with feathers and flowers, which obscured my view all evening—the inelegance of the "cutaway," which is inappropriate at so swell a function as the Apollo Club's. No city as large as St. Louis east of us would witness such ill-taste. In all of the Eastern cities gentlemen always "dress" for the ordinary play, ladies appear in dainty evening waists and little or no head dress. Surely the patronizers of the Apollo should have the pride to sustain the most prominent organization of our city in befitting manner, for have we not been "primitive" quite long enough in such matters?

Let each member at the April concert appear as is requested, "Costume de Rigueur"—full dress for the gentlemen, bared heads for the ladies and decollete, if you will, and see for yourself if such a tableau could be excelled the year round in any temple devoted to science, music or art. MRS. S.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.

The Masses Still Need Money.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

John G. Carlisle, the backslider, flirts with the truth when he says that the $50,000,000 robber bond issue will overcome the mischief (?) of the free coinage legislation; that it will demonstrate that, instead of being poverty-stricken, the people are really in a prosperous condition and that it will offset the alleged claim that a state of things exists which requires a depreciated currency to save us from absolute suffering.

A man with half an eye can see that gold bond issues more and more encourage and make stronger the demand for free coinage of silver; that the people at large—more than 5 per cent of whom are homeless and landless—are prosperous in involuntary poverty only, and that a state of affairs does exist which requires, not a depreciated currency, but a tool of trade which will enable the worker to get one hundred cents worth of the good things of life for a dollar's worth of labor.

When Mr. Carlisle talks about currency he undoubtedly means primary money, but there is a great difference between currency and money pure and simple. True, all money is currency, but all currency is not money.

Bank checks, exchanges, private notes, milk and bread tickets, etc., are all currency, but who but an idiot would claim them to be money? They all pass current, and to a certain extent take the place of money, but in fact they are only evidences that a certain amount of labor has been performed, the products of which may at any time be exchanged for the sum total mentioned in checks and other forms of currency. All money is fiat; it exists not by nature, but by law.

Money is the sovereign authority impressed on that which is capable of taking and retaining the impression. That upon which the stamp is placed is called coin; the coin may be metal, parchment or paper. The value is in the stamp, and not in the substance upon which it is placed.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.

YALE BEAUTY

A clear face is a very refreshing sight, for it means a clear, bright complexion, which is really the exception and not the rule.

DIRTY FACES

—dirt becomes ground so deeply into the skin that soap and water will not remove it, and after a few years of neglect the complexion becomes permanently muddy-look- and the face assumes an unhealthy expression.

Mme. M. Yale's Almond Blossom Complexion Cream

will remove every tinge of this condition, and make the complexion absolutely perfect. It cleanses better than soap and keeps the skin smooth, white and fine-grained. Sold everywhere for $1.00 per jar. Mail orders filled by Mme. M. Yale.

MME. M. YALE, Health and Complexion Specialist, Yale Temple of Beauty, 146 State St., Chicago.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD.

Made in Anticipation of Government Bond Allotments.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—There has been deposited at the Assay Office thus far $145,000 in foreign gold coin and $1,250,000 in United States gold coin has been deposited at the Sub-Treasury. Of the latter $1,000,000 is for F. S. Smithers & Co. The gold deposited is for examination in anticipation of payment for Government bond allotments. The premium on gold is ¼@½ per cent. Business is light, but bullion dealers look for an active demand for gold next week after the official allotment of Government bonds has been made. Business in greenbacks is nominal.

Pause and Consider.

Dissolving events, dissolving views and dissolving memories are perpetuated by our little giant book of reference, the Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1896. It contains nothing but facts, hence, you should not jump at conclusions when there is a way to know everything and avoid mistakes by consulting this superior book of reference. Its popularity proves its merits. Thirty pages devoted especially to St. Louis. Price 25 cents.

CRIME BRIEFS.

Officers of Fayette, Mo., had a fight Friday with a band of tramps who have been insulting women. Thirteen of the eighteen members of the gang were arrested.

William Twambley, who has been annoyed by having the harness of his team tangled when he attended Salvation Army meetings in Osceola, Mo., lay in wait for the mischief makers and shot Frank McClelland. The latter is not supposed to be one of the guilty persons.

New Missouri Corporations.

Special to The Post-Dispatch

JEFFERSON CITY., Mo., Feb. 8.—The Secretary of State to-day chartered the following corporations:

The St. Louis Raw Hide Manufacturing Co. of St. Louis; capital $15,000; incorporators, J. W. Whitney, G. E. Weare, Mary Weare and F. H. Whitney.

The Bruce and Rees Coal Co. of Rich Hill; capital $10,000; incorporators, Wallace Bruce, David Rees and Charles Roe.

The Beasley Mercantile Co. of Rich Hill; capital $12,000; incorporators, W. G. Beasley, S. E. Beasley and Z. E. Beasley.

Wabash Railroad

Makes the quickest time to Cripple Creek.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, $569,025; loans, increase, $1,219,100; specie, increase, $655,000; legal tenders increase, $485,200; deposits, increase, $2,324,700; circulation, decrease, $353,200.

The banks now hold $40,182,425 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

Ex-Sheriff Lyda Dead.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

MACON, Mo., Feb. 8.—Ex-Sheriff Gid. C. Lyda, boot and shoe merchant, died last night of dropsy of the heart.

Shall we whip a poorly nourished horse when he is thoroughly tired? He may go faster for a few rods, but his condition is soon the worse for it. Better stop and feed him. Food gives force. If you are thin, without appetite; pale, because of thin blood; easily exhausted; why further weaken the body by using tonics? Begin on a more permanent basis. Take something which will build up the tissues and supply force to the muscular, digestive and nervous systems.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, meets every demand. The cod-liver oil is a food. It produces force without the whip. Every gain is a substantial one. The hypophosphites give strength to the nervous system. An improved appetite, richer blood and better flesh come to stay.

50c. and $1.00 at all druggists.

PRINTER DIES AMID FLAMES.

Fatal Fire in a Newspaper Office at McKeesport, Pa.

THE STAIRWAYS IMPASSABLE.

Elevator Rope Burned Away When Foreman Barton Tried to Follow His Men to Safety.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 8.—An early morning fire at McKeesport, Pa., resulted in the loss of one life and the destruction of $200,000 worth of property. The principal building destroyed was the Altmeyer Theater, in which was the McKeesport Herald.

The fire started on the fifth floor of the Altmeyer building and is supposed to have been caused by defective electric light wiring. The flames were discovered by the printers of the Herald as the fire began to eat its way through the sixth floor.

The night's work had just been finished and the paper was about to go to press. When the flames were seen a rush was made for the usual points of egress, but the stairways were already impassable. The only resources left were the windows and the elevator shaft.

All but G. M. Barton, the foreman of the composing room, succeeded in sliding down the rope in the shaft. His escape was cut off and he was burned to death.

The flames spread to the residence of Peter Strong, adjoining. It was totally destroyed. Pollard's jewelry store and Dietrich's livery stables also took fire, but the flames were extinguished without much damage.

The loss on the Altmeyer Theater building and the Herald plant is estimated at $175,000, and on the other buildings $25,000.

BIG BLAZE IN NEW YORK.

Fire Does $75,000 Damage to a Six-Story Building.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Fire in the six-story building at Ninth and Franklin street to-day caused damage to the amount of $75,000. The principal losses are John Simmons & Co., $10,000; Simpson & Perkins, $20,000; W. M. Jenkins, $30,000; on building, $15,000.

VICTIMS OF THE BRAZOS.

White Men and a Negro Lost in the Rampant Texas River.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 8.—During the past thirty-six hours another rise of six feet has come down Brazos River, and played havoc. At Hempstead two ferryboats were swept away and the heavy iron pillars of the new bridge are gone.

Hundreds of dead horses and cattle are floating down stream, and the loss is heavy all along the river.

At Volasco the Brazos is higher than was ever known, and the town is now an island. Two whites and one negro were drowned. Their names could not be learned.

The Sabine River in East Texas is out of its banks and is doing much damage to saw mills and live stock.

BRICKLAYER BRADY'S FALLS.

His Second Was From a Steeple But He Is Still Alive.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Philip Brady, a bricklayer, fell from the belfry of the new Grace Church to the basement yesterday, a distance of 87 feet. He was alive when found, but the hospital physician could not tell the nature of his injuries.

On Jan. 2 Brady fell four stories and was not badly injured.

CASUALTY BRIEFS.

Valentine Hammerly, aged 76, was struck by a passenger train while avoiding a freight train at Marshall, Ill., Friday. He died of his injuries.

James Doherty of Waco, Tex., was jolted from a sleet-covered railroad bridge by a passing engine Friday night. He fell 40 feet into the swollen Brazos River and swam a mile before he reached shore. He received a gash in the head by striking against the bridge in falling.

PACIFIC ROADS' HEARING.

The Senate Committee Again Listens to Reorganizers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The hearing by the Senate Committee on Pacific Railroads of persons interested in securing the reorganization of the Pacific roads was resumed to-day. Mr. Pierce, representing the Union Pacific Reorganization Committee, was again before the committee, and he was put through a sharp process of questioning by Senators Wolcott and Morgan. He stated in reply to these questions that it had been the purpose of the Committee on Reorganization to leave considerable latitude to the Government, but that the plan proposed would give the Government about 50 per cent of its debt, principal and interest.

In reply to a question from Senator Wolcott Mr. Pierce said that while Mr. Depew and Mr. Hewitt were on the Reorganization Committee, he could not say whether the Goulds and Vanderbilts were interested in the proposed reorganization or that there was any ulterior purpose to attach any portion of the Union Pacific system to either the Missouri Pacific or the Northwestern.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

A Final Estimate of the Project Will Cost $350,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—President Cleveland sent to the House the report of the committee appointed under act of Congress to make an investigation of the route of the proposed Nicaragua Canal. The salient features of the document have already been published. The report contains very elaborate data respecting the work already done by the company, the physical characteristics of the country, the dangers to be met, the weak points to be overcome and various other detailed statistical information.

For obtaining the necessary data for a final estimate of the project, eighteen months' time, covering two dry seasons, and an expenditure of $350,000 will be required.

Mr. Cleveland After Ducks.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.—President Cleveland left this city at midnight on the lighthouse tender Maple for Quantico for a day's ducking. He was accompanied by Mr. E. C. Benedict, who has been in the city for several days. That the trip was to be made was kept a secret and was known to only a few. The party is expected back to-night.

Senate Caucus Nominees.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.—The Republican Senators in caucus nominated A. J. Shaw of Spokane, Wash., for Secretary of the Senate; H. L. Grant of North Carolina for Sergeant-at-Arms, and Alonzo Stewart of Iowa to succeed the late Capt. Bassett as Assistant Doorkeeper. It was decided to make no change in the office of Chaplain.

Bandmaster Dodsworth Dying.

PASADENA, Cal., Feb. 8.—Allen T. Dodsworth, famous as leader of the Dodsworth Band, that forty years ago was the delight of musical New York, is dying of pneumonia at his home in Pasadena. Mr. Dodsworth is 7[illegible] years old.

WESTERN INSURANCE UNION.

Local Associations in Large Cities Given Power as to Rates.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The Western Insurance Union finished its business this morning after the longest and liveliest session it has held in several years.

Great secrecy was preserved about proceedings. All officers and agents refuse to say what was done with the matter of commissions.

Mr. Cram of St. Louis said the case of Mrs. Getz was not brought up and was not considered, it being a matter with which the association has nothing to do.

There was a long and heated discussion over the report of the Committee on Commissions. It is said the report was adopted with slight amendments, and that its provisions will cause consternation among insurance agents, in and out of the association, because of the powers it gives to local associations in Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, St. Louis and Louisville.

The local boards, it is said, were given control of rates in those cities both inside and outside of the association. This was done, it is said, to prevent cutting of rates by non-union agents. Agents say it will probably bring about rate wars and extraordinary inducements in commissions to get risks.

Commissions, it is said, will be reduced from 30 to 20 per cent in St. Louis and other cities named.

The union will meet again at Niagara Falls on Sept. 15, 1896.

INVITATION TO KRUEGER.

Mr. Chamberlain Suggests That the Boer Leader Visit England.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The dispatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, of Feb. 4, to the Governer of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, was gazetted last evening. It reviews the history of events in the Transvaal since 1881, and points out that the mining interests, the mainstay of the country, are mainly in the hands of the Uitlanders, who are debarred by legislation from the rights of citizenship, and states that the whole direction of affairs and the right of taxation remain a monopoly in the hands of a decreasing minority of the population, engaged in agriculture, whilst the majority, who raised the revenue from £76,000 to £1,000,000, are denied any voice in the government of the Transvaal, and are unable to obtain any redress for the formidable grievances hampering and injuring them incessantly.

Mr. Chamberlain defines the position of Great Britain and her claims toward the Transvaal, saying:

"Since the convention of 1884 Great Britain has recognized the Transvaal as independent internally; but its external relations are subject to the control of Great Britain. There is no reason to anticipate that a foreign State will dispute our rights; but it is necessary to state clearly that the Government intends to maintain them in their integrity. Internally Great Britain is justified, in the interests of South Africa as a whole, and for the peace and stability of the Transvaal, to tender friendly counsels regarding the newcomers, mainly British subjects."

As the statement involves so many details which are easier settled by a personal conference, Mr. Chamberlain suggests to President Krueger that if it is convenient and agreeable to him he should come to England.

An editorial in the Times says: "We are enabled to make the important announcement that arrangements concerning the affairs of the Chartered South Africa Company have been provisionally settled. Hon. Cecil Rhodes will return immediately and take up his residence in Rhodsia. Further details of the settlement are unobtainable at the present."

BACK FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

Michigan Miners Tell of the Rising in Johannesburg.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 8.—A dispatch from Ironwood, Mich., says: Capt. Wm. H. Knight and his party, who left this city last spring for the gold fields of South Africa, have returned home rather unexpectedly.

For a couple of weeks before the Jamison raid the officers of the mining companies were smuggling rifles and ammunition into the country in the bottom of coke cars. On Tuesday, Dec. 31, the mines were shut down and the men were ordered to take guns and ammunition and be prepared to march to Johannesburg by 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Michigan men refused to obey this order and they were informed they must either take up arms against the Boers or leave the mines. Capt. Knight and party were just over the line in the free State when the battle between the Boers and Jamison occurred.

Many other miners, however, were forced into taking up arms by the officials, who shut up all the boarding houses and bought all the available provisions, and literally starved the men into accepting their terms.

The Michigan men say the miners, or the foreign population of Johannesburg have no fault to find with the Boer Government. They also say that John Hays Hammond deserves no sympathy.

William's Message Approved.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Baron Marschal von Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs, while discussing the naval bill before the Budget Committee of the Reichstag, said he was prepared to give full explanations regarding the Transvaal, and accepted the responsibility for Emperor's William dispatch to President Krueger, congratulating the latter upon having suppressed the invaders of the territory of the South African republic.

BIMETALLISM WANTED.

Belgium Agriculturists Make a Petition to Parliament.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 8.—The Central Traffic Association has presented a petition to Parliament in favor of bimetallism and begging the Government to bring the matter to the notice of the foreign governments.

Hohenlohe on Silver.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—The Imperial Chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, in the Reichstag today stated that he saw no means of raising the price of silver except by international agreement, and the Government, he added, had no present intention of proposing an international conference on the subject.

Called William Names.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Herr Bebel, Socialist leader, in a speech in the Reichstag, made a bitter attack on the Kaiser, calling him "the most dangerous, heedless naval enthusiast in the world, who is capable, by a single phrase, to cause millions of dollars of needless expense, while at the same time Germany's foreign policy will continue unstable, promising to induce complications everywhere."

Belgian King's Amours.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 8.—In the Belgian Parliament the Socialists are obdurately opposing every bill introduced by the Government, and show a decided hostile spirit to the King. Several of the leading Socialists members, in long harangues, insisted that the Parliament call him to account concerning the scandals recently aired in continental papers with respect to the King's liaison with Paris courtesans.

HAD TWO FAMILIES.

Why Hellman Killed His Wife, His Children and Himself.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Investigation of the slaughter of the Klattke family committed by the father led to the discovery that Hellman, the prosperous contractor who recently killed his wife, four children and himself with gas was not insane. A deserted wife and two children in Germany had learned his whereabouts and Mrs. Hellman No. 1 was on her way to Chicago when Hellman killed his American family. Mrs. Hellman No. 1 is now living in the house in which her husband committed his crime.

THREATEN TO GO OVER THE RIVER.

Union Stock Yards Merchants Think They Are Injured.

IGNORED BY THE ABATTOIR.

Too Many East Side Cattle Slaughtered Here to Suit Commission Merchants and Speculators.

Members of the Union Stock Yards Exchange are threatening to remove to the National Stock Yards in East St. Louis unless certain of their demands are complied with by the Board of Directors of the Union Stock Yards.

The membership of the Exchange includes the speculators and commisison merchants of the Union Stock Yards. Their removal would be a serious blow to the Stock Yards Company, which also controls the St. Louis Union Stock Yards abattoir.

The speculators and commission merchants complain that almost all purchases of stock for the abattoir are being made at the National Stock Yards, to the detriment of the interests of those connected with the Union yards. It is said that General Manager Don Palmer, who has charge of both the yards and the abattoir, is held largely responsible for this, and that one of the demands to be made on the Board of Directors will be for a change in the management.

An important meeting of members of the Exchange was held Friday afternoon in the office of the Stock Yards Exchange to discuss the matter. There were twenty members present and the discussion was quite warm. The meeting was behind closed doors and besides those present very few even of the stock yards attaches knew anything of it. News of it did not reach those in authority at the abattoir until they were questioned about the matter by a Post-Dispatch reporter Saturday morning.

As indicated during the course of the proceedings Friday the feeling among the speculators and commission merchants is intense. They feel that the abattoir company has not been treating them fairly.

It was finally agreed as the sense of the meeting that unless a reform were inaugurated those present would withdraw from the Union Stock Yards Exchange.

This was informal, however, and a committee was appointed to formulate a line of action to be pursued and draft resolutions if it saw fit.

The committee consisted of Charles James, commission merchant, Chairman; Harvey Mann, commission merchant, Secretary; C. W. Wilkinson, commission merchant, John Quon and James Hurley, speculators. This committee is to meet this afternoon.

Mr. Dave Richardson, who was Secretary of the meeting, stated Saturday that the agitation was yet in embryo and that very little could be said of it.

"The meeting yesterday was merely preparatory," said Mr. Richardson, "and nothing was done additional to appointing the committee. Until it meets nothing will have been decided upon. The trouble is just this: The abattoir has been purchasing its stock on the other side almost entirely and we want to have that remedied. The buyer for the abattoir has practically established his headquarters on the East Side, and this is hurting the Union Stock Yards.

"I do not believe there is any movement on foot against Mr. Palmer. I have heard of none."

A commission merchant at the Stock Yards who did not want his name used, had this to say:

"When the abbattoir was established, it was given out that it would be operated chiefly for the benefit of the Union Stock Yards. The two are one, you know, and everyone naturally supposed that the promise would be fulfilled.

"For eight or ten months, though, the abattoir has been purchasing almost all its stock at the National yards, greatly to the detriment of the Union Stock Yards. This, of course, is hurting the men doing business here. Whatever is to the interest of the dealers is of interest to the stock yards company and vice versa. So one of the arguments we are using is the threat to go over on the other side.

"At present there are but three firms doing business on both sides. They are Holt, Payne & Co., Steele-Wells-Mackay Co. and the Blakely-Sanders-Mann Co.

"The loss occasioned by the action of the abattoir company is considerable. They kill over 1,000 head of cattle a week and almost all are bought at the National Stock Yards."

Manager Don Palmer has been away from the city for two weeks. In his absence a Post-Dispatch reporter questioned Superintendent William Maffitt about the matter.

"This is the first I have heard of the meeting," said Mr. Maffitt. "I did not know one was even contemplated, or that such a movement as you describe was on foot.

"The commission merchants and speculators have a right, of course, to do whatever they like. Mr. Palmer being away, I have nothing to say about the matter."

CHICKASAW DELEGATION.

Selected to Make a Protest and to Ask for Trust Funds.

ARDMORE, I. T., Feb. 8.—Ex-Gov. Wm. Guy, A. C. Burris and Holmes C. Alberts have been selected by the Chickasaw Legislature to go to Washington in the nation's interest. Their chief mission will be to protest to Congress against any change in the present form of Territorial government. They will also ask for $100,000 of the Chickasaw funds held in trust by the general Government and which is required by the Nation to liquidate its national debt.

Owl Car Time Table.

Call at Post-Dispatch office and get a time-table of the owl cars on every street car line in the city; in convenient form for the vest pocket.

ROBERT P. PEPPER.

Death of the Largest Trotting-Horse Breeder in Kentucky.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 8.—This morning Robert P. Pepper died at Frankfort, aged 26. He was a son of the late R. P. Pepper and was the largest trotting-horse breeder in Kentucky, having succeeded to his father's business.

Beauty and Purity Found in Cuticura

Sold throughout the world, and especially by Soaps and Perfumery Stores in all the principal cities. Cuticura Soap (Medicated Toilet), 25c. Cuticura Ointment, 50c. Cuticura Resolvent (Blood Purifier), $1. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

BEAUTIFUL AND STRONG!

The Greatest American Prima Donna Made Well by Paine's Celery Compound.

There never was a remedy so highly recommended as Paine's celery compound.

There was never a remedy in such universal demand.

For it makes people well!

Every one among the thousands who have been delighted by the beautiful songs of Roma, the great prima donna, recognize in her one of the world-famous singers.

Born in California, she graduated with honors at Eastern musical colleges, and on her return to the coast, became first the prima donna at the Tivoli Opera-house in San Francisco.

It was while making the tour with the famous Marine Band of Washington last season that the beautiful Roma felt the strain of travel, hurry and work, yet in the evenings she greeted great audiences with smiles and electrified them with her voice. Could she have done this without her nerves were steadied and her strength built up by Paine's celery compound? She says:

"In Paine's celery compound I find a very much long-felt want for the worries and exhaustive cares attendant upon an active professional life. Paine's celery compound brings restful strength to body and mind, invigorating the system and prolonging life."

Paine's celery compound has made thousands of people well. It has saved thousands of women from nervous prostration. It has made the weak strong. It has cured where everything else failed. Innumerable testimonials as to its wonderful value have been voluntarily sent to Wells & Richardson Company, who prepare it in Burlington, Vt.

Paine's celery compound is the most remarkable remedy for the blood and nerves known to the 19th century. It is employed by the foremost physicians in curing kidney and liver troubles and the diseases due to nervous disorders, faulty nutrition and impoverished blood, producing results that seem little short of miraculous.

Paine's celery compound builds up the system, purifies the blood, regulates the nerves. The weak and worn-out soon find their frames invigorated, their spirits raised and their strength renewed.

It makes people well.

It is as superior to the ordinary nervines, bitters and sarsaparillas as strength is better than weakness.

WHEN You fry fish or oysters in Cottolene they will not be greasy. Always have the skillet or frying pan cold when the Cottolene is put in. Remember that Cottolene heats to the cooking point sooner than lard and that it must not be allowed to burn.

COTTOLENE

when rightly used, never imparts to food any disagreeable greasy odor or flavor. For pastry or any shortening purpose, but ⅔ the quantity that was formerly used of lard, is necessary, if Cottolene IS USED

Look for the trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Rialto Building, Fourth & Olive Sts., ST. LOUIS.

FANCY SHIRTINGS
Regular New York
HORSE SHOW PATTERNS.

Tailored to order in the most artistic and workmanlike manner. Everybody does not wear the same shirt as you do if selected from this lot.

D. L. PARRISH, 702 Olive St.

$25 Gold and a Freezer.

To the person sending us the largest number of defined English words which can be made, using only the letters in the words

"Tatum's Ohio Freezer,"

we will send this amount, and the best 4 qt. Freezer made. Other liberal prizes given; $15 to second largest, $10 to third. Lists close April 1st, 1896. Full particulars with booklet of ice-cream recipes on receipt of 2c. stamp. The Sam'l C. Tatum Co., No. 444 Water Street, CINCINNATI, O.

NON-SECTARIAN CHURCH.
Sermon at 11 o'clock by the Pastor.
DR. R. C. CAVE.
Subject—Is the Bible God's Final Word to Man?"
MUSIC:
Prelude—"Overture" ..... Rossini
Interlude—"Consolation" ..... Mendelssohn
Flute solo by Mr. F. Deay.
Offertory—"On the Cross" ..... Braydon
Baritone solo by Mr. C. L. Moder.
Postlude—"March" ..... Kunkel
Senor Aquabella at the organ. Seats free and everybody welcome.

MANAGER'S CONNOISSEUR
FINE BRANDIES & RUM OLD STYLE

RADWAY'S PILLS

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Keep the system in a perfectly healthy condition. A good appetite, a healthy digestion, correct and regular action of the bowels, a healthy stomach and a fair, sweet breath are secured by all who will take one or two of RADWAY'S Pills once or twice per week. These famous pills are an improvement on all other pills or purgative medicines. They expel disease from the body without entailing any shock to the system. Ladies and children who take them gain vigor, weakness or good cheer. Radway's Pills cure all disorders of the stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, also Nervous Diseases, Piles, Biliousness, Dyspepsia,

SICK HEADACHE,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
CONSTIPATION.

25 cents a box. At Druggists or by mail. "Book of Advice" free. Drop mail RADWAY & CO., P. O. box 423 New York.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETINGS.

STOCKHOLDERS' Meeting—A meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Dairy Company will be held at the office of the company, northwest corner 12th and Chestnut streets, on Monday, February 10, 1896, from 9 a. m. to 12 m., for the purpose of electing directors to serve during the ensuing year.
J. C. CABANNE, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' Meeting—Office of the Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago R. R. Co., St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 30, 1896.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, 311 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, March 10, 1896, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the election of nine directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before them.
JOHN J. MITCHELL, President.
H. W. PHELPS, Secretary.

THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the State Bank of St. Louis will be held at its banking rooms, southwest corner of Fourth and Locust streets, on Monday the tenth day of February, for the election of seven directors to serve the ensuing year. Polls open from 2 p. m. to 3 p. m.
CHARLES PARSONS, President.
JOHN H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE REAL ESTATE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION NO. 2, 705 Chestnut st., St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 3, 1896.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Real Estate Building and Loan Association No. 2 for the election of thirteen directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, No. 705 Chestnut st., St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, the 12th day of February, 1896, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. Polls will close promptly at 3 o'clock p. m.
Attest:
CHARLES J. ROBERTS, President.
WILLIAM HINE, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Sutton Vane's Spectacular Melodrama,
THE SPAN OF LIFE.
SEE The Humaa Bridge.
The Great Light-House Scene.
The Startling Climaxes.
Matinee To-Day.
No advance in prices.

Sale of Seats Now in Progress
For the Engagement, Beginning Monday, February 10, of
HENRY IRVING,
MISS
ELLEN TERRY
And the London Lyceum Theater Company direction ABBEY, SCHOEFFEL & GRAU, presenting
Monday Night and Saturday Matinee—
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE
Tuesday Night, Double Bill—
NANCE OLDFIELD and THE BELLS
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Nights—
KING ARTHUR
Saturday Night ..... BECKET

STANDARD—TO-NIGHT!
Tuesday, Friday and Saturday Matinees.
Rentz-Santley Novelty and Burlesque Co.
Great Specialties, Sensational Features, Living Pictures.
Next week—IRWIN BROS.' BIG SHOW.

HAVLIN'S — TO-NIGHT.
The Struggle of Life
Next Sunday Matinee—"Slaves of Gold."

OLYMPIO 2:30 O'CLOCK.
MRS. POTTER AND MR. BELLEW.
Matinee To-Day ..... "CAMILLE."
Next Week—"SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."
Sunday Night, Feb. 9—WM. HOEY.
Sunday Night, Feb. 16—INGERSOLL.
"Foundation of Faith."
Sale of Seats February 10.

EXPOSITION MUSIC HALL.
Fifteenth Sunday Concert, February 9th, by Symphony Orchestra.
ALFRED RENDT, Conductor.
Soloists: Mrs. C. S. Cowen, alto; Signor Rosario Bambini, tenor.
Admission ..... 25c.
Reserved Seats ..... 50c.
Tickets on sale at Thieme-Nicolin Music Co., 1104 Olive st. Regular patrons need not call Sunday Concerts.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

ACCOUNTANT—Wanted, set of books to keep by expert accountant; references No. 1; salary moderate. Add. F 986, this office.

BARBER—Situation wanted by barber in country town. Add. A. M. J., 920 Franklin av., St. Louis.

BARTENDER—Wanted, situation by a well recommended young bartender. Add. C 5, this office.

COOK—Situation wanted by man and wife; good cook; can fill any place; we want work; refs. Add. 1131 N. 12th and Madison sts.

COACHMAN—A young colored man wants place as coachman; send postal to 2650 Morgan st., rear.

COACHMAN—Thoroughly experienced young white man wants situation; well acquainted in city; refs. Add. K 2, this office.

CARPENTER—Work wanted by carpenter, to build your house, barn, or bridge, or repairing; don't object to country. Add. J. Williams, 1308 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo.

COLLECTOR—Wanted, situation as collector or clerk in retail store by young man of 21; will leave the city; refs. Add. C 532, this office.

FARM HANDS—Two good farm hands want work on farm. Address, stating wages, G 8, this office.

FIREMAN—Wanted, situation as fireman by young married man; experienced and reliable. 3701 N. 11th st.

HOUSEMAN—Wanted, a situation as first-class houseman in hotel or boarding-house; German; can give good city refs. Add. H 5, this office.

MAN—Situation by young man of 21 who has had experience as engineer or fireman; willing to work for reasonable wages. John Redmiller, 1315 N. 8th.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation as salesman; experienced in grocery line; city or country. Add. D 6, this office.

STEAMFITTER—Wanted, position by first-class steamfitter and plumber; capable of making plans and figures. Address F 7, this office.

SALESMAN—Situation wanted by traveling salesman; Southern States and Texas; large acquaintance; St. Louis refs.; seeds, implements or anything else that is a seller in the regular lines. P S., 517 Lafayette st., Danville, Ill.

WATCHMAKER—Wanted, situation by a watchmaker in city or country. Add. N 4, this office.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

APPRENTICES WANTED—To learn the barber trade; can complete in eight weeks; job guaranteed; catalogue. St. Louis Barber College, 819 N. 9th st.

BARBER WANTED—A good barber at once. 1913 Franklin av.

BOY WANTED—Good, strong, tidy boy to carry samples, $3 per week. 209 Mermod-Jaccard Bldg.

BOYS WANTED—Bright, active boys to sell Sprague's box lunches; hours 8 to 1. Apply 1900 Locust st., bet. 5 and 6 p. m. and 8 and 9 a. m.

BOY WANTED—About 17 or 18 years of age to learn office work; must write well; address in own handwriting, stating references and salary desired. Add. K 6, this office.

ENGINEER WANTED—Apply at 2210 and 2212 Pine st.

HOUSEBOY—Wanted, situation by a colored boy as houseboy; willing to work; can give reference. Address 4263 Cottage av.

MEN WANTED—First-class Goodyear stockers at The Brown Shoe Co., 11th and St. Charles sts., 4th floor.

MASTER PRINTERS—A publishing house in one of the important western cities south of Chicago that operates a printing office as a side issue would like to hear from a first-class practical printer with a view to taking full management of this department of business.

The printing plant is well equipped with the best machinery and Linotypes, and is valued at upwards of $40,000.

An application would only be considered from a business man of undoubted ability and experience. Should prefer a man who would be able and willing to invest some capital in this department of the business, although this is not a necessary requirement if the right man presents himself. All replies to this advertisement will be treated confidentially and the originals returned to unsuccessful applicants.

References and full particulars regarding age, experience and capital should accompany the applications. Reply M 5, care of Lord & Thomas, Chicago.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—A shoemaker at 1627 Market st.

SALESMEN WANTED—Traveling salesmen to sell to dealers; $100 monthly and expenses; extraordinary inducements; experience unnecessary. Acme Cigar Co., Chicago.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Good at figures and familiar with all office work; must write a good hand; none other need apply; fair wages. Add. C 8, this office; answer in own handwriting.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK—Wanted, situation by a good cook; no washing or ironing. 2108 Adams st.

COOK—A middle-aged German girl wants situation as cook in boarding-house. 924 N. 15th st.

COOK—Good German cook wants situation; is thoroughly competent. Address F 6, this office.

COOK—Situation wanted to do plain cooking and light housework. Mrs. K., 2012 Franklin av., 3d floor, rear.

COOK—A German woman with 3-year-old child wants situation to cook or do general housework. Add. O 6, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Experienced dressmaker desires a few more engagements; terms very reasonable. Address M 6, this office.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker desires few more engagements in families, or will take work home; terms $1.25 per day. Add. T 6, this office.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker desires a few more engagements in families, or will take work home; terms $1.50 per day. Add. B 7, this office.

GIRL—Would like a position as clerk or waitress in bakery or confectionery. Address for one week, K 529, this office.

GIRL—Situation wanted by an experienced dining-room girl. Add. 1400 N. Broadway.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, situation to do general housework. Send postal 2650 Morgan st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation as working housekeeper by young lady; don't mind children. 4242 Folsom av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Lady wishes a position as housekeeper or some other pleasant day work. Call or write 816 Russell av.

HOUSEKEEPER—A lady wants sit. to keep house for nice gentleman, or in hotel; good manager; understands business. Call at 1715 Market st.

LAUNDRESS—Competent laundress wants Monday and Tuesday washing. Call or write 25 S. Leonard av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home by German woman; first-class work; no ironing. 4405 Lucky st., 1 block north of Easton av.

NURSE—An American girl wants a situation as nurse and to help in light housework. Please call at 221 Soulard st.

OFFICE WORK—Woman would like office work of some kind; send postal to 2650 Morgan st., rear.

SEAMSTRESS—Wanted, work in families by first-class cutter and fitter. 2924 Olive st.

STENOGRAPHER—A lady stenographer wants a position; steady work. Address E. A., 1826 St. Louis av.

SEAMSTRESS—A good seamstress would like a permanent situation; would not mind doing light housework. 3401½ Walnut st.

WASHING—Wanted, family washing to take home; best of refs. given. Add. 4339 Cottage av.

WASHING—Wanted, washing and ironing to bring home or go out Monday or Tuesday; send postal to 2650 Morgan st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. J. FORSHAW, 111 N. 12th st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—A good cook at 3823 Virginia av.

COOK WANTED—Experienced woman cook for restaurant. 910 N. 6th st.

COOK WANTED—Nice, capable girl to cook and assist with washing. 3865 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework and to assist with children. Apply at 1900 Arsenal st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for housework. 2916 Dickson st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 2621 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1218 Lynch st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 3415 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Apply at 4110 Maryland av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 1422 S. Broadway.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A German girl to do general housework. 4242 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced colored girl for general housework. 4243 Delmar av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family. 2818A McNair av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good colored girl for housework; top flat. 5 N. Jefferson av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; refs. required. 4173 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; family of 3; city refs. 3315 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 4175 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; small family; good pay. 4355 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl to do general housework; small family. 5545 Cates av., Cabanne.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework and dining-room work; refs. required. 3116 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Reliable girl for general housework; small family; Suburban car to Laurel av.; liberal wages. 1034 Thornby pl.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Competent Christian woman as working housekeeper, middle aged, who understands the care of children; references required. Dr. Saymon, 2829 Easton av.

JACKETS—Wanted, ladies of 36 or 38 bust measurement for two samples jackets; silk lined; latest style; reasonable price. 4250 Olive st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Good shirt polisher at once. Apply 728 Bayard av.

LAUNDRESSES WANTED—Four new shirt ironers at National Laundry Co., 3401 Laclede av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—A nursegirl at 5523 Virginia av.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—To handle the best selling article on the market; $3 capital required; $4 to $7 per day; ladies or gents; entirely new. 704 Fagin building.

LADIES WANTED—Business ladies and canvassers; good pay to right parties. Call at 1805 Washington av.

AGENTS—Visit every store and office. New sign printing device; steady work all summer. Inclose stamp. Arc Co., Racine, Wis.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSES made in latest styles from $3.50 to $5. Mrs. Wagner, 2624 Chestnut st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—A good man with $2,000 cash; a fine paying wholesale business. Apply between 9 to 12 o'clock at Chas. Kuhn, 521 Pine st.

LOST AND FOUND.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

DOOR—Lost, carriage door. Return to 309 S. 9th st. and receive reward.

DOG—Lost, a large St. Bernard dog; white color, with yellow ears and eyes. Suitable reward if returned to No. 1812 Leffingwell av.

MONEY—Lost, Thursday forenoon, a roll of $105 in paper; finder will be liberally rewarded by addressing H 6, this office.

POCKETBOOK—Lost, a silver-mounted pocketbook, bet. Washington and Morgan on Leonard av. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to 3411 Morgan st.

Found.

DOG—Found, water spaniel, brown and curly, white spoton breast. Call at 4374 Cook av.

FOUND—For a man, a pair of shoes that will wear and fit. Harris' $4.00 shoes. 520 Pine st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WAGONS—Wanted, 3 2-horse stake wagons. Add. C 2, this office.

For Sale.

CARRIAGES—New and 2d-hand open and top wagons, surreys, phaetons, storm buggies; monthly payments. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

HORSES—For sale, two horses and three mules. Apply 1426 Bremen av.

HORSE—For sale, horse, buggy and harness, saddle and bridle; $65. 2814 Adams st.

HORSE—For sale, one horse, 8 years old, weight 1,400, and one about 1,000 pounds, 9 years old. Apply at 1415 N. Grand av., before 10 a. m.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FURNITURE—For sale, entire contents of an 8-room house; in good locality for roomers or boarders, at reasonable terms or cheap for cash. 809 S. 18th st.

STOVE—For sale, one Charter Oak cook stove, in good order; cost $24; at $5. 710 N. High st.

SEWING MACHINE—For sale, one oak Singer sewing machine; all attachments; like new; cost $65; at $16. 708 N. High st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CANARIES—For sale, canaries; male, female. Call at 2232A Biddle st.

DEER—For sale, I have 18 tame deer, 7 bucks and 11 does, from 1 year to 4 years old; the does are with fawn and will drop them about the 1st of May; I will sell the herd. Add. A. H. Love, Salem, Mo.

FINANCIAL.

MISSOURI AND CRIPPLE CREEK BROKERAGE CO. Buy and sell Cripple Creek mining stocks and properties. Send 10c for book about this great gold camp.

D. W. and LESLIE MARMADUKE, Managers, P. O. Box F, Cripple Creek, Colo.

MUSICAL.

MUSIC—Mandolin, violin, guitar, banjo rented, 50c monthly; sold $1 weekly; sheet music, 4 copies, 25 cents; send stamp for catalogue. 2829 Olive st.

PIANO—For sale, $35, square Chickering piano; cost $450; great bargain; selling out. 2712 S. Jefferson av.

PROF. DALLMER and wife, violin, mandolin, guitar, banjo, piano instructors; instruments to take home for 50c monthly rent. 2829 Olive st.

PIANO—For sale, first-class upright piano, Lindeman; a sweet tone, beautiful case; will sell for half of piano store price. 15 N. Compton av.

PIANO—For sale, a fine Steinway square piano in first-class order, worth $700; must be sold at once; will be sold at a sacrifice for $200. Add. A 4, this office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

SALOON—For sale, first-class saloon, license out; full stock; proprietor wants to leave town. Add. P 6, this office.

STORE—For sale, department store, near St. Louis; cash business; turned stock 8 times in one year; invoice about $3,400; reasons failing health. Add. P. O. Drawer 19, Weston, O.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Ice: To-morrow at 2 p. m.; place appointed; don't fail. Water.

PERSONAL—Will the lady that noticed gent on Olive st. car at noon, on 21st st., grant an interview? Address G 4, this office.

PERSONAL—Olga: I waited from 2:15 to 3:15; would have waited longer, but thought if you came later you would surely telephone me; was told to-day that you were there at 2:30. Am more disappointed than words can express; please forgive me; it shall never happen again; write at once; you know how I feel. Jasyl.

INFORMATION WANTED.

INFORMATION WANTED—B. or D. Douglas, formerly of Cottage, Cairo, send present address to friend. Add. S 6, this office.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. A cure guaranteed. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th.

A—DIVORCES a specialty; easy terms; confidential. Law office, 304 N. 6th, bet. Olive and Locust.

ANY sewing machine, stove or clock repaired at your homes and tested before paying; few good machines, $5 to $20. Answer by postal card, G. W. Davis, 1218 Pine st.

DIVORCE and damage suits a specialty; easy payments; advice free. 514 Pine st., 2d floor, room 2.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, 2340 Wash st.; boards ladies during confinement; treats female diseases and complaints; ladies in trouble call or write; consultation free.

LACE curtains cleaned in 36 hours; best of refs. given. Add. 4339 Cottage av.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in diseases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

MRS. RENNEKAMP, midwife, private home and board for ladies during confinement. 2327 Franklin.

MRS. FRICK, graduate of two colleges, receives in confinement; female complaints treated successfully; charges reasonable. 423 S. 14th st.

MRS. ANNA NEWLAND, midwife, 29 S. 14th st., boards ladies during confinement; treats female troubles; terms reasonable; call or write.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At druggists.

Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Ladies' Special Physician.

Treats all diseases and irregularities; boards during confinement; call or write. Dr. Merwin, 2011 Olive st.

STORAGE.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. E. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive st.

FIDELITY STORAGE, PACKING & MOVING CO 1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St. Branch Office, 1103 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

LOANS on fur. and pianos; lowest rates; monthly payments. Eastern Loan Co., 714½ Chestnut st.

MONEY to loan on furniture, pianos, sewing machines and other security; strictly confidential; lowest rates. Eagle Loan Co., 1238 Franklin av.

MONEY advanced on pianos and furniture at bankable rates; private party; no mortgages recorded. 810 Security Building, 4th and Locust sts.

MORGAN LOAN CO. will lend $10 and upwards on furniture, pianos, bicycles and other security, and guarantee the best rates in the city; weekly or monthly payments accepted. Call or address 1015 Morgan st.

MONEY TO LOAN—On furniture, and pianos, any amount you desire, without removing property from house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; money given the same day applied for. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

MONEY LOANED quietly and confidentially on furniture and pianos, property to be left in your possession, we make you a loan any way you desire; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no publicity or charges for papers; rates lowest and easiest; leases and loans paid off and more money advanced; also loans on bicycles, typewriters, sewing machines, and all good security. National Loan Co., 1303 Washington av., 2d floor.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1103 Pine st.

Repectable parties can borrow money on furniture or pianos on easy monthly payments without removal, in sums and terms to suit. Business confidential.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 712 Pine St., second floor.

ALL SORTS.

ANY drug store is authorized to receive want advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

DERMATOLOGY.

PUG NOSES. HUMP, FLAT, ILL-SHAPED NOSES. Projecting Ears, made to harmonize with the other features. Send stamp for book on Beauty. J. H. Woodburn, Union Trust Bld'g.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$100, $200, $300, $400, $500 to $50,000 on good St. Louis real estate security.

JNO. H. TERRY & SONS.

MONEY WANTED.

MONEY—Wanted, $6,000 on high class real estate; valued at $12,000; no commission. Address R 6, this office.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

HOTEL FOR CONVENTION

Of 32 rooms; new, electric lighted, steam heat; cheap to right party; northwest corner 20th and Market sts. JOHN H. TERRY & SONS, 621 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

MONEY TO LOAN—$2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500 at 6 per cent on St. Louis city real estate. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN—$500, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $4,000, $5,000, $6,000, $8,000 and $10,000 at 6 per cent on St. Louis city real estate. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS

For Sale—House and lot No. 1119 Aubert av., near Fountain or Finney av., brand new two-story pressed brick front house of 6 rooms; good cellar, hall, bath, inside w. c., furnace pipes; lot 28½x170 feet to alley; terms $300 cash down, balance $25 to $30 per month. For keys and particulars call on KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

For Sale—House and lot No. 4622 St. Louis av., one block west of Taylor av. or Magnolia Terrace, brand new two-story pressed brick front house of six rooms, hall, bath and closet; lot 26x100 feet; terms $100 cash, balance $15 or $20 per month. Keys at KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

RENT LISTS.

ONE LINE (double column), fourteen words, 10 cents; 5 cents for each addition of seven words.
ANY DRUG STORE is authorized to receive Want Advertisements for the Post-Dispatch.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

CASS AV., 3014—One nicely furnished front room, suitable for two.

CLARK AV., 2132—Two nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping; $2; all conveniences.

CLARK AV., 2128—Two nice, light connecting front rooms; water handy.

CHESTNUT ST., 3002—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences.

CHESTNUT ST., 2919—Well furnished room, private family; gas, hot bath, etc.; reference exchanged.

EASTON AV., 2906—Newly furnished front and back parlor, with bath, for gents; terms reasonable.

FINNEY AV., 4228—Three rooms, $12; two rooms, $8.

FRANKLIN AV., 810—Third floor, two nice front rooms; $5 per month.

GARRISON AV., 1009—Nicely furnished back parlor; every convenience; private family; terms reasonable.

LOCUST ST., 2816—Handsomely furnished 2d-story front room; also 3d-story front; terms reasonable.

LUCAS AV., 2063—One unfurnished room; all conveniences; cheap.

LAFAYETTE AV., 2744—Two nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; gas, bath, heat, etc.

LAFAYETTE AV., 2615—Large unfurnished parlor; southern exp.; conv. to board; private family; or suitable for doctor or dentist.

MORGAN ST., 2801—Nicely furnished room; 1st floor.

MORGAN ST., 2710A—A nicely furnished 2d-story front room, suitable for 1 or 2 gentlemen.

MORGAN ST., 1424—Furnished front room for housekeeping, $2 and $2.50 per week; all conve.

OLIVE ST., 2643A—Rooms furnished and unfurnished; with bath and fire.

OLIVE ST., 3219—Furnished front room for two gentlmen or man and wife.

PAPIN ST., 1430—Large front room furnished for light housekeeping, cheap; also other rooms, $1.50 per week.

PARLOR—Young widow living alone will rent front parlor to suitable gentleman, with privileges; no other roomers. Address W 6, this office.

WASHINGTON AV., 1721—Neat front room, 2d floor; also small room; furnace, gas and bath.

WASHINGTON AV., 1405—Double parlor; also rooms for gents or housekeeping; single or en suite.

4TH ST., 827 N.—Nice furnished rooms; single rooms, $1 a week up; room for light housekeeping.

6TH ST., 912 N.—Two rooms, all conveniences; rent $5. Apply 912 N. 6th st.

8TH ST., 816—One nicely furnished front room on first floor, suitable for two; to desirable tenants privileges of housekeeping.

12TH ST., 208 S.—Opposite New City Hall—Room and board, first-class; private family.

12TH ST., 113 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping and roomers; $3 per month and up.

13TH ST., 1105 S. (near Chouteau av.)—Nicely furnished room for one or two gents; $1 per week; also hall room.

15TH ST., 21A S.—Housekeeping and hall room, $1.50 and $1.75 per week.

BOARDING.

BELL PL., 4106 W.—2d-story room, with board; 2 gentlemen, or couple preferred.

FINNEY AV., 3646—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room and other rooms, with board.

GARRISON AV., 722 N.—New and handsomely furnished rooms and board, en suite or single; will suit the most fastidious; private family.

LEONARD AV., 1151½ S.—Rooms, with board, for 3 or 4 nice gentlemen at once in private family.

LASALLE ST., 925—Clean, comfortable 2d-story furnished room with board for one gentleman; refs.

LA SALLE ST., 1317—Board and rooms at reasonable terms; room-mate wanted; private family.

LOCUST ST., 3048—Elegant room, nicely furnished; good table and attendance; reference.

LOCUST ST., 2630—Well furnished rooms; good board.

LOCUST ST., 2631—Furnished parlor, bed room, other rooms; good board, with home comforts.

LUCAS AV., 3111—Desirable front room for couple or gentlemen; also table board.

LOCUST ST., 2221—Large, nicely furnished rooms, suitable for man and wife or gentlemen; good board; furnace heat, hot and cold water; references.

OLIVE ST., 1504—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; first-class board; $4 per week.

ROOM—Front room, 2d floor, two gentlemen or married couple, with board; newly furnished; gas, hot and cold bath; private family; reference required. Inquire at 3031 Franklin av.

ROOM—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, southern exposure; suitable for two gentlemen, with good board, in private family. Address 2637 Morgan st.

ST. ANGE AV., 1325—Newly furnished front rooms, with or without board; terms reasonable.

WASHINGTON AV., 2728—Board; front room; connecting bathroom; everything in house new and elegant.

6TH ST. AND FRANKLIN AV.—Rooms, $1 per week; beds and meals, 15c each.

15TH ST., 809 N.—First-class board, pleasant room; $4 per week; all conveniences.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

FLATS WANTED.

FLAT—Wanted, a nice second-story flat of five rooms, all conveniences, in desirable neighborhood, within 30 minutes' ride to center of city. Address T 5, this office.

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT.

DICKSON ST., 3038A—Nicely furnished 4-room flat to first-class party without children; ref.

FLAT—A nicely furnished flat of 4 rooms for rent; everything new. Call at 3038A Dickson st.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

CASS AV., 3005—8 rooms and bath; reduced to $25. Carter & McLanahan.

CHOUTEAU AND SPRING AV.—New 4-room flat, $11; water free.

DICKSON ST., 2816—A nine-room stone-front house. Inquire of Philip Roeder, 307 N. 4th st.

JUNIATA ST., 4143—Nice 7-room Queen Anne house; rent, $22.50. F. E. Niesen, 705 Chestnut st.

PINE ST., 3429—Eight large rooms, $50; bargain. Carter & McLanahan, 12 N. 8th st.

VICTOR ST., 1105—Three-room flat, water in kitchen. Apply 521 Franklin av.

FLATS FOR RENT.

CHOUTEAU AV., 2804-6-10-12—Three and four rooms; half month free to good tenants; $8, $9, $10 and $11 per month.

MORGAN ST., 2734—6-room flat, upstairs, with all modern improvements. For particulars inquire at 2620 Morgan.

MARCUS AV., 2600A—Fine 4 rooms and hot and cold water; bath, porcelain tub; fine laundry and everything new; building fine neighborhood; $18; three lines of cars.

MINERVA AV., 5156—1st floor, 4 rooms, closets, hot and cold bath, gas fixtures and stable.

PENDLETON AV., 1410—South of Easton—New 4-room flat; hot bath, laundry, hall, china closet, etc.; rent $19 to good tenant.

14TH ST., 1831 AND 1833 S.—New elegant 4-room flats, very cheap. Inquire in rear.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BUILDING—For rent, 2,500 square feet, second floor, for light manufacturing; with power. Inquire American Steam Laundry Co., 21st and Morgan.

FRANKLIN AV., 1413—25x155. Farrar & Tate, 810 Wainwright building.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1418—Store and cellar, 20x50; rent, $20.

OFFICE ROOM—Good office room, Wells Building, Broadway and Olive st. Inquire 505 Olive st.

WASHINGTON AV., 210 and 212—Entire building, four stories and basement, fronting 45 feet by depth of 160 feet; corner of alley; good shipping facility, good light and electric power; suitable for any kind of mercantile business or manufacturing; cheap rent. Apply to St. Louis Electrotype Foundry, on premises.

3D ST., 514 N. (near Washington av.)—Second floor, fine condition, good light; also second floor, No. 518 N. 3d st., third door from southeast corner of Washington av.; both floors have entrances from street; both suitable for any kind of business or light manufacturing; low rent. N. Scharff, 704 N. 2d st.

4TH ST., 825 N.—A store; suitable for restaurant; a good stand.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

MOVING VANS.

The largest equipment, handsomest padded vans in the city; two-horse vans, three-horse vans, four-horse vans and ordinary furniture cars for hire by load or contract; experienced, sober and careful hands; satisfaction guaranteed; estimates cheerfully given.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co, 1723 and 1725 Morgan St. Phone 2890. Down-town Office 1103 Pine. Phone 4101.

RELIGIOUS.

ETHICAL Society, Memorial Hall, 19th and Lucas av. Sunday, 11 o'clock a. m., address by Mr. Wm. Schuyler. Subject, "How to Try to be Good." The public is cordially invited.

ST. MARK'S ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Bell and Cardinal avs.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 a. m. Prayer meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening in the church parlors at 6:30. Welcome.

"THE MIDNIGHT CRY."—Free lecture by Evangelist Sunday evening at 8 o'clock in Kicker's Hall, corner North Market st. and Newstead av. All Christian people cordially invited. Not so-called Second Adventism.

LEGAL.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the creditors of the Falke-Snyder Manufacturing Company that I will, on the 2nd, 3rd and 4th days of March, 1896, at the office of E. A. Loevy, rooms 801 and 802 Commercial Building, No. 520 Olive street, in the City of St. Louis, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to me by said Falke-Snyder Manufacturing Company. ADAM WEBER, Assignee of Falke-Snyder Manufacturing Co.

H. A. LOEVY, Attorney for Assignee, Room 801-2, 520 Olive st.

St. Louis, January 23, 1896. 5435

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William Gundelfinger, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next. JULIUS A. GUNDELFINGER, Executor of the Estate of William Gundelfinger, Deceased.

VERNON W. KNAPP, Attorney.

St. Louis, Mo., January 23, 1896. 5437

ESTATE of Martha Davis Emmons, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of Martha Davis Emmons, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 11th day of January, 1896.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1896.

CHARLES H. TURNER, Administrator With the Will Annexed of Martha Davis Emmons, Deceased. 5439

ESTATE of Mary B. Casey, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary B. Casey, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 15th day of January, 1896.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1896.

PETER A. CASEY, Executor of Mary B. Casey, Deceased. 5348

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Casper Hohmann, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next. THERESA HOHMANN, Executrix of Casper Hohmann, Deceased.

H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public. St. Louis, Jan. 11, 1896. 5271

RECEIVER'S SALE of Grills—By virtue of and in pursuance of an order made by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made and entered on the 4th day of February, 1896, in the case of Wm. A. Jenks et al. vs. Sophie Holland, pending in said court, wherein I am the receiver of the undersigned, Charles A. Davis, appointed receiver in the above mentioned cause, will receive sealed bids up to Feb. 15, to be opened at 10 o'clock a. m. of the 17th by the Clerk of the Circuit Court in room 6 of said court, and the same to be rejected or approved by the Judge thereof, for the following described personal property in bulk: 300 frames grills, 2 feet 5½ inches; 100 frames grills, 3 feet 9½ inches; 100 frames grills, 4 feet 9½ inches; 150 frames grills, 2 feet 5½ inches; 400 frames grills, 2 feet 7 inches. Said bids to be accompanied with certified check for $500, to be returned if bid is not accepted. Terms of sale, delivery of goods. Grills may be seen at the Eureka Novelty Works, 1922 North Broadway. CHARLES A. DAVIS, Receiver, 718 Union Trust Building.

Feb. 5, 1896.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Timothy O'Sullivan, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next. MARY O'SULLIVAN, Administratrix of Timothy O'Sullivan.

St. Louis, January 24th, 1896. 5436

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of St. Louis Adamant Plaster Co., that on MONDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF MARCH, 1896, at the opening of court, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall file my final report and apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in Division No. 3 thereof for a discharge of my trust as assignee of St. Louis Adamant Plaster Co. DANIEL G. TAYLOR, Assignee of St. Louis Adamant Plaster Co.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 18, 1896. 5351

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Wallace R. Perry, deceased, that the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next. MARY T. PERRY, Executrix of Estate of Wallace R. Perry, Deceased.

St. Louis, Jan. 24, 1896. 5427

ESTATE of Mary B. Casey, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary B. Casey, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 15th day of January, 1896.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1896.

PETER A. CASEY, Executor of Mary B. Casey, Deceased. 5348

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Casper Hohmann, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next. THERESA HOHMANN, Executrix of Casper Hohmann, Deceased.

H. J. SPAUNHORST, Notary Public. St. Louis, Jan. 11, 1896. 5271

RECEIVER'S SALE of Grills—By virtue of and in pursuance of an order made by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made and entered on the 4th day of February, 1896, in the case of Wm. A. Jenks et al. vs. Sophie Holland, pending in said court, wherein I am the receiver of the undersigned, Charles A. Davis, appointed receiver in the above mentioned cause, will receive sealed bids up to Feb. 15, to be opened at 10 o'clock a. m. of the 17th by the Clerk of the Circuit Court in room 6 of said court, and the same to be rejected or approved by the Judge thereof, for the following described personal property in bulk: 300 frames grills, 2 feet 5½ inches; 100 frames grills, 3 feet 9½ inches; 100 frames grills, 4 feet 9½ inches; 150 frames grills, 2 feet 5½ inches; 400 frames grills, 2 feet 7 inches. Said bids to be accompanied with certified check for $500, to be returned if bid is not accepted. Terms of sale, delivery of goods. Grills may be seen at the Eureka Novelty Works, 1922 North Broadway. CHARLES A. DAVIS, Receiver, 718 Union Trust Building.

Feb. 5, 1896.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Timothy O'Sullivan, deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next. MARY O'SULLIVAN, Administratrix of Timothy O'Sullivan.

St. Louis, January 24th, 1896. 5436

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of St. Louis Adamant Plaster Co., that on MONDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF MARCH, 1896, at the opening of court, or as soon thereafter as counsel can

These People Tell the Truth

They Are Prominent St. Louis Citizens.

And They Cordially Endorse the New Scientific Methods of the Specialists at the

REKLAW ACADEMY.

Mr. Ormond B. Plass, Bank Clerk, 7107 South Broadway, St. Louis, says:
"The result in my case has been remarkable. I have steadily gained in health since I placed myself under the treatment of the Reklaw Academy Specialists. I suffered from nervous exhaustion and insomnia."

Mr. E. O. Bartholomew, Real Estate, 4950 Magnolia av., St. Louis, says:
"I was a constant sufferer from an aggravated form of nervousness, had repeated convulsive attacks and frequently fell on the street. I suffered tortures worse than a thousand deaths. The Specialists at the Reklaw Academy have done me a wonderful amount of good. I have thrown away my canes and now, after twelve years suffering, am at ease again."

Mr. E. J. Dunn, Solicitor and Collector for C. H. Ames, 18 N. Third st., city, says:
"Three weeks' treatment by the Reklaw Specialists of Sciatic Rheumatism and I am again fit for my duties."

We treat successfully all Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin diseases and deformities in man, woman or child, guaranteeing a cure in all cases we accept for treatment. Positively no cases published without free consent of patients. Consultation and advice free. Reklaw Academy of Medicine, Surgery and Electricity, cor. Sixth and Chestnut streets, St. Louis.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Hannah Ford, deceased, that I, the undersigned surviving executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.
ELISA BEINERT,
Executrix of Frederick Beinert, Deceased.
St. Louis, Jan. 17, 1896. 5349

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Hannah Ford, deceased, that I, the undersigned surviving executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.
HENRY COLLET,
Surviving Executor.
St. Louis, Jan. 10, 1896. 5269

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Frederick Reinecke, deceased, that I, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.
FREDERICK REINECKE,
JULIUS REINECKE.
St. Louis, January 11, 1896. 5274

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Wilhelmine Schumacher, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.
HENRY W. WALLHAUSER,
Executor of Wilhelmine Schumacher, Deceased.
St. Louis, Jan. 24, 1896. 5434

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Augusta Holtcamp, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.
CHAS. W. HOLTCAMP,
Executor of Augusta Holtcamp.
St. Louis, Jan. 15, 1896. 5350

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand Pennyroyal and Steel Pills, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philadelphia.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Steady; sales 402 bales. Quotations: Ordinary, 6¾c; good ordinary, 7¼c; low middling, 7¾c; middling, 7½c; good middling, 8¼c; middling fair, 8¾c; tinges ½c and stains ¾c below white.

ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSE STATEMENT.

	1895-96.	1894-95.
Net receipts to-day	318	402
Net receipts since Sept. 1	102,587	131,094
Gross receipts to-day	2,249	2,014
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	461,009	717,767
Net shipments to-day		472
Net shipments since Sept. 1	35,073	82,288
Gross shipments to-day	1,931	2,084
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	394,523	680,462
Stock on hand	74,095	66,705

LIVERPOOL—Demand limited; prices unchanged. Uplands, 4 9-16d; Orleans, 4 11-16d; futures closed quiet and steady: Feb and March, 4 28-64d; March and April, 4 27-64d; April and May, 4 26-64d; May and June, 4 25-64d; June and July, 4 25-64d; July and Aug, 4 25-64d; Aug and Sept, 4 22-64d; Sept and Oct, 4 18-64d.

NEW YORK—Spot dull; middling, 8¾c. Futures closed steady. Sales, 43,200 bales.

Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

	Closing Friday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Saturday.
February	7.83	7.85	7.82	7.82
March	7.95	7.96	7.93	7.95
April	8.01	7.99	7.99	7.99
May	8.05	8.04	8.03	8.04
June	8.08	8.07	8.06	8.07
July	8.11	8.10	8.09	8.10
August	8.10	8.07	8.06	8.06
September	7.81	7.80	7.78	7.80
October	7.66	7.64	7.64	7.64

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY NOTES.

Items of Interest From Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas and Texas.

MISSOURI.

A negro woman "whirled down Felix street," St. Joseph, the other day on a bicycle.

For want of funds a number of country schools have been closed for the winter.

There is great religious excitement in Peirce City.

Mr. Goforth, who runs the Iberia Intelligencer as an annex to his barber shop, has reduced the price of a hair cut and whiskers trim to 15 cents.

Subscriptions for a canning factory at Mansfield are being taken.

A bald eagle was trapped on Varner River recently.

Frank Shelton has bought "Africa" and part of three other small islands north of Kennett.

At Gibson, fifteen miles from Kennett, Farmer McFarland has just killed a 742-pound hog.

Holliday will have a new schoolhouse.

Monroe County's assessed valuation is $6,105,830.

There are twenty additions to the Methodist Church at Granville.

The Glasgow revival has closed with the conversion of more than eighty persons.

The good boys of Skidmore have been getting together and sawing the widow Thompson's wood for her.

Dancing now begins at 8 in Columbia.

Some of the farmers have begun plowing.

A Christian Science teacher at Rush Hill has five pupils at $100 each.

Ninety-two pupils have entered the Orphans' school at Fulton this year.

Maryville has lately had a Poland-China pig sale. The pigs brought an average of $77.50.

In New York a Carroll County horse brought $1,750.

Joplin is figuring on the investment of $500 in a watch tower and a 1,500-pound fire bell.

Green County berry growers have formed an association for their mutual protection and benefit.

Trenton Knights of Pythias have about concluded arrangements for erecting a building of their own.

A new telephone line will soon connect Chillicothe and Carrollton, with way stations at Avalon, Tina and Hale.

Marshall claims the champion feather puller of the United States. He picked 110 turkeys and 30 chickens in ten hours.

A female porker of Reno has a family of nineteen.

ILLINOIS.

Tower Hill no longer tolerates cigarettes and it fines the vender.

The Senators' Debating Society of Bates has resolved that the United States should proceed at once to adopt the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for any other nation to act in the matter.

Three new houses are going up in Berlin.

Rockford school children will be provided with books at cost in an ordinance passes.

Dr. V. T. McCown of Bowen is dead.

The Lamoville canning factory has been closed.

John Bedell was kicked to death by a horse at Carmi.

A company of investors has bought all the land of the Illinois Central in Effingham County—920 acres.

The Odd Fellows at Hardin have decided to build a hall.

Calhoun County is entirely out of debt and has a good surplus in her treasury. Her jail is empty and there are only five paupers on the County Farm.

'Squire P. E. Stearns, the oldest Justice of the Peace in the State, died at Canton Monday. He was 84 years of age and had held the office of which he was still incumbent at his death for fifty-two consecutive years.

ARKANSAS.

Little Rock people are not hurrying to subscribe to the base ball fund.

Everything is ready for a free bridge at Little Rock except the money.

The new college building at Jamestown is one of the finest in the State.

J. L. Rea of Crawford County, who cultivated 100 acres last year in strawberries, will plant forty acres more this spring, and will also put in fifteen acres in blackberries.

The canning factory at Helena is putting up 40,000 cans of sweet potatoes.

The Arkadelphia Herald has been merged with the Siftings.

The Clarke-Jones combat deepens.

TEXAS.

W. F. Peacock, a Collin County farmer, has been arrested for trying to sell counterfeit money.

Desperado Boas Poe is again in durance.

William Dunn, aged 76, is the oldest Odd-Fellow in the State.

The output of the oil mills of Texas this year will be fully 50 per cent short of last season. The four Houston mills generally receive in the neighborhood of 175,000 tons of seed annually, but this season's receipts will not be over 85,000 tons.

Ellis County has 131 public free schools, which give employment to 150 teachers. The total scholastic population of the county is 11,883. The average length of public school term is five months.

Several hundred men looked on while a mob of women destroyed two saloons at Black Jack.

Denton's tax rate has been fixed at $1.18.

The Cleburne rabbit chase date is March 2.

Counterfeiters Fined and Remanded.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 8.—Smith Ash and his brother, Dick Ash, of Mattoon were today fined $50 and costs each by Judge Allen in the Federal Court for dealing in counterfeit silver coin. They were remanded to jail in default.

The Wabash

Is the shortest line to Cripple Creek.

Dead Men's Estates.

The inventory of the estate of Alexander D. Wilson, filed Saturday, shows stocks, bonds and personal property valued at $57,000, and considerable real estate.

An inventory of the estate of George Keller was filed Saturday. It shows personal property with $140,000 and a small piece of real estate.

Owl Car Time Table.

Call at Post-Dispatch office and get a time-table of the owl cars on every street car line in the city; in convenient form for the vest pocket.

Real Estate Transfers.

NEWSTEAD AV.—25 ft., east line of block 3115. Thos. Gulker and wife to Charles Bromann—warranty deed ..... $ 1,925

EVANS AV.—25 ft., south line of block 3723. H. T. Loring to Loring Real Estate and Loan Co.—warranty deed 3,000

CAROLINE ST.—25 ft., south line of block 1810. Ann Brady to Kate Brady—quit-claim deed 5

CAROLINE ST.—25 ft., south line block 2106. Ann Brady to Annie Brady—quit-claim deed 5

ARLINGTON AV.—25 ft., east line block 4516. John J. O'Brien and wife to Margaret Thompson—warranty deed 250

For the Home and Farm.

The Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1896 abounds in useful information for the housewife and farmer. Full reports of the experiments made by the Government agricultural stations are among the features of this encyclopaedic yearbook. 500 pages, 1,000 topics, 10,000 facts. Thirty pages are devoted especially to St. Louis. Price 25 cents.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 8.

The Liverpool Corn Trade News cable to the Chicago Daily Trade Bulletin reads: Aggregate stocks of flour and wheat afloat for Europe on Feb. 1 were 25,800,000 bu, against 29,700,000 bu on Jan. 1 and 35,000,000 bu on Feb. 1, 1895. Stocks in store in Europe, 48,000,000 bu, against 60,100,000 bu on Jan. 1 and 49,100,000 bu on Feb. 1, 1895. Combined stocks decreased 16,000,000 bu during Jan. European requirements large. Further decrease in supplies anticipated during this month and March. America appears to hold peculiarly dominant position.

Exports of wheat and flour from both coasts this week were equivalent to 2,907,000 bu against 2,550,000 last week, 2,020,000 corresponding week last year, 2,678,000 two years ago, 3,931,000 three years ago. Exports of corn this week were 3,222,000 bu against 3,197,000 last week.

Argentine wheat shipments are steadily, if slowly, increasing. This week's are reported as 640,000 bu against 288,000 last week. Abel Rey cables from Paris that both Russian and Argentine shipments are increasing. Weather in Argentine is now fine.

New Orleans cleared yesterday 34,000 bu corn for Antwerp and 76,510 for Bremen.

World's wheat shipments to Europe this week expected to be 6,000,000 bu, as this country's and the Argentine's exports over 700,000 bu larger last week.

Northwestern Miller claims there are large offerings Russian wheat to London for March and April shipment at 54s 9d per bu.

D. Brigham of New York wires that clearances wheat will decrease, but will continue fair for a week or so.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Saturday.	Friday.	Year Ago.
Wheat	1,383,474	1,383,521	4,464,101
Corn	527,431	519,590	2,872,656
Oats	641,353	637,615	473,606
Barley	4,462	4,462	3,128
Rye	6,563	9,361	22,317
No. 2 red winter	79,487	80,217	4,079,234
No. 2 hard winter	956,623	951,106	
No. 2 corn	456,460	457,628	2,062,033
No. 2 white corn	27,843	27,843	
No. 2 oats	147,513	144,120	218,817
No. 2 white oats	164,240	174,301	
No. 2 rye	2,265	2,263	8,158

Future Prices.

	Closing Friday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Saturday.
WHEAT.				
May	65¼@¾	68	67¼@⅝	67¼@⅝b
May	65 b	64½b	64	64¼
CORN.				
Feb	26½b			26¾b
May	27⅝a	27½@⅝	27½@⅝	27½@⅝b
July	29	28⅝a	28⅝a	28⅝a
OATS.				
May	21	21½	21	21 b

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Sat'day.	Friday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	73 b	73 b	51¾
No. 3 red	67½a	70	50¾
No. 4 winter	67 a		49¾
No. 2 hard winter	64 b	64 b	51¾
CORN.			
No. 2	26¾@27	26¼@26⅞	40¾
No. 2 white	26¾@27	26½b	40
No. 3	26¼	26 @26½	41¾
OATS.			
No. 2	19¾@19¾	19½	31
No. 3	19½b	19½	30

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

WHEAT.				
May	68¼@68¼	68¼	67⅛	67⅛@67¼
CORN.				
May	30⅝	30¼@30⅝	30⅝@30½	30⅝@30½
OATS.				
May	21½	21¼	21¼	21⅜
PORK.				
May	$10.37	$10.47	$10.32	$10.32
LARD.				
May	5.72@75	5.72	5.67	5.67
RIBS.				
May	5.32	5.35	5.27	5.32

WHEAT.

The sensational Liverpool Corn Trade News cable, reporting 36,000,000 bu decrease in European supplies afloat and ashore, and which statement was really the bull motive in yesterday's late market, was made public this morning, but it failed to exert the same influence. Cables were too unresponsive for one thing. Both London and Liverpool came dull and the latter barely steady, though neither any lower. The larger Argentine shipments and a private cable stating both Russian and Argentine shipments increasing, excited a bearish feeling, also, against which the larger exports for week from this country fell flat. And there was no let-up to Northwestern receipts, which were 541 cars, against 179 one year ago. Locally the feeling was extremely bearish and the selling so free that 1c decline was seen during the first half hour.

So prevalent was this feeling that on a rally in Chicago, May in this market dragged below the same option in the Windy market. The day's clearances were again moderate, as flour and wheat from four ports being 275,000 bu, but New York claiming her stock would decrease 1,000,000 bu this week had a temporarily strengthening effect. There was nothing special in the late news, the continental cables coming steady with Berlin about ¼d higher, but no export business at the seaboard and but light cash sales here and at Chicago. Domestic markets all displayed weakness during the last hour and there was considerable selling by longs locally, but the buying here was good by shorts taking profits and the premium for May above Chicago was restored. The close was at the bottom with buyers.

Spot Grades—No business on call. No 2 red held at 74½c for regular and 70c bid for St. L. C and F, but No 3 red offered regular as low as 67½c and only bids were 66c for St. L and F and 65c for Ter. No 4 winter offered at 67c, no bids. No 2 hard winter had 64c bid regular and No 3 do 62c for this side, neither offered. Spring not offered or bid for.

After call buyers for outside millers purchased to some extent, taking 15,000 bu No 2 red, part of which at 74c f. o. b, E side, and 5,000 bu No 3 red at May price f. o. b., and 10,000 bu No 2 hard winter sold to elevator buyer, part at 4c under May in United and balance to arrive on p. t.

CORN.

This market exhibited firmness, even during the early decline in wheat, as receipts were still small —179,000 bu at Western markets, those there doubled those of one year ago, and the week's clearances over 3,000,000 bu. The moderate weather did not hold out prospects for any increased movement in the near future, either. Cables were dull and Liverpool ½d lower, but the day's clearances showed up well.

The latest decline in wheat brought out an easier feeling and the market slowly slid downward in price, May closing with buyers ¼@⅜c below yesterday's latest bid and July ⅜c lower. No deliveries on Feb contracts and bids ⅛c better, but no sellers at this.

SPOT GRADES—Better (¼c) again, but the demand continued speculative chiefly. No 2 salable on call at 26¾c regular, 26¾c in Ter, 27c in United. No 2 white offered at 26¾c, bid 26¾c for regular, 27c for U. Lower grades neglected.

After call No. 2 white in Ter. sold at 27c and 5,000 bu No. 3 in United delivered on contract taken at ⅛c below No. 2 price.

OATS.

Receipts at Western markets 288,000 bu against 68,000 one year ago; shipments 238,000 bu.

The future market opened ¼c better, but lost this ere the close, though having buyers late at the decline.

Spot Grades—About steady. No. 2 sold regular at 19¾c and for United 19¾c bid. No. 3 salable in U. and F. at 18¾c and No. 4 in F. at 18c. No. 3 white offered regular at 19¾c, bid 19c.

RYE.

Firm, but nothing offered on call, where 37c bid for No. 2 regular, 35½c for E. side.

HAY.

Received, 925 tons; shipped 515 tons. A good inquiry for choice to No. 1 timothy, while grades are scarce, but receipts continue heavy of all descriptions, grading lower and these easy in price. The same remarks apply to prairie. Clover of good color and swept in fair to good demand. Alfalfa—For choice there is some inquiry. Straw showed a trifle more strength and wheat sold higher East side.

Sales: Track and Ware-house—This Side—Prairie —1 car packing at $4.50, 1 do at $4.75, No 3 at $5.50, 1 do at $6, 2 do at $6.50, 2 do at $7, 1 No 1 at $7.50. Timothy—1 car orang-outang at $7.50, 2 No 2 at $10, 1 do at $10.50, 3 No 1 at $11, 1 do at $11.50, 1 do at $11.75, 1 choice at $12, 1 do at $12.50, 3 do (1 large-baled) at $13, 1 do at $13.50.

East Side—Clover—1 car mixed at $11, 1 choice at $11.50. Timothy—1 car—¾ common at $7.50 and No 1 at $11, 3 choice at $12, 1 do at $12.50.

STRAW—Sale East Side—1 car wheat at $5.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Dull and easy, but quotably unchanged.

Patents	$3 75@3 85
Extra fancy	3 50@3 60
Fancy	3 10@3 20
Choice	2 70@2 80
Rye flour	2 50@2 65
Buckwheat flour	3 25@3 35
Cornmeal	1 90@1 95
Hominy, pearl meal, etc	1 80@1 85

MILLFEED—Steady, but business restricted by small offerings, so little being made at present. Country point—2 cars bulk bran at 41@42c, 6 sks at 46c. East track—2 cars sks bran at 47c, 5 mixed feed in 100-lb sks at 48c, 3 sks bran direct orders at 49c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, new, $10.50 per bbl; old, $9.87½; on orders, 50c per bbl higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 5.35c; choice, 5.45c.

BACON—Jobbing sales, boxed lots: Shoulders, 5¾c; longs, 6c; clear ribs, 6¼c; clear sides, 6¼c. Orders are ¼c higher.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed lots: Shoulders, 4¾c; longs, longs, 5¾c; clear ribs, 5¾c; clear sides, 5¾c. On orders by dealers, ¼c higher.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 9@10c per lb.

COUNTRY BACON—Very quiet; shoulders, 4½c per lb; clear sides, 4¾@5c; hams, 7½@8c.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—On orders, 9½@10¾c.

BEEF—Mess, $6.50@7.50 per bbl; dried, 9@11c per lb; tongues, $4.50 per doz.

DRESSED HOGS—Selling slow at 3¼@4c per lb.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Clover, weedy and trashy, $3.50 @4.50; fair to prime, $5.50 to $6.50; timothy, $2.75 to $3.50; millet, 50c to 80c; red top, inferior, $1@ 2.50; prime, $3@3.50; choice, $3@7; fancy, $8@ 13.50, as to quality.

FLAXSEED—Quiet at 85c.

HEMPSEED—Quiet at $2.50, pure test.

STOCK PEAS—Quotable at 45@55c per bu for white; 60@65c for whip-poor-will and 75@85c for white.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1.25 for prime in car lots; smaller lots, $1.20@1.25.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Firm. Sales, 5 cars desilverized at $2.90.

SPELTER—Salable at $3.75.

ON THE STREET.

NOTICE—Economy of space requires the omission of markets infrequently changed. Articles not quoted will therefore be noted as unchanged from their last preceding publication.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—An active demand for choice fruit and holders very firm in their views. Ben Davis, $2.50@2.75 for choice and $1.25@1.75 for fair; Genitins at $1.50@2; willow twig at $3@3.25 and winesap at $3@3.25; Eastern Greenings, $2@2.25.

STRAWBERRIES—Florida sold at 60@70c per quart.

ORANGES—Demand very fair. California Navels, $2.75@3.25 per box; seedling, $2@2.50; Mexican, $2.25@2.50.

MALAGA GRAPES—Now sell at $5@7 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady, but quiet. Apples—Evaporated ringy bright, 5@5½c per lb; dark, 3@ 4c; sun-dried quarters, 1¾@2½c; jelly stock, 1¾c. Peaches—Sun-dried, 1¼@1¾c.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Pears, $2.25@2.75 per 40-lb crate.

CRANBERRIES—Quiet. Cape Cod, $8 per bbls; Jersey, $6.50@7 per bbls, and $2@2.25 per box.

LEMONS—A fair movement for this season of the year. New Messina, fancy, $3.25@3.50; fair $2.75@3.

GRAPE FRUIT—California, $6@7 per box.

BANANAS—On order, 75c@$1.50 per bunch.

VEGETABLES.

LETTUCE—Louisana sold at $4@5 per bbl for choice.

STRING BEANS—Florida quotable at $4@4.50 per bu box for round and $3.50@4 for flat.

TOMATOES—Florida selling at $2.50@3 per 4-basket crate; California, $1.50@2 per 4-basket crate.

EGG PLANT—Sales at $1.50@2.50 per dozen for Florida.

CAULIFLOWER—California quotable at $2@3.50 per crate.

GREEN PEAS—Florida at $2.75@3.00 per bu box; California, $1.75@2 per 20-lb box.

ONIONS—Scarce and firm; choice to fancy red globe, 50@55c per bu; Weatherbird, 40@50c; damaged and inferior, 20@30c.

POTATOES—In good supply and slow demand. Northern—Early Ohio, 35c per bu; rose, 30@27c; peerless, 22@23c; Burbank and Hebron, 24@25c; New York rural and Burbank, 28@30c; home-grown, 20@25c; small and damaged less.

CABBAGE—Firm. Holland seed, $25@30 per ton; good to choice flat, $20@23; large, loose and frosted, $10@12; California, 1¾c per lb. On orders —Choice, $1.75@2 per crate; Holland seed, 3½c per lb; New Louisana daily at $1.25@1.50 per crate.

SAUERKRAUT—On orders, $2.50 per bbls and $1.50 per ½-barrel.

CUCUMBERS—Firm at $2.50@3.50 per bu box for Florida; fancy large hot-house, $3 per dozen.

BEETS—Choice on orders, $1 per bbl; new Southern, 50@60c per dozen bunches.

CELERY—Demand very good; Michigan small 10 @15c per doz; choice white plume 40@50c; fancy do, 75@90c; California, 60@75c.

CARROTS—Northern, $2@10 per ton; choice, on orders, $1.25 per bbl.

CELERY ROOTS—Selling at 30@40c per doz.

HORSERADISH—Home-grown, on orders, $3.25@ 3.50 per bbl.

TURNIPS—Home-grown, on orders, 75c@$1 per bbl.

PARSNIPS—Choice, on orders, $1.50@1.75 per bbl.

SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown, on orders, Bermuda, $3.50 per bbl; Nansemond, $1.75@2.

SPANISH ONIONS—Quiet at 65@75d per crate.

RUTABAGAS—Demand limited; Northern, 25c per bu delivered; on orders, 21 per bbl.

EGGS.

Receipts, 2,071 cases; shipments, 1,910 cases; steady. Sales at 11c dozen for fresh; inferior and stale stock dull at less.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Fancy grades selling fairly well, but all inferior stock dull.

CREAMERY.		PACKING STOCK.	
Extras	21	Good	7@ 9
Firsts	18@19	Low	4@ 5
Seconds	15@16	COUNTRY-PACKED.	
DAIRY.		Choice, even color	6@ 8
Extras	15@16	Low to fair	3@ 5
Firsts	12@13	LADLE-PACKED.	
Seconds	7@ 9	Extras	12@14
ROLL.		Firsts	10@12
Near-by choice	8@ 9	Seconds	7@ 9
do poor to fair	4@ 5	GREASE BUTTER.	
Northern, choice	12@14	Average receipts	3

CHEESE—Quiet.

Wisconsin—Full cream, twins, 9¼@10¼c; singles, 9¾@10¾c; Young America, 9¾@10¾c.

Illinois make—Twins, 7¾@7¾c; singles, 7¾@7¾c; Young America, 7¾@7¾c; brick, 11¼@ 12c; Limburger, 11¼@12c; Swiss, choice, 13@14c.

POULTRY, GAME AND VEALS.

DRESSED POULTRY—Supplies moderate and market showing improving tendency. Drawn, with heads and legs off, Turkeys, 11@11¼c per lb; chickens, 7¼@8¼c; old, 5½@6¼c; ducks, 9@10c; geese, 7@8c. Undrawn, with heads and legs on—Turkeys, 9½@10c; chickens, young, 7@7½c; old, 4½c; ducks, 8@9c; geese, 6@8c.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, light weight, 9¼c per lb; heavy gobblers, 8¼c. Chickens, drum: small, 9c per lb; average, 8½c; full chickens (2 lbs and less) 10c; old roosters, 4c. Ducks firm; 9@10½c per lb; small and thin, less. Geese weak, 5c per lb; plucked, 6c. Pigeons, 75c per doz.

GAME—Steady, but quiet. Demand fair. Ducks—Mallard, $4.25 per doz; teal, $2; redhead, $1.75; canvas-lope canvasses, 6@7c per lb; snipe, $1.75; rabbits, 75@80c; hares, less large, $1.25.

VEALS—Demand fair; choice to fat, 5½c per lb; fair to good, 4@4½c; heavy and poor stock, 3@3½c.

LAMBS—Choice, 5½@5¾c per lb; poor stock less.

SHEEP—Slow at 2@2½c per lb; bucks, 1@1½c.

ROASTING PIGS—Quiet at 75c@$1.25 per head.

NUTS.

PECANS—Dull. Texas, small to medium, 2½@ 3c per lb; choice, 3½c; fancy large more; Western, 2@2½c.

WALNUTS—Quiet, at 30c per bu.

HICKORY NUTS—Dull; shellbark at 20@25c per bu.

COCOANUTS—$34 per 1,000; $3.50 per 100.

PEANUTS—Quotable at 1¾@2½c per lb, up to 3@3½c for fancy.

CHESTNUTS—Quiet; Italian, 7@8c.

HAZELNUTS—Steady; salable at 1½c per lb.

HIDES, PELTS, FEATHERS, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—Receipts light and a better feeling manifest.

Round Prices.

Green salted, Western	5
Green salted, Arkansas and Southern	4½
Dry flint, choice	9½
Dry flint, average run	9
Dry flint, natives	9
Dry flint, Southern	8½@ 9
Dry salted	7
Glue stock, green and dry	2½@ 5½

On selection—

Green salted, No 1	5½
Green salted, No 2	4½
Dry flint, No 1	9½
Dry flint, No 2	8½
Dry salted, No 1	7½
Dry salted, No 2	6½

Uncured 1c and part cured ½c less; dry fallen 1c less than butcher stock.

TALLOW—Quiet. Prime in oil barrels, 3¾c per lb; average stock less, according to quality; No 2 and stock in irregular pkgs, 3@3¼c; cake, 4@4¼c.

GREASE—Brown, 2½c; yellow, 3½@4c; white, 3½c.

BEESWAX—Prime stock firm, 26c per lb.

DEERSKINS, ETC.—Deerskins firm at 22c per lb for prime—damaged half price; Texas about 1c less than prime; antelope, 12½c; goatskins, 10@25c each.

SHEEPSKINS—Firm. Green salted, long-wooled, 40@50c each; dry, 25@40c; smaller sizes and lambs, 25@35c; shearlings, green, 10@20c; dry, 5@15c.

FEATHERS—Demand very good. Prime white, live, small sacks, 41c; large sks, 39c; gray and quilly, 30c; white old, 31@33c; X, 27@30c; XX, 16@18c; XXX, 10@12c; XXXX, 7@8c; tare, 8@10c per cent. Chickens—Dry-picked, 27@29c. Duck—Dark, 20c; white, 23c. Turkey—Tail, prime, 45c; wing, 8c; wing and tail mixed, 9c; wing, tail and pointers, 8c; pointers, 2½c.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.35@2.75 per lb; seneca, 18@ 20c; lady slipper, 4c; golden seal, 16@17c; snake, 15@16c; white do, 7½c; bine flag, 4c; pink, 14c; May apple, 1½@2c; angelica, 2@3½c; bitter sweet bark, 4c; blood, 1½@2½c; golden thread, 7c; bark bitter root, 4c; blood, 1½@2½c; golden thread, 7c; butterfly, 5c; twin leaf, 5c; pleurisy fly, 3c; twin leaf, 3c; pleurisy root, 3½c.

FURS.

In ve., good demand, with receipts growing light.

Raccoon—		Broad stripe	15
No. 1 large	50	Tex. and Ter	15@ 45
No. 2 med'm	40	Civet cat	10@ 15
No. 2	25	Opossum	3@ 5
No. 3	15	Red fox	75@1.00
No. 4	07	Gray fox	10@ 45
Mink—		Muskrat	5@ 10
No. 1 large	90	Wildcat	10@ 25
No. 1 med'm	70	Otter	5.00@ 6.00
No. 2	50	Beaver	5.00@ 6.00
No. 3	25	Wolf, prairie	10@ 40
No. 4	10	Wolf, timber	10@ 1.00
Skunk—Black	70	Bear	2.00@ 15.00
Short stripe	.45@	Badger	50@ 75
Narrow stripe	.25@	House cat	10@ 15

WOOL.

Quiet and unchanged.

	Med. Clo & Comb.	Low and Braid.	Light Fine.	Heavy Fine.
Mo., Ill., etc	13@14½	12@13	10@11	8@ 9
Kn., Neb., etc	10@11½	8@ 9	8@10	6@ 7
Tx., Ark., etc	11@12½	10@11	9@11	6@ 8
Dk., Wy., etc	10@10½	8@10	8@10	6@ 7

Burry—Slightly, 3@5c less; hard, 5@7c less; Southern, 6½c. Sand, burry and shivey, 5c. Tub-washed—Choice, 20@20½c; fair, 18@19c; low, 13 @16c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

POP CORN—Steady, but quiet; mixed, 50@60c per 100 lbs; white, 75@85c; rice, 90c@$1.

HOPS—Dull. Quote nominally: New York, 7@ 10c; Pacific Coast, 8@9c; foreign, 25@30c.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 50@ 60c per 100 lbs. Old rope—No 1, $1.25; No 2, 50c. Old rubber, arctics out, $4.

BONES—Choice bleached firm at $17 per ton; partly bleached, $12@15; skippy, $10@12; junk and slaughter-house stock, $8@11.

SORGHUM—Quotable at 3c for scorched and inferior and 10c for choice.

SCRAP IRON AND METAL—Iron, wrought, 42½c per 100 lbs; heavy cast, steel and malleable, 27½c; stove plate and burnt, 20c. Brass, light, $3.50; heavy, $6.50. Copper, $8. Lead, $2.75. Zinc, $2.25. Pewter, 20@10.

CIDER—Choice sweet is quotable at $4 per bbl; inferior stock less.

COOPERSTUFFS—Shaved hoops, copper flour barrels, $3.00@$; country, $2.10@$; kiln-dried, $1.85; cut-lined elm, 8c; pork barrel, 6c; cut-lined hard wood, 10. Staves, flour barrel, $6.50@9.75; cuts, $2.00@ 3; half-barrel, $4@4.50; pork barrel, $1@; lard staves, $22; beer keg, $13@16. Heading, flour barrel, 9½c per set.

BROOM CORN—Steady; common, $18@20 per ton; fair, $22@30; good, $35@40; choice, $45@50.

BAGGING—On orders, 1¾-lb, 4c per lb; 2-lb, 4¼c; 2¼-lb, 5c. Jute line, 7½c. Twine, 9c.

COOPERAGE—Pure bbls, rough hoop, 29c; flat hoop, 25c; half bbls, 30c; meal bbls, 24½c; proof beer bbls, 29@30c; lard tcs, 95c; half tcs, 60c; pork bbls, 72½c; half bbls, 50c.

SPIRITS—Distillers' finished goods, $1.23 per gallon.

EMPTY BARRELS—Coal oil, 75c; vinegar, 70c; black oil, 45c; lard oil, 65c; linseed oil, 65c; sorgo, 12½@15c; whisky, 35c; half-barrels, 40c; wine, 35c; sauerkraut, 20c; pickle, 25c; barrels with broken staves or heads, 25c less.

SACKS—Burlaps—28-in or 7-lbs, per 1,000, $32.50; 66-in or 6-lbs, $31; 54-in or 5-lbs, $25.50; 50-in or 4-lbs, $25; 46-in, $22.50; 44-in, $21; 42-in or 3½-lbs, $19; 40-in or 3-lbs, $16.50; 36-in, $14.50; 30-in, $12.50; 24-in, $10.50; 22-in or 2-lbs, $9.50; 20-in, $8.50; 18-in, $7.50; 16-in, $6.50; 14-in, $5.50; 12-in or 1-lb, $4.50. Cotton—Standard, $1@1¼c per lb; 40-in, 6½c; 36-in, 6c; 30-in, 5

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEL OIL

Is unequalled for curing or preventing coughs, colds, grip, chills and pneumonia. Beware of imitations. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Send for pamphlet.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

SEVEN INFERNAL MACHINES.

Found in a House Formerly Tenanted by a Queer Couple.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Seven infernal machines of most approved pattern and evidently made by an ingenious mechanic, were found yesterday in the cellar of the unoccupied one-story house, No. 231 Central avenue, Brooklyn, by a young man named Schilling. He says that the house was formerly occupied by an Englishman named Brown, who never spoke to his neighbors. Finally Mrs. Brown left the house, and it was said that she had returned to England. Brown himself soon afterwards disappeared.

Schilling, after Brown left, made an investigation and found the clocks packed in a long case. That same day Mrs. Brown returned, looking for her husband. Schilling told her about the clocks, and she threw up her hands and said she did not care to hear anything further about those clocks. She left him hurriedly and has not been seen in the neighborhood since.

A Book for the Farmer.

The greatest book of the century for the farm and household, price considered, is the Post-Dispatch Almanac for 1896. All subjects pertaining to the farm and household of interest to either, are treated in a plain and comprehensive manner. Then there are other useful bits of information. Five hundred pages, 1,000 topics, 10,000 facts. Thirty pages are devoted especially to St. Louis. Price 25 cents.

WILLIAM K. SAILS TO-DAY.

Deferred Yachting Cruise Begun and Rumors Set at Rest.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Mr. Wm. K. Vanderbilt and his yachting party—a dozen or more gentlemen—left in a special car over the Coast Line from Jersey City at 9:15 p. m. Thursday to meet Mr. Vanderbilt's yacht Valiant. They were due to arrive at Yemassee, S. C., at 11 o'clock last night. The car will be taken to Port Royal, S. C., where the Valiant is awaiting Mr. Vanderbilt's arrival.

According to officers aboard, the Valiant will leave Port Royal this morning on a long cruise to the Mediterranean. The first stop will be at Madeira. From there the Valiant will go to Nice.

Mr. Vanderbilt's departure disposes of the rumor among his friends that he was contemplating an immediate marriage.

The annual statement of the Aetna Life Insurance Co., which appears in another column, indicates that the year 1895 was an unusually prosperous one. An improvement was made in every department of the company's business. It increased its new business in the life department over the year 1894 nearly $3,000,000; its insurance in force upwards of $4,000,000, and its assets $1,500,000. The business in the accident department was nearly doubled. From its surplus of over $6,500,000 above all liabilities the company has declared its usual increased dividend to its policy-holders. The official management, of which ex-Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley is at the head, and the numerous patrons of the company, may well feel proud of the success of the Aetna Life.

BATTLE OF SEA MONSTERS.

They Struggled Over Prey on a Piece of Wreckage.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—George Scott of Far Rockaway witnessed a battle between two walruses that were floating down the beach on a piece of wreckage Thursday last. The animals, which were as large as horses, with tusks almost two feet long, were eating an object that looked to be a large fish. The fight, he says, lasted a good ten minutes.

One started to swim ashore, but on seeing the men standing on the beach, he returned to his enemy, who was still eating the fish. Scott says they were both covered with blood, and it was the hardest battle he had ever witnessed. Their snarls and growls could be plainly heard on the shore.

To Denver and Cripple Creek

Take the "Burlington Route's" daily vestibuled train. Leaves Union Station 8:45 p. m. Through sleepers and chair cars to Colorado. Dining car for every meal. Ticket Office, S. W. Cor. Broadway and Olive st.

To Consolidate Copper Mines.

HOUSTON, Mich., Feb. 8.—Steps have been taken for the consolidation of the Huron, Isle Royal, Portage, Sheldon and Columbian copper mines near this place. These mines have been idle for several years and these properties will now be worked to their fullest capacity.

Nicotine Neutralized

MAIL POUCH TOBACCO

No Nerves Quaking
No Heart Palpitating
No Dyspeptic Aching
ANTI-NERVOUS
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

MEANS DEATH TO THE POOL ROOMS.

The Graziana Bill Will Close Them Up in Kentucky.

POPULAR WITH HORSEMEN.

If the Bill Becomes a Law Pool Selling, Except on a Race Track, Will Be a Felony.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 8.—It is the opinion of leading turfmen that the Graziana bill, which has recently passed the House, will be of much benefit to racing interests in Kentucky. The bill does not make pool-selling a felony, except where it is conducted outside of regular race tracks. Turfmen have contended for years that pool-rooms are injurious to legitimate racing, so that the bill as amended is meeting with the approval of the better class of turfmen throughout the State and the West.

The original Graziana bill prohibited pool-selling and bookmaking anywhere in the State of Kentucky, but an amendment was tacked onto it which permits betting inside of a race track. This will give the Blue-grass State a racing law similar to the one now in force in the State of Missouri. The only drawback to the Missouri law is the fact that it does not limit the racing season. At the next session of the State Legislature it is believed that effectual measures will be taken to suppress such gambling nuisances as Von der Ahe and Foster's outlawed "Jericho," which has been in operation at Sportsman's Park all winter.

The passage of the Graziana bill in Kentucky will suppress the poolroom pest at Covington and Louisville. The Covington poolroom men have for a long time seen that if circumstances did not force them to close the law would eventually. Nearly all of them have during the past couple of years looked about for other investments, so they would have some business when forced to retire.

The Simonton-Applegate faction bought out the controlling interest in Latonia, securing it for $200,000. The Sharp-Payne faction at the same time was after that track, bidding $160,000. When they failed to secure it they took up the Newport track project and put their money in that.

Track Results.

At San Francisco—Meadow Lark, Red Glenn, Peter Hi, Derfargilla and Levena C.

At New Orleans—Maurice, Anger, Chattanooga, Deck Behan, Tartarian and Cossack.

At Sportsman's Park—La Cigale, Watch Me, Trifacial, Rosa Simpson and Doncaster.

REGATTAS ON THE RIVER.

The Missouri Association Proposes to Give a Series of Them.

A proposition which seems to have had its origin with the Central Rowing Club has been made to the different rowing clubs of the city to have monthly regattas during the season now coming. The regattas will probably be under the management of the Missouri Amateur Rowing Association, and this body will be convened early this month to take hold of the idea in an official manner. There are six local clubs which should be able to make more aquatic sport if this plan avails this summer than the metropolis of the Mississippi Valley has ever had in the same space of time before.

The rowing club at Quincy is also a member of the Missouri Association and would come down and participate as often as possible. The plan has been very generally discussed in rowing circles in the past few days and meets with general approval.

It is considered quite likely that the association may give a regatta on the Fourth of July or some other midsummer date in Quincy, but the grand regatta of the year will be held at Creve Coeur Lake, and with the united efforts of all the clubs comprising the Missouri Association there is no reason why they could not make it a splendid success.

CHIEF CONSUL HOPE.

The Texas L. A. W. Official on His Way to Baltimore.

Chief Consul E. W. Hope of the Texas L. A. W. arrived in St. Louis this morning from his home in Sherman. Mr. Hope is on his way to Baltimore to attend the National Assembly of the L. A. W. and he will proceed East to-night. Vice-Consul Charles Culmore of Houston, Tex., is expected to arrive during the day. Mr. Culmore is the manager of the Houston Daily Express.

Chief Consul Hope is serving his sixth term in office and this will be the third National Assembly he has attended. Mr. Hope and Vice-Consul Culmore both favor the re-election of President Archibald Willison.

They will also vote to hold the next assembly at Louisville. The L. A. W. has a membership of 250 in Texas and the State has a riding population of several thousand. According to Mr. Hope, the L. A. W. membership will show a great increase at the end of the year.

ST. LOUIS WILL MISS HIM.

Ehret Says Pietz Is the Best Catcher in the League.

"Heine Peitz is the best catcher in the National League," says Pitcher "Red" Ehret, who is on his way to Hot Springs. "His only weakness is that he is a little slow after he goes to bases, but in everything else I think he is without a peer. He can backstop any kind of pitching without a passed ball, and as for throwing he has the best of them at his mercy. Why, he has thrown out good base runners on second on wild pitches and slow-pitched balls. He doesn't throw them down to the second baseman five or six feet to one side, or on the ground or up in the air and expect the second baseman to get them. If he doesn't put the ball right at the proper spot every time he thinks he is off. He just whips them down on a line. With such a second baseman as McPhee to take them in stolen bases while he is behind the bat are sure to be few and far between. He can hit the ball as hard as Clemens, Robinson or any of the hard-hitting catchers, and he'll hit it in a pinch with the very best of them. At the home plate he is a stone wall. Those feet-first sliders won't make him back away from the plate. He'll stay up there and let them roll all over him. He is an ideal catcher."

Stannard Gets Inspiration.

Sam Stannard, the St. Louis dog fancier, has just made a valuable addition to his kennel of collies, having secured Inspiration, by champion Christopher, out of Happy Thought. Inspiration is only eleven months old and has a coat of hair nine inches long. His brother won the American Collie Club championship trophy at the New York show last year and Stannard's bitch, Lady Gay, took it away from him later on in the Chicago bench show. Inspiration will compete in the collie class at the coming St. Louis bench show.

ALEXANDER'S RANCH.

Stuart's Carnival May Take Place on Mexican Soil.

The latest information from Texas regarding the proposed pugilistic carnival is to the effect that it will be brought off on the estate of Dr. Alexander, a retired army officer, who has one of the finest grape vineyards in Mexico, located four miles west of El Paso. The Alexander estate consists of 4,000 acres, part of which is located on the disputed international boundary line, and is not yet under the jurisdiction of either the United States or Mexico. Dr. Alexander is said to have no objections to the carnival taking place on his estate and his eldest son is said to be a silent partner of Stuart in the whole venture.

The reports from the South continue to tell of the arrangements now being made to suppress the carnival. Gov. Ahumada of Chihuahua is said to be more determined than ever that the fights shall not take place on Mexican soil and will stop them by force, if necessary. From Austin, Tex., it is learned that Adjutant General Mabry has ordered the Texas Rangers to move nearer to El Paso, so as to be in readiness for instant service.

Delegate Catron's bill, prohibiting prize fighting in the District of Columbia or any Territory in the United States, reached the President Friday and was immediately signed by the Chief Executive. Catron is satisfied that it was Stuart's original intention to pull the carnival off in New Mexico.

LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Hartford, Conn.

MORGAN G. BULKELEY, President.

JANUARY 1, 1896.

Assets, January 1, 1896	$43,560,087.78
Liabilities to Policy-holders, reserve and all other claims	37,047,352.29
Payments to Policy-holders in 1895	4,661,463.12
Surplus as to Policy-holders, January 1, 1896	6,512,685.44
Premium receipts in 1895	5,198,685.57
Interest receipts in 1895	1,780,647.53
Total receipts in 1895	6,924,333.10
Life, Endowment and Term Policies issued and revived in 1895, 10,445. Insuring	20,744,280.00
Life, Endowment and Term Insurance in force January 1, 1896	140,027,260.94
Accident Insurance in force January 1, 1896	57,347,350.00
Paid Policy-holders since organization	95,199,150.57

E. A. P. HAYNES, General Agent,
204 and 205 Odd Fellows' Hall, St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN C. BARROWS, General Agent,
Accident Department, 418-419 Security Building.

MAHER AND FITZ.

New Mexico Authorities Have Them Under Surveillance.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 8.—Gov. Thornton of New Mexico, Sheriff Ascarte of Donna Anna County, which is just across the New Mexican line, and a number of deputy sheriffs, are now here. Their object in coming is to keep a careful watch upon the movements of Maher and Fitzsimmons to see that they do not cross into the Territory to fight. The New Mexican authorities say they will arrest the pugilists if any attempt is made to pull off the fight on their side of the dividing line.

Western Missouri League

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., Feb. 8.—Players are trying to arrange for a base ball league for the coming season to be composed of teams from each of the following places: Kansas City, Moberly, Carrollton, Onick and Excelsior Springs. This being the central point the diamond field would be here and all games would be played here.

Brooklyn Challenge Accepted.

At last night's meeting of the St. Louis Bowling Association the challenge of the Brooklyn Linden Graves was accepted and, over 50 per cent of the guarantee was subscribed immediately. A series of ten-pin matches will be rolled late in March.

Sporting Notes.

Charles Smith, a Cincinnati pitcher, has been signed for the Dubuque (Ia.) club by Manager Harry Raymond.

The New York base ball fans are protesting vigorously against Jack Doyle. They don't want him on the team.

Pitcher William J. Hart's signed contract was received at the base ball headquarters Friday.

Pitcher Wood, who was with the Atlanta (Ga.) team in the Southern League last season, has been signed by St. Louis.

Tartarian beat Mark S. in a selling race at New Orleans Friday, and C. M. Barrow, the owner of the latter, "boosted" Ryan's sprinter $300 over his entered price.

"Pittsburg Phil's" Derfargilla, backed from evens down to 1 to 2, won a five-furlong dash from Dan Honig's Lizzie H. at San Francisco Friday.

Daddy Reed was disqualified in the first race at Sportsman's Park for fouling La Cigale, and Tannhauser was set back for being five pounds short of weight.

Jerome Kehoe will meet W. H. Clearwater at 125 balls continuous pool for $1,000 a side. The match will be played in Pittsburg within two months.

Georgia won the big interstate cocking main which was finished at Houston, Tex., Friday. At least $1,000 was bet on the deciding fight.

The athletic association of the Missouri State University has repudiated Manager H. T. Cory's action in withdrawing from the Western Foot Ball League.

George Green, better known as Young Corbett, defeated Dannie Needham in an eight-round battle fought at San Francisco last night.

TO FIGHT THE TRUST.

Zinc Producers of the Joplin District Will Build a Smelter.

JOPLIN, Mo., Feb. 8.—The formation of a zinc trust and a notice that some smelting furnaces are to be closed to give the trust control of the price and production of ore, regardless of the price of spelter, has caused the revival of an old project. The land owners and zinc producers here will start a smelter and sell to it all their ore at a price regulated by the market price of spelter.

When the scheme was proposed several years ago, the Missouri Pacific bought twenty acres here as a site for the furnace. A committee of local capitalists who were to St. Louis this week say that the Missouri Pacific has promised to give this land to the new smelting company and to complete its line from the Pittsburg (Kan.) coal fields.

COLUMBIA'S HIGH SCHOOL.

Citizens Decide at a Special Meeting Not to Build It.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Feb. 8.—The proposition to erect a $25,000 high school was defeated at the polls by a large majority yesterday. The first election three years ago resulted in a big victory for the new school promoters, but another election was ordered on a technicality. The proposition was defeated by so narrow a margin that a third election was held yesterday.

The high school scheme was opposed by three private academies, which feared for their own interests, and was favored by the State University officials.

RAILROADS MUST EXPLAIN

Why the Corn Rates From Kansas to the Gulf Were Raised.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 8.—The State Board of Railroad Commissioners to-day sent a second letter to the railroads relating to the corn rates to the Gulf. The roads are ordered to produce at once evidence why the rate was raised on the penalty that the case will be appealed to the United States Interstate Commerce Commission.

A Slight Cold, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate relief.

EDISON IS INTERESTED.

He Will Make An Endeavor to Photograph a Man's Brain.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 8.—Thos. A. Edison, who has been experimenting for several days with Crooke's tubes as applied in Prof. Roentgen's cathode photography, will try to photograph a man's brain, giving the plate an exposure of one hour. Crooke's tubes, which have previously been made only in Paris and have been costly, are being made in the Edison laboratory in West Orange, and Mr. Edison says that his tubes, manufactured on the same principles, give as good satisfaction as the Crooke tubes. He says that he will soon try to make the tubes of celluloid, which offers less resistance to the cathode. He believes it will not be long before the apparatus for cathode will be so cheapened that any amateur may photograph invisible objects at a small cost.

Located a Bullet.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Feb. 8.—The experiments with cathode photography applied to surgery are being carried on at McGill University with great success. The professors have experimented on Tolson Cunning, who had been shot in the left leg about Christmas. The bullet had not been located and the man suffered intense pain. The wound had closed up. The leg was photographed, and, though it took forty-five minutes, the bullet was found.

February 11th the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway will sell tickets at very low rates. For further information call at 103 North Broadway or at ticket office, Union Station.

WAGES AS A CONVICT.

Ezekiel Phillips Wants $5,400 for Not Doing Hard Labor.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 8.—Ezekiel Phillips of Mattoon yesterday filed a claim with the State Claims Commissioner for $5,400 as wages earned while he was a convict in Chester Penitentiary.

Phillips killed Charles Dutchland in 1876 and was sentenced to "hard labor" in the penitentiary for life. For fifteen years prior to his pardon by Gov. Altgeld in 1893, Phillips was gate-keeper at Chester Prison and his attorney holds that this was not "hard labor," but an easy, appointive office.

Colorado Is Booming.

The Wabash has sleepers to Denver without change.

WILLIAM FLOYD-JONES.

An Old Time New York Merchant Succumbs to Pneumonia.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—William Floyd-Jones of Massapequa, L. I., aged 81, died of pneumonia at the Park Avenue Hotel.

Forty years ago Mr. Floyd-Jones was a leading merchant of this city. He was the second son of Gen. Thomas Floyd-Jones and a brother of the late Lieut.-Gov. David R. Floyd-Jones, and of the late Hon. Elbert Floyd-Jones.

He leaves five sons and two married daughters. The interment will be in the family cemetery near Grace Church, Massapequa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething softens the gums and allays all pain. 25c.

REV. TAULBEE'S TROUBLES.

He Brings Suit in Oklahoma for Divorce From His Wife.

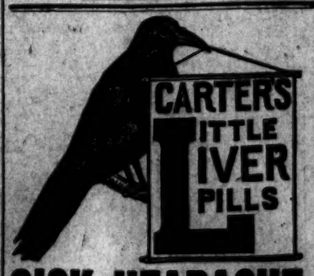
PERRY, O. T., Feb. 8.—Rev. J. M. Taulbee, formerly presiding elder of the Methodist Church of Covington, Ky., has sued his wife, Sallie C. Taulbee, for divorce. Rev. Taulbee charges the defendant with neglecting him in that she wined and dined other men in his absence. He also charges her with selling his property and running away with another man.

Muscular pains, eruptions, burns and all skin affections cured by Greve's Ointment.

Parker's Hair Balsam is life to the hair.

15-Year-Old Widow Weds.

BROWNVILLE, Ky., Feb. 8.—A marriage license was issued to B. F. Heath and Mrs. Mary C. Miller, aged 15. Mrs. Miller's name was Hardin, and she was first married at the age of 14.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

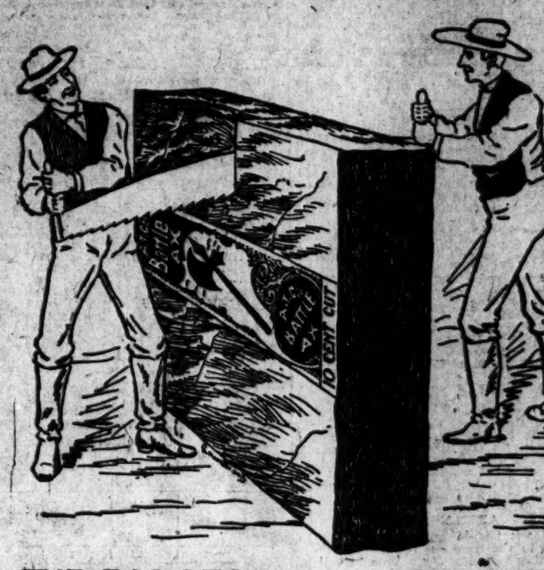
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

$25 OVERCOATS AND SUITS $12.50
ALL OTHER GOODS AT COST FOR CASH
Humphrey's

"A GOOD TALE WILL BEAR TELLING TWICE." USE SAPOLIO! USE

SAPOLIO



THE BIGGEST YOU EVER SAW

Battle Ax PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents and The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents

DR. BROWN'S GOOD NAME.

He Defends Himself Against Old and Exploded Charges.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 8.—Rev. C. O. Brown, the Congregational minister who accused Mrs. Davidson of blackmail, is making a determined fight to preserve his reputation.

Ever since the exposure of Mrs. Davidson and her charges against Rev. Dr. Brown he, in asking his congregation not to judge him hastily, has referred to his spotless reputation.

A newspaper which has been printing sensational charges against Mr. Brown yesterday alleged that he had been tried by a council at Rochester, Mich.

To-day Dr. Brown relates the history of his trial in Rochester. He says that Rev. John Armstrong, a Methodist minister in a neighboring town, actuated by jealousy, wrote anonymous letters accusing Brown of improper acts. Dr. Brown says he was triumphantly acquitted and that the person who was exposed as the author of the letters was later caught in the act of stealing money from a merchant who was his most intimate friend. The council met March 10 and 11, 1879, and included the most eminent Congregational ministers of Michigan.

Low Rate Excursions.

Tuesdays, Feb. 11 and March 10, the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAL and IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell excursion tickets to certain points in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Texas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Arizona, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia and Florida at HALF RATES (plus $2.00) for the round trip. For further information call on or address City Ticket Agent of above lines, or Ticket Agent, Union Station.

MAY BORROW $3,000,000.

Permission Granted Receivers of a Farm Machinery Company.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Justice Furstman of this city has permitted Seymour Van Santvoord and Danforth Geer, receivers of the Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machine Co. of Hoosick Falls, to borrow $3,000,000 on receivers' certificates to work up raw material and to finish machines already in process of manufacture on foreign orders. The company will resume operations shortly.

There is over $2,000,000 worth of raw material on hand and the company has orders that aggregate over $6,000,000.

V.-P.—Vandalia-Pennsylvania. Limited trains—no extra fare.

CURRENCY REFORM.

Mr. Balfour Says National Prosperity Is Bound Up in It.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Replying to-day to a deputation representing agricultural interests, the First Lord of the Treasury, Mr. A. F. Balfour, informed his visitors that the Government was preparing various measures for the relief of the agricultural classes. Mr. Balfour also stated that it was his personal conviction that agriculture suffered doubly, owing to the present condition of the currency, and expressed his personal belief that the reduced prices were largely due to the artificial appreciation of gold and, secondly, to the artificial advantage given the producer in silver-using countries over the producers in gold-using countries. The obstacles to reform did not come from abroad, they were to be found at home. Therefore, it was desirable to impress upon the powerful interests opposing it how much the national and individual prosperity was bound up in currency reforms.

IMPEACHMENT ACTION

May Be Instituted Against Assistant Secretary Hamlin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 8.—The Chronicle says: The alleged interference of Assistant Secretary Hamlin of the Treasury Department in the trial of Capt. Healy, ex-commander of the revenue cutter Bear, will, it is said, result in serious charges being filed against him at Washington in the near future.

It is not unlikely that resolutions may be introduced in Congress with a view of impeaching Mr. Hamlin for alleged attempt to prejudice against Capt. Healy the special court of inquiry before whom he has been on trial during the past three weeks.

Vastly Superior

To anything heretofore produced in the way of railway equipment are the elegant new compartment cars just placed in service in the "Diamond Special" of the Vandalia and Illinois Central lines between St. Louis and Chicago.

F. C. Turner.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Feb. 8.—F. C. Turner died at an early hour this morning. He had large real estate interests and was director in a bank, and was otherwise interested in the city's financial affairs.

Owl Car Time Table.

Call at Post-Dispatch office and get a time-table of the owl cars on every street car line in the city; in convenient form for the vest pocket.

JAMS

3 Kinds..... Strawberry, Raspberry, Damson. One pound tins. One price, 10c

3 Stores..... 620 Locust St. 2712 Franklin Av. 4470 Delmar Blvd.

3 Telephones..... Down-Town, Up-Town, West End.

CONRAD'S

Get February Price List.

THE LIVING PLAN!
OF THE ONLY M'NICHOL.

I asked my little son last week,
Who said at school he had to speak,
What was it he should try to say—
He says, "I'll talk on weekly pay."
"What benefits arise to those
Who fight for fuel, light and clothes
In this eternal war and strife,
For what humanity calls Life."

And, now I say, my son was right;
McNichol's plan has proved a light
By which we see a pathway clear,
Not loaded down with debt each year;
To workingmen each dollar counts,
And though he can't save large amounts,
He can if he's a frugal man
Live well on the Installment plan.

He'll get a home, he never thought
Could be on such conditions bought;
Rich furniture and carpets rare,
Rugs, portieres, dishes, stove or chair;
Without a load of heavy debt,
Which he is bound to soon regret;
He'll make a home of aspect nice,
And never feel the coaxing price.

And now is just the time to try
This plan if one intends to buy
Before the busy season comes,
When traffic loudly roars and hums.
McNichol sells his goods first cost
Just now to make up what is lost;
Don't wait for money in your purse,
Perhaps delay has been your curse.

Everybody, anybody, can buy. Only try it, and see.

(Trade-Mark) THE ONLY M'NICHOL,
1015, 1022, 1024 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—Do not think of inferior goods. Here you will get the best made. Furniture, carpets, curtains, bedding, lamps, clocks, dishes, pictures, kitchen and laundry ware, refrigerators, baby carriages, bric-a-brac, couches, stoves, ranges, etc., etc. The lowest prices and easiest terms you ever know. THE ONLY M'NICHOL.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Frank Ratliff, residing at Keyser, North Carolina, under date of June 10, 1895, says: "I was troubled with dyspepsia and my physician gave me Ripans Tabules and now I can eat all I want and it does not hurt me like it used to. I think they are good medicine. You can use my name if you want to."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (60 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

TRIPLE MURDERER HANGED.

Benjamin Ratcliffe Killed a School Board in Colorado.

CANON CITY, Colo., Feb. 8.—Benjamin Ratcliffe was hanged at the penitentiary at 8:05 o'clock last night. The execution was witnessed by a few persons invited, the prison officials and physicians.

Prompted by a desire for revenge, Ratcliff deliberately shot down in the school-house at Jefferson, Park County, May 6, 1895, the three members of the School Board, Samuel Taylor, Lincoln F. McCurdy and George D. Wyatt. The cause due to the circulation of reports of the trouble was the circulation of reports of alleged criminal intimacy between Ratcliff and his motherless daughter, a girl of 15. These stories Ratcliff attributed to McCurdy. He also had a fancied grievance against the other members of the board over the location of the school-house.

FR. FITZGERALD SENTENCED.

Given Ten Years in Auburn for Second Degree Arson.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Rev. Fr. John M. Fitzgerald, recently convicted of arson in the second degree, was to-day sentenced to ten years confinement in State prison at Auburn.

Fr. Fitzgerald affirmed his innocence, denied that he had ever committed or instigated any one to the crime.

If you want a sure relief for the back, side, chest use an

Allcock's Porous Plaster

BEAR IN MIND—Not a host of counterfeits and imitations but one that is as good as the genuine.

HENRY A. MOTT, Ph. D., C. S., late Government Chemist, certifies:

"My investigation of Allcock's Porous Plaster shows the ingredients to be valuable and essential ingredients and found in any other plaster I find it important to state that these same valuable ingredients are not found in any other plaster."